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VOL. XVIII NO. 229— BOMBAY SATURDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1930. PRICE ONE ANNA

LORD IRWIN ISSUES NINTH ORDINANCE.

Drastic Offensive Against Congress

FRESH ENGINE OF REPRESSION

Property of "Unlawful" Bodies To Be Occupied

POWER TO CONFISCATE MOVEABLE PROPERTY

SIMLA, Oct. 10.

Named the Unlawful Association Ordinance. His Excellency the Viceroy has promulgated a ninth Ordinance To enable the local Governments to take effective measures for the occupation of Immovable property and for the forfeiture of moveable property used for the purpose of any Association declared unlawful.—A. P.

VICEROY'S GREAT ANXIETY TO SAVE INNOCENT PERSONS !

The Viceroy has promulgated Ordinance No. IX of 1930 called the Unlawful Association Ordinance 1930 to make further provision against associations dangerous to the public peace. The statement explaining the reasons for enacting it runs:—

"The Civil Disobedience movement has now been in progress for nearly six months. During that period its authors and supporters have done their utmost to subvert the Government as by law established and to propagate a spirit of defiance of constituted authority.

"INCITING PEOPLE."

They have incited ignorant and credulous people to open and organized breaches of the law and have instigated them to refuse payment of public dues. They have attempted to undermine the loyalty of the Army and the Police and have been the cause directly or indirectly of numerous outbreaks of violence.

MUCH LOSS CAUSED.

Its leaders have deliberately rejected the way of constitutional representation which lay open to them and have expressed their determination to continue their lawless actions to the utmost of their ability. The movement has already been responsible for much loss of life and property and has inflicted grave financial injuries on many thousands of innocent persons, the vast majority of whom are Indians and have been forced against their will to submit to the methods of coercion and intimidation employed.

A 'MISCHIEVOUS PROGRAMME'.

In view of the declared intention of the Congress to cause still greater damage and suffering to the public, I have considered it my duty to take such further powers as in the opinion of my Government will assist in checking the activities of various organisations through which effect is being given to the mischievous programme of Civil Disobedience movement and other subversive movements.

It has been represented to me and my Government that the provisions of the Criminal Law Amendment Act (Act No. XIV of 1908) are defective in so far as they do not enable possession to be taken of buildings and other property used for purposes of an association that has been declared to be unlawful under the Act.

AIMED AT GUJARAT.

In some parts of the country and more particularly in districts of Gujarat associations have established their headquarters in towns and villages from which supporters of Civil Disobedience movement carry on their pernicious activities, and seek to persuade the ignorant to defy the law and to refuse payment of Government dues.

In these circumstances I have thought it right to promulgate an Ordinance which will enable the local Governments to take effective measures for the occupation of immoveable property and for the forfeiture in certain conditions of moveable property used for the purpose of any association declared to be unlawful under the Criminal Law Amendment Act.

ANXIETY TO DO JUSTICE.

It is not my desire or that of my Government in so far as this may be avoided without detriment to the public and general interests which it is the purpose of the Ordinance to protect, that unnecessary loss should be caused to individuals who may have disposed of their properties to organisations connected with Civil Disobedience and other subversive movements and are not themselves supporters of these movements.

MORE GRACE.

With this object in view, I have caused to be issued to local Governments Executive instructions which provide for grant as a matter of grace of reasonable compensation to any persons who has suffered loss from occupation or forfeiture of his property and in regard to whom there is satisfactory ground for belief that he has not given direct or indirect support to the movement with which

(Continued on page 19.)

WAR ON CONGRESS IN PANVEL TALUKA

—:o:—

75 Persons Arrested

Uran To Form New "War Council".

(From A Correspondent.)

URAN, Oct. 8.

In the wake of the Government order declaring Congress organisations illegal in the Kolaba District there have been an orgy of arrests. No less than 75 persons connected with the non-violent activities of the Congress have been arrested in the Panvel Taluka alone.

Fifteen arrests have been made in Uran to-day. Sjt. Madhukar V. Mahatre, the Dictator, Sjt. B. R. Adhikari, Secretary and Sjt. D. B. Mahatre, Captain of the Volunteers, who formed the "War Council" are among the arrested. Twelve others who are arrested are all young men, below the age of 25. The arrested persons have been taken away to Panvel for holding the trial.

In the meantime a new "War Council" is being formed and attempts are made to continue the publication of the "Congress Patrika". The boycott movement here is very intensive, and not a single article of foreign manufacture can be had in the bazar.

Demonstration Against R. T. C.

—:o:—

DE VALERA'S SYMPATHY

LONDON, Oct. 9.

Mr. De Valera in the course of his reply, declining the invitation of the London branch of the Indian National Congress to join the projected demonstration against the Round Table Conference, expresses every sympathy with Indians, but says: "I am hardly a "persona grata" with the British people and I do not think my advocacy of your cause will be helpful." He advises the Congress authorities to enlist the assistance of any friends they may have in Britain, and offers to assist in bringing the facts of the situation before the people of Ireland.

The London Congress Secretary has replied, thanking Mr. De Valera and says that there are hardly any British "friends," as Mr. De Valera suggests, on whom the Congress can really rely for the honest advocacy of India's complete independence. He hopes to be able to arrange later to open a "rousing campaign" in Ireland."—Reuter.

VIRAR'S TRIBUTE TO BHAGAT SINGH.

—:o:—

(Through Thana D. C. C. Satyagraha Mandal.)

VIRAR, Oct. 9.

A public meeting was held on the 9th instant under the auspices of the Thana District Satyagraha Camp at Virar to condemn the sentences of Sardar Bhagat Singh and his comrades, when Dr. Dinkarrao Galvankar presided and Mr. Shamrao Patil, Mr. Ram Khilavan shukla, Mr. Vasudeo Samart and Mr. Karulkar addressed.

VIRAR SATYAGRAHIS JAILED.

(Through Thana D. C. C. Satyagraha Mandal.)

VIRAR, Oct. 9.

Sjts. Manaji Damodar Pawar, Swami Nath Mishra, Mardan Ahmed, Rajenna Subanna Shetti, all volunteers of Thana District Satyagraha Camp, were tried before the First Class Magistrate, Bassein, and were sentenced to a fine of Rs. 50 each or two months' simple imprisonment, in default under Section 65 of the Police Act.

Sjt. B. S. Randive, a Camp volunteer, was arrested at Virar liquor shop under Section 39 of the Police Act.

AFRIDI'S INSIST ON GIVING MANDATE

—:o:—

To Delegates To Jirga

MORE DISCUSSION TO TAKE PLACE

SIMLA, Oct. 10.

The convening of the Afridi Jirga appears likely to be delayed owing to insistence on the part of the hostile element that all representatives must give an undertaking not to depart from the terms which the hostile party may think proper to impose upon Government.

The leading hostile mullahs are also believed to have announced that no Jirga will be allowed to leave Maidan until further discussion amongst themselves has taken place.—A. P.

REDUCING MORTALITY DURING CHILD-BIRTH.

—:o:—

Britain's Maternity Service.

1£ A Week For Sexagerians?

LONDON, Oct. 9.

Mr. Arthur Henderson, at the Labour Conference, announced that Government meant to evolve a national maternity service to reduce mortality during childbirth.

The Conference voted for pensions of a pound per week at the age of 60.—Reuter.

Loyalty Of 17 States To Brazilian Govt.

—:o:—

Rugby.—The Brasilian Embassy in London in a communication to the Press regarding the revolt in Brazil, states that official information has been received that Rio de Janeiro, Santa Pulo and all 17 States are loyal to Government and are quiet. "Brazilian Government have issued a note in which they have fully explained the real situation and give assurance that the country can have entire confidence in prompt and sure measures taken by Government along with absolute discipline and loyalty of the Federal forces to dominate the movement."—B. O. W.

Karachi, Oct. 10.—Aviators Chabot and Pickthrone, bound for Australia made a forced landing at Lingah this afternoon.—A. P.

Singapore.—Matthews has crashed between Bangkonk and Singora.—Reuter.

LARGE GOVERNMENT FORCES CONVERGING ON BARDOLI

Important Developments Pending

PADDY READY FOR HARVEST

SURAT, Oct. 10.

Another batch of the "Kitchner Army" numberig 125 arrived at Surat this morning from Poona and were received by the D. I. G., Mr. Shillidy and other local police officers.

A party of 200 policemen today left for Bardoli. Mr. Samson, Superintendent of Police, Surat, left for Bardoli yesterday. Paddy is ready for harvest in Bardoli Taluka.

It is reported that Bardoli people are removing crops from adjoining Indian States. Important developments are expected in Bardoli and Jalalpore Talukas.—A. P.

LATHI BLOWS TO PROFESSOR.

—:o:—

Students' Condemnation.

"BREEDING UNREST AND RETALIATION."

LAHORE, October 10.

Students of D. A. V. College have passed resolutions condemning the action of police in "Rushing into the class room of Professor Syar and giving lathi blows to the professor and students", and expressing the opinion that such police action would breed unrest and spirit of retaliation among youth.

The resolutions have been forwarded to the Governor.—A. P.

15-YEARS OLD BOY ARRESTED

—:o:—

His Elder Brother Awaits Trial

SURAT, Oct. 10.

Hitendra, the fifteen year old son of Kanaiyalal Desai, (President of the Surat District Congress Committee) is reported to have been arrested to-day at Olpad under Section 117 I. P. C.

Mr. Kanaiyalal's eldest son was arrested some days ago and is awaiting trial in jail.—A. P.

Another Victim Of Press Ordinance

—:o:—

DELHI, Oct. 10.

The local Government has demanded security of Rs. 2,000 each from "Mahabir" (Urdu Hindi daily) and its press. Consequently both editions of the paper have ceased publication.—A. P.

PT. JAWAHARLAL NEHRU.

—:o:—

Not To Be Released Before Monday?

ALLAHABAD, October 10.

It is understood that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru who was expected to be released to-day from Naini Jail will not be released till the 13th instant when his term of imprisonment actually expires.—A. P.

Students Resent Arrest Of Their Professor.

—:o:—

LAHORE, October 10.

A large number of students of the Lahore College for Women absented themselves yesterday owing to the arrest of their Professor Miss Janak Kumari Zutshi for picketing colleges.—A. P.

LAHORE SENTENCES CONDEMNED

—:o:—

(From A Correspondent.)

MALKAPUR, Oct. 9.

Yesterday was the last day of the "Charkha Week" and hence a procession with yarn and Bhagat Singh's photo was taken out in the evening.

A largely attended meeting was held at night under the presidentship of Mrs. Kable. A resolution condemning the sentences passed on Bhagat Singh and his co-accused was unanimously passed.

MR. MEHER ALI TO OPEN SWADESHI BAZAR AT THANA.

—:o:—

(By Telephone.)

THANA, Oct. 11.

Under the auspices of the Thana Naga Prabhat Pheri Sangam a Swadeshi Bazar will be opened today (Saturday) at Thana at 4-30 p.m. by Mr. Meher Ali, G. O. C. of the Bombay National Militia.

CHEMBUR CONDEMNS LAHORE SENTENCES.

(Through Trombay Island Congress Committee.)

CHEMBUR, Oct. 10.

Under the auspices of the Trombay Island Congress Committee a public meeting was held to protest against the sentences in the Lahore Conspiracy case.

NEARLY 50 YOUNG MEN ROUNDED UP IN THE CITY

Sequel To Shooting Incident Opposite Police Station

ABANDONED CAR FOUND NEAR ANDHERI ?

Pettigara & Guider Hot On The Track of Assailants

There was a sensational sequel to the shooting affair at the Lamington Road Police Station on Friday evening when the Bombay C.I.D. simultaneously raided three places and detained in police custody twelve youths, all connected with the Youth League and Swatantra Bharat Sabha, on suspicion.

At about 6 p.m. a police party consisting of C. I. D. Inspector Chowdhary, Superintendent Guider and other officers raided a room in the Hanuman Terrace occupied by Mr. Umanath G. Phuthi, Secretary of the Swatantra Bharat Sabha.

3 HOURS' SEARCH.

For three hours the police searched the room, but nothing incriminating was found. The Hanuman Terrace is just opposite the Laminton Road Police Station where the shooting took place.

YOUTH LEAGUE SECRETARY ARRESTED.

About the same time the residence of Dr. Anandrao Koppikar at Panalal Terrace, Grant Road, was searched by the police. Mr. G. D. Koppikar, Secretary of the Bombay Youth and a member of the Swatantra Bharat Sabha was taken into police custody.

RAID ON CLOTH SHOP.

The third raid was carried out in the cloth shop of Messrs. Dutt and Co. at Surya Mahal, Thakurdwar.

ARRESTED PERONS.

At the Hanuman Terraces after the search was over, the police informed Sjt. U. G. Puthli, who it may be mentioned is a cousin of Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya, that he along with his roommates would have to be detained in police custody. Four other persons including two of his brothers and a servant were then marched to the Laminton Road, Police station.

They were:
Sjt. Ahobala Acharya,
Sjt. M. R. Shetty,
Sjt. Mangesh G. Puthli,
Sjt. Sadashiv G. Puthli,
Sjt. Umesh Shirali and
Thima, a boy servant.

SUSPICIOUS LONG HAIR.

The boy servant who has grown long hair came to be looked upon by the police with suspicion because it is stated that the assailant who shot at Sergeant Taylor had also long hair.

RELATIVES NOT ALLOWED TO SEE THEM.

At th Police station the youths were subjected to searching cross-examination. A relative of one of the arrested persons, who went to the station to make enquiries received the reply: "You can't see them. They won't be released till to-morow."

CAR DISCOVERED.

The police, it is understood have discovered a car at Andheri abandoned by the road side. The car bears the number X 8131 and it is stated that there were a few fired cartridges inside the car.

The police expect to make further arrests in the course of today in connection with the mystery.

Late in the night it is understood that the number of arrests in the city and suburbs number 50. The police officers investigating the case are reluctant to give any information to the press beyond the fact that their investigations are incomplete.

It is understood that Mr. Pettigara, Deputy Police Commissioner and Superintendent Guide have left the city on the track of the assailants.

SHOOTING INCIDENT OPPOSITE POLICE STATION

—:o:—

Sergeant Taylor And Wife Injured

Fourteen revolver shots are alleged to have been fired at Sergeant Taylor, his wife, and two friends, by some mysterious persons while they were about to enter the Lamington Road Police Station, Bombay, in the early hours of Friday. Fortunately, the shots missed the aim and the officer and his wife escaped with slight injuries.

The assailants, it is alleged, fired the shots from a sedan car parked just in front of the Lamington Road Police station. Three persons said to be be completely dressed in black garments were in the car. The chauffeur was at the wheel, while two others were seated behind the driver's seat. The shots came from the inside of the car.

At about 12-30 a.m. Sergeant Taylor with his wife and Mr. and Mrs. King returned from the Victoria Carnival in a car which drew up exactly opposite the entrance to the Lamington Road Police Station. Sergeant Taylor alighted from the car when a revolver shot whizzed past him. At first the sergeant thought that somebody was playing a practical joke on him with crackers. Later fourteen shots were aimed at the party one after another.

Mr. Taylor was hit by a bullet which only scratched his arm, while Mrs. Taylor was similarly slightly injured. The noise of the firing threw the locality into consternation and a large crowd was attracted to the spot. In the meanwhile, the assailants started their car and drove away at top-speed. Mr. King who was in Mr. Taylor's car tried to chase the assailants: but it appeared a bullet had punctured the tyres of the car.

The number of the absconding car X813 was noted, but next morning it was found that the number was faked. Car X813 was traced to Surat where it was owned by a private party.

Police investigations are in progress to solve the mystery and secure the assailants.

SJT. C. RAJAGOPALACHAR RELEASED

—:o:—

(Through Bellary Congress Committee.)

BELLARY, Oct. 10.

Sjt. Chakravarti Rajagopalachar was released from the local Central Jail this morning and met by the District Congress Committee, and the present acting Tamilnad, Sjts. Beldona, Bhimarao, leaders, addressed a public meeting. Many leaders in spite of the hot sun visited prisoners in Alipuram Jail and local Satyagraha Ashram.

"INDIA CONGRESS COPIES SINN FEIN."

—:o:—

"Daily Herald" Scared At Mr. Nariman's Statement.

LONDON, Oct. 10.

The "India Congress copies Sinn Fein," this is the "Daily Herald's" two column headline over Mr. K. F. Nariman's statement as regards the national arbitration courts proposal. In an editorial article the paper says the newest move of the Congress leaders is dangerous and provocative. In the face of it the Government's duty is plain. It must protect its citizens. On the other hand it should not allow itself to be goaded into any but "essential minimum of force."

The "News-Chronicle" expresses the opinion that the latest form of the Congress defiance "so exceedingly futile reveals that the Congress is still apparently convinced that the only way of helping India effectively is to annoy Government."—Reuter.

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The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 15th day of October to the 24th day of October, 1930, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
NARANDAS RAJARAM & CO.,
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Bombay, 11th October, 1930.

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NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of SANITARY INSPECTOR on 70—4—90 plus Rs. 10/- allowance.

Only those who have passed the Sanitary Surveyor's Examination IN ADDITION TO ACADEMICAL QUALIFICATIONS and have further practical experience of five years in big Municipalities need apply. A man with additional medical qualifications will be preferred. Must be active, strong and well conversant with his duties.

Apply with latest testimonials before the 8th November, 1930, to RANCHHODDAS B. SANGHVI, Esq., President, Ghatkoper-Kirol Municipality.
1771

THE SHOLAPUR SPINNING & WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a further EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company on SATURDAY, the 18th day of October, 1930, at 12 noon (S.T.) for the purpose of receiving a report of the proceedings of the Meeting held on the 3rd October, 1930 and of confirming same.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
LALUBHAI SAMALDAS,
Chairman.
Sudama House,
31, Sprott Road, Ballard Estate,
Bombay, 7th October, 1930.
1777

IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIAN COMPANIES' ACT VII OF 1913
and
IN THE MATTER OF ASOKA SWADESHI STORES, LTD.
(In Voluntary Liquidation.)

NOTICE.

—:o:—

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the GENERAL MEETING of the Share-Holders of the Company will be held on SATURDAY, the 11th October, 1930, at 11 a.m. (S. T.), at the Registered Office of the Company at Asoka Building, Princess Street, Bombay, to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Liquidator's Statement of Account for the year ending 30th June, 1930.

2. To fix the Liquidator's remuneration.

GOOLAMHUSSEIN B. SOMJI,
IDANMAL S. MARCHIJANI
Asoka Building,
Princess Street,
Bombay, 24-9-30.
1675

Public Notices

LECTURERS WANTED.

APPLICATIONS are INVITED for three lectures to be delivered during Nov.-Jan. at the Sassoon Mechanics' Institute on Scientific Literary and General Subjects treated in a popular manner preferably with lantern slides. Honorarium Rs. 50/- per lecture. Apply Hon. SECRETARY, 152, Esplanade Road.
E 1796

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

Consignees of Cargo per s. s "HAMBURG MARU" are hereby informed of the steamer's arrival on the 10th Oct. 1930 from Japan, Hongkong, Singapore, and Colombo and are requested to send their Bills of Lading to this office for countersignature without delay. No survey will be held on cargo in single gunny. Messrs. Ericson and Richards, the Marine Surveyors, will be attending Docks every morning to survey damages. Cargo removed from the Landing Shed or warehoused is not entitled to survey. The Bills for claims are to be sent to this office within one month from the date of Steamer's arrival otherwise they will not be entertained.

M. KOMADA, Manager.
Osaka Shosen Kaisha.

Tender.

NOTICE.

(1) SEALED TENDERS are invited for the construction of a School building and additions and alterations to the parochial house in the premises of the Holy Cross Church Kurla by the President of the Board of Kurla Church

(2) Tenders will be received by the President on or before the 17th inst till 6 p m The President is not bound to accept the lowest or any tender

(3) For particulars regarding plans, specifications tenders, deposits, etc., apply to:—

MESSRS. VAIDYA & Co.
Architects.
106-12, Cowasji Patel Street, Fort, Bombay.
1769

BANDRA MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED and will be received by the undersigned upto 4 p.m. on SATURDAY, the 18th October, 1930, for "Constructing a Public Urinal at Mangiane" at Bandra.

Tenderer must pay into the Municipal treasury "in cash" 1 per cent of the aggregate amount of the tender and should apply to the Municipal Engineer for further particulars.

(Sd.) E. B. GIMI,
B.A., B.Sc., B.E.,
Chief Officer.
Bandra Municipality.
Municipal Office.
Bandra, October 8th, 1930.
1787

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 3495 of 1919.

MANALAL BHAGIRATHDAS
a firm ..... Plaintiffs.
vs.
JAINARAYAN ANANTRAM
..... Defendant
and
RATANLAL JAINARAYEN.
a minor son, heir and legal representative of Jainarayan Anantram, residing at Khurza
..... Judgment Debtor.

To.

MUSAMAT CHOWLI, widow of Lala Parmeshridas Ranwalla.

TAKE NOTICE that the Plaintiffs have applied to have you Musamat Chowli or some other fit and proper person appointed as guardian-ad-litem of abovenamed minor Judgment debtor and the Court has fixed 17th October, 1930, for hearing the said application.

Dated this 9th day of October, 1930.

THAKOREDAS & CO.,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.
1792

Public Notices

NOTICE.

WE HEREBY NOTIFY that we have dispensed with the services of Mr. Vithal Vishnu Joshi, opposite Ambica Vijaya Coach Factory, Mahajani Lane, Baroda, as our agent on and from 29-9-30 forwards. Any transaction made by him on our behalf on and after the said date shall not be binding on us.

THE STANDARD COTTON & SILK WEAVING CO.,
Calicut.
1789

Legal Notices

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN that EBRAHIM HAJI JUSUB, of Bombay, Halal Memon Mahomedan Inhabitant, for self and as duly constituted and authorised manager of the estate of his lunatic brother Ahmed Haji Jusab has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our clients free from all incumbrances. All persons having or claiming any right, title, interest, property, claim, or demand in the said property or any part thereof whether by way of inheritance, bequest, gift, sale, mortgage, charge, lease, lien, residence, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make such right, title, interest, claim or demand known in writing within 14 days to the undersigned at their office at No. 15, Bell Lane, within the Fort in Bombay and to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal rates and taxes Bombay. Any claim not made known in writing as hereby required shall be deemed to have been waived and abandoned.

THE DESCRIPTION OF THE ABOVEMENTIONED PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Fazandari land or ground formerly consisting of two pieces now made into one with the messuages, tenements and building standing thereon situate, lying and being on the Western side of Abdul Rehman Street in the Registration District and Sub-District of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 139 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. ..... New No. 3153-3154, Old Survey No. ..... New Survey No. Part of 1944 Cadastral Survey No. 1200 of Bhuleshwar Division and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward No. 38-39 and 41 and street Nos. 204, 467 and 14, 206 and 15, Abdul Rehman Street and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the East by the said Abdul Rehman Street on or towards the West by the passage, on or towards the North by property of Alli Mahomed Cumroodin and on or towards the South by the property of Abdulally Noorbhoy Bandookwalla.

Dated this 10th day of October, 1930.

Messrs. JAMSEDJI RUSTOMJI & DEVIDAS,
Purchasers' Attorneys.
1783

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V. by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions, beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of ODHAVJI KANJI BHUTA, late of Bombay, Kapole Bania Hindu Inhabitant, a Civil Engineer and Architect, who till his death resided at Girgaum Back Road, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Deceased.

Bai GULAB, widow of Oodhavji Kanji Bhuta, of Bombay, Kapole Bania Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Girgaum Back Road, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Esq., Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, this Fourth day of October in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty, and in the Twenty-first year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court of Bombay

Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary and Senior Master.

(Sd.) H. A. VAKIL

The 4th day of October, 1930.
Messrs. KHANDWALLA & CHHOTALAL,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
1781

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. NOWROJI JAMSHEDJI MISTRY has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. Any person having any claim or interest in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease or otherwise howsoever, is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Ismail Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay and to the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground together with the messuage tenement dwelling house or Bungalow standing thereon situate, lying and being at Mouze Ambouli near Andheri in Pot Tukdi Bandra, Taluka Salsette, Bombay Suburban District, in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra, containing by admeasurement 1153 square yards or thereabouts being Plot No. 16 (c) of Town Planning Scheme Andheri No. II formerly bearing part of Survey Nos. 92, 93, and 120 and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the East by Public Road, on or towards the West by Plots Nos. 16(a) and 16(b) of the said Scheme belonging to Mr. Darwalla, on or towards the South by a Public Road and on or towards the North by Plot No. 13 now or late of Haji Noormahomed Allarakha.

Dated this 10th day of October, 1930.

A. B. SUTARIA,
For Messrs. Dastur Co.,
Purchasers Attorneys.
1785

NOTICE.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 1174 of 1930.

Rai Saheb NARAYENDAS SUNDERLAL RATHI, residing at Amraoti, the Manager and Karta of the undivided joint Hindu family, carrying on business at Kalbadevi Road, outside the Fort of Bombay, in the firm, name and style of Messrs. Saligram Narayendas by their Munim and constituted attorney Ramnarayen Jitmal Rathi ..... Plaintiff.

versus

(1) NARAYENDAS HARBHAGAT, (2) LACHHMINARAYEN NARAYENDAS and (3) VASUDEV NARAYENDAS, all members of a joint and undivided Hindu family, carrying on business under the name and style of Narayendas Kissondutt at Mandsaur in Gwalior State .... Defendants.

To

NARAYENDAS HARBHAGAT, LACHHMINARAYEN NARADAS, and
VASUDEV NARAYENDAS,
The 1st, 2nd and 3rd Defendants abovenamed.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the Plaintiff abovenamed has filed this suit against you to recover the sum of Rupees 9,161-4-0 with interest thereon at 10 annas per cent. per mensem from the 10th day of December, 1928, till Judgment, as per particulars annexed to the Plaint, costs of the suit and further interest on Judgment at 6 per cent. per annum till payment, and you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court on the 19th day of November, 1930, at 11 o'clock (S. T.) in the forenoon in person or by an Advocate duly instructed by an Attorney of this Honourable Court, and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the suit, you are hereby required to take notice that in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Dated this 10th day of October, 1930.

TYABJI DAYABHAI & CO.,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
1795

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Radically without Operation.
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Dr. N. L. BURMAN, SURAT.

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OF SILKY SOFT HAIR
PRIDE OF WOMAN
MAN ALWAYS ADMIRE.

C. K. Sen & Co., Ld. Calcutta.

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PAIN BALM (Regd.)

CAME, SAW and
CURED ALL BODILY ACHES and PAINS

Amrutanjan Depots,
BOMBAY and MADRAS.

What the People Say

PROPAGANDA AGAINST BOYCOTT COMMITTEE.

—:o:—

To The Editor of The "Chronicle."

Sir,—Of late considerable propaganda seems to be carried on by the European Agents of the Videshi Mills of Bombay, with a view to thwart the efforts of the Boycott Committee, in establishing true Swadeshi. "Racial distinction," "Unemployment," "Starvation," "Distress," "Trade Stagnation," are the different cries raised by Ratnoo Sonoo, J. K. Patel, and similar other supposed mill workers. Identical propaganda was carried on by the Millowners in the past when they were in the right and it bore fruit. Possibly thus encouraged by the preliminary success, attempts seem to be made to give their methods a further trial.

Misrepresentation of facts never succeeds. To-day an appeal seems to be issued to the public of Bombay by the Board of Deputation of the clerical staff of the E. D. Sassoon Mills. The point at issue between the Boycott Committee and the mill management is the question of giving an undertaking not to import foreign piecegoods. The Boycott Committee insists that if the management desire the ban on their mills to be removed, they should give the undertaking. The managements case as expressed in the above mentioned appeal is if the undertaking was powerless to stop the import of foreign cloth why insist upon it?" This seems to be a very funny argument. If cancer cannot be perfectly cured why try to treat it medically? If R 38 was smashed, where was the sense of building R-100 and R-101? Foreign exploitation is sapping the national strength in a manner canier sops a physical strength of a patient. What does the Boycott Committee demand of the E. D. Sassoon Mills? They call for a moral undertaking that they should not have any share in the foreign exploitation of India by importing foreign piecegoods in future. Such undertakings are not powerless as the Mill Agents seem to assume. The campaign of the boyuott of foreign cloth and British goods began with voluntary undertakings given by the foreign piecegoods merchants, chemists and druggists, dealers in motor accessories and various others. The foundation of the movement was laid with such undertakings and truly signifies the change of heart and spirit of the dealers to end once for all the foreign exploitation. It is simply because there is no change of heart on the part of the E. D. Sassoon Agents that they have been trying to raise a storm. True, they have not been importing foreign piecegoods at present. However their present attitude in refusing to give the required undertaking implies that they would at any opportune moment restart the import. By resisting the demand of the Boycott Committee which may rightly be termed the demand of the nation, the agents intend to stiffen and encourage opposition to the national movement from other quarters. Now they are exploiting their 400 clerks with threat of unemployment. One would have sympathised with their lot if they had been thrown out of employment owing to racial vindicativeness exhibited by their employers. They would have proved worthy of our praise if they had down tools demanding of their employers immediate compliance of the Boycott Committee's reasonable terms, if their services were to be retained. These are not ordinary times. "Service and sacrifice" for the country is the order of the day. The Board of Deputation who ever they be appear in the eyes of every trhe Indian as persons who are prepared to sell their own and their country's honohr to foreigners in return for a few morsels to keep themselves living patriots are made of sterner stuff.—Yours, etc.,

HOMI F. KAPADIA.

4th floor, Room No. 12,
Central Bank Building.

PETIT LIBRARY.

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I shall be much obliged by your publishing the following few lines in respect of Petit Library. I have read the letter of Mr. R. D. Baliwalla and that of "Fifty Years' Member."

The Library in fact is used by members as a club or an office. The reading tables are often found to be without any papers on them, as the same are taken away by members in lots of three and four copies and thus other members are deprived of their rights. This practice when done especially in foreign weeklies, rightly taxes one's patience as the papers are not returned on their proper table for hours together.

Also some members are often seen making use of chairs for resting their feet and rendering the same unfit for use.

I thank Mr. Dady Burjor for paying his attention to our long-standing grievances which were brought to his notice by us. What he has done for the benefit of the members he is sure to have their support in every way and it is futile to call his action as arbitrary.—Yours, etc.,

A MEMBER.

Bombay, Oct. 8.

THE BANNED MILLS.

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The persistent and false propaganda going on in connection with the banned textile mills requires an amount of attention from the public so as to avoid misunderstanding about the correct situation. Out of the 16 local mills that stand banned at present the largest group is that of Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co., comprising 11 mills, next to that the four mills of the Finlay group and one mill belonging to Messrs. Kilick Nixon. The simple condition as a preliminary to the removal of the ban was to sign an undertaking similar to one signed by the rest of the local mills which include the important European managed group of Messrs. W. H. Brady and Co., Messrs. Allen Bros. and Messrs. David Sassoon and the Japanese managed Mills of Toyo Podar.

The terms of the required undertaking are already well known to the public. Those of the mills which accepted there terms did not see anything dangerous in them. It is, therefore, an open secret which led others to refuse to sign it and get the ban removed. They consider it below their dignity to stoop to deal with, what they think, too insignificant a body of the local Boycott Committee. The terms of the Boycott Committee are nothing but conducive to their own interests and to the interests of this nation of which they must be proud. It is no use belittling the Boycott Committee or spreading fales reports deliberately to misguide the public.

As far as Messrs. E. D. Sassoon are concerned they admit that they are not concerned in importing either foreign yarn or foreign cloth and in regard to their foreign capital, the Boycott Committee were and are prepared to grant concession as a special case taking into consideration their long-standing relations with this country and also the large number of their mills. Those who hold the reins of the E. D. Sassoon group are neither against the legitimate aspirations of the Indian people. Why then have they shown an attitude capable of being construed as anti-national and instead of taking this opportunity of forming closer relations with those who are expected to be of valuable help to them in the hour of their need, have they taken a dangerous step by throwing out of employment almost all clerks and the workmen depending upon their mills? Apparently the underlying motive seems to be that these un-employed men would bring pressure on those concerned with the ban but they are. I must say, totally mistaken as this their step has resulted in swelling the ranks of the Congressmen instead of achieving the desired result.

The only wise course, therefore, for the E. D. Sassoons, worthy of their past reputation and for the other banned mills also, is to sign the undertaking unhesitatingly and to show that they do what they mean.—Yours, etc.,

Byculla Bridge,
October, 5.

N. B. PARULKAR.

MAHARASHTRAYA MANDAL POONA.

—:o:—

(PHYSICAL CULTURE INSTITUTE).

The 6th anniversary of the Maharashtreeya Mandal was celebrated on the 2nd of October 1930, under the presidentship of Mr. J. V. Bewoor, I.C.S., Postmaster-General to the Government of Bombay. The 'Tilak Band' of National Boyscouts was giving a melodious singing. There was a large and distinguished gathering present for the occasion. A good number of lady students from Karve University was also present. Mr. Perry, Collector of Poona, Mrs. Perry, Mr. Bakhale, Dept. P. M. G., Rao Saheb K. S. Dixit, Mrs. Varabai Shenade, Dr. Jejurikar, Mr. Mate, were some of the prominent persons. At the outset Mr. J. V. Karandikar, one of the founders, expressed his regret for the inability of the Mandal to give the display of games, which was due to the unexpected showers of heavy rains, and then he read some of the messages that were sent by some distinguished personages. Chief of Aundh Sir Hotson, Home Member, Mr. Macke, Commissioner C. D., Mr. Backet, Director of Public Instruction, Bombay, D. S. P., Poona were some of those that had sent their messages. After this Mr. Damale, the Secretary made his speech that he requested the President to distribute the prizes. About 40 students were awarded medals, 3 of whom were small girls. Mr. Bewoor, then made his speech After the presidential speech Dr. A. N. Jejurikar thanked the President and the Collector as well as other persons, for having obliged the Mandal by their august presence, and then garlanded the president. Mr. Damale then declared the following donations: (1) Mr. Khaitan, President, Chamber of Commerce, Calcutta Rs. 100; (2) Sule Rs. 100; (3) Prof. Apte Rs. 100; (4) Prof. L. B. Bhopatkar, books worth Rs. 125.

"JIVAN CHAKRA."

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I like to give some explanations in reply to a letter written by H. K. P. and published in your issue of the 6th instant. As to the defect complained of by the writer, of the string between the middle wheel and the spindle tightening and loosening occasionally, I may state that no such complaint has been received from any one of the hundreds of spinners of the Jivan Chakra No. "6" On the contrary, I have received from many of them opinions, that model No. 6 has achieved greater smoothness and steadiness in running. I guess in the case of the Jivan Chakra seen by H. K. P., the oscillations he has experienced may be due to a bent shaft of the main wheel as a result of bad handling in trans Otherwise there is no reason for the middle wheel to oscillate beyond about 1/16 of an inch.

With reference to the suggestion made by the correspondent about providing a spring to the big wheel instead of to the small wheel, the method is not advisable because the main wheel is fitted with the handle for driving, which should be in any case firm.

As regards the correspondent's complaint about the lack of arrangement for oiling, I have to state, that as very thin fibre bearings are used for light running, no holes could be drilled in the same, as in the case of the thick metal bearing. Half a drop of oil or a slight application of vaseline is all that is necessary after about 50 hours of running. The rolling of the Sudershan Charka of Bardoli, to which the correspondent refers, is due to the momentum which the heavy wheel could produce, but since a momentum is more obstructive than useful in a machine where the same is to be stopped and restarted every 5 to 7 seconds.

Referring to the word invention used regarding to the Jivan Chakra No. "6", it seems that the correspondent has not read the review in your paper properly, as I have nowhere claimed to be the inventor of a Chakra having two wheels. Neither I, nor, I believe, Mr. Vemawalla of Gandive Charkha could claim the invention. In 1921 your correspondent says, that the said Mr. Vemawalla originated the idea. I must say that in the same year not only I but also the Annapurna Cooker Coy. used the idea. There is nothing new in putting a counter wheel in a machine in the mechanical world.

My claim is only for the following inventions and not for a Charkha with two wheels, to which the correspondent has referred.

(1) Middle wheel mounted on a slide with spring for keeping main drive in constant tension.

(2) Their string bearing for spindle to lessen friction.

(3) Revolving spindle stand to avoid injuries by spindle.

(4) Sliding front for adjusting second drive and also the length of the Charkha.

There is no truth in saying that the Gandive Charkha gives as much work as the Jivan Charkha No. "6", neither is there any comparison between the two as regards materials, workmanship, finish and facilities, provided by the genuine inventions such as introduced in the Jivan Chakra No. "6", as described in your said review. The regularly increasing demand for the new model "6" is a true testimony of its usefulness. The cost of the Jivan Charka if higher fully repays the user by its manifold advantages.

I have sufficient testimonials to show that, J. C. No. 6 gives slightly more work than the Bardoli Charkha after a few days practice.—Yours, etc.,

PURUSHOTUM RUNCHHODDAS.

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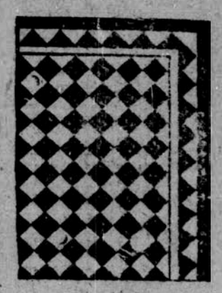

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Sir HARI SANKAR PAUL, Kt.
Mr. J. N. BASU, M.A., B.L., M.L.C
Rai BAHADUR SATISH CHANDRA CHAUDHURI of the Bengal Luxmi Cotton Mills Ltd.
Mr. S. BHATTACHERJEE, of the Bengal Luxmi Cotton Mills Ltd.
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Date.	Steamers.	Tons.
Dec.		
11th	COMORIN x	15,279
18th	KAISAR-I-HIND	11,518
25th	MALWA*	11,200
Nov.		
1st	RAJPUTANA	16,644
8th	NALDERA x	16,038
15th	RANPURA	16,601
22nd	MACEDONIA ¶	11,120
29th	MANTUA	10,946
Dec.		
6th	NARKUNDA *	16,572
13th	VICEROY OF INDIA	19,648
20th	RAWALPINDI x	16,697
27th	KAISAR-I-HIND	11,518
1931.		
Jan.		
3rd	MOOLTAN x	20,952
10th	RAJPUTANA	16,644
17th	RANCHI *	16,650
24th	RANPURA	16,601
31st	MALOJA x	20,837
Feb.		
7th	MANTUA	10,946
14th	COMORIN *	15,279
21st	VICEROY OF INDIA	19,648
28th	NALDERA x	16,088
Mar.		
7th	KAISAR-I-HIND @	11,518
14th	MACEDONIA †	11,120
21st	RANPURA @	16,601
28th	NARKUNDA x	16,572
Apl.		
4th	RANCHI @	16,650
9th	MOLDAVIA ‡	16,556
11th	MACEDONIA †	11,120
18th	Viceroy of India @	19,648
25th	MOOLTAN x	20,952
May		
2nd	KAISAR-I-HIND	11,518
9th	CHITRAL x	15,248
16th	MACEDONIA	11,129
23rd	MALOJA x	20,837
30th	MALWA	11,009

All sailings are subject to alteration without notice.

x Through from Australia.

* Through from China.

with limited accommodation for passengers from India.

‡ Extra steamer carrying 1st Saloon and 3rd Cabin passengers.

† To Marseilles only.

@ These steamers will call at MONACO after leaving Marseilles Passengers can be booked to Monaco the fares being those in force between Bombay and Marseilles.

NEW REDUCED FARES FROM BOMBAY TO EUROPE.
TO LONDON.

1st Saloon.

	A	B	C	D
Single	£82	£81	£73	£62
Return	151	144	136	108

2nd Saloon.

	A	B
Single	£56	£50
Return	98	88

TO MARSEILLES.
1st Saloon.

	A	B	C	D
Single	£84	£74	£66	£58
Return	147	130	116	102

2nd Saloon.

	A	B
Single	£52	£4
Return	£1	81

NEW THIRD CLASS CABIN FARES TO EUROPE.

	Single	Return
London	£30	£52
Marseilles	28	49

Return tickets home 3rd Cabin and out 1st or 2nd Saloon can be arranged.

OUTWARDS 1931.

The "MOLDAVIA", 16,542 tons, carrying first saloon and third cabin passengers leaves London 13th and Marseilles 20th March, due Bombay April 3rd.

The "Strathnaver", a new steamer of 21,100 tons will call at Bombay on her Outward voyage in October next year carrying First Saloon and Third Cabin passengers.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS
BOMBAY TO PORT SAID AND PLYMOUTH WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT PORT SUDAN, MALTA and/or TANGIER.

Date. About	Steamers.	Tons.
Nov.		
20th	DUMANA	8,437
Dec.		
11th	DOMALA	8,423
1931.		
Mar.		
26th	DUMANA	8,427
Apl.		
16th	DOMALA	8,423

SHIPPING.

These two vessels are "one class" ships. Fares as follows:—

Bombay to Plymouth.

	A	B	C
Single	£64	£60	£56
Return	£112	£105	£98

P. & O. SAILINGS TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

Date about		
Oct.		
10	Narkunda	Colombo and Australia.
18	Alipore	Straits, China and Japan.
24	Rawalpindi	Colombo, China and Japan.
24th	Razmak	Colombo
Nov.		
7	Mooltan	Colombo and Australia.
21	Ranchi	Colombo, China and Japan.
Dec.		
5	Maloja	Colombo and Australia.
19	Malwa	Colombo, China and Japan.
1931.		
Jan.		
2	Naldera	Colombo and Australia.
16	Malwa	Colombo, China and Japan
30	Narkunda	Colombo and Australia.
Feb.		
13	Rawalpindi	Colombo, China and Japan
27	Mooltan	Colombo and Australia.

*Cargo only

HOLIDAY EXCURSION TICKETS TO AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

Holiday Excursion Return Tickets can be issued in the First Saloon only. Period of availability 16 weeks, sailings approximately every month. Fares £74 to £100.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF, TUTICORIN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA AND RANGOON.

Oct.		
11th 9 a.m.	Chakla	Karachi via Porebunder Dwarka and C'Mandvi
13th 10 a.m.	Vita	Karachi via Porebunder Cu'ch Mandvi and Port Okha.
15th	Bankura	K'chi & Persian Gulf Ports.
17th	Varsova.	K'chi, Bushire, Mohammerah & Basrah.
22nd	Karagola	East and South Africa via Marmagoa and Scyhelles.

There will be sailings to Karachi on Wednesdays, Thurs.-Friday every week. The departure of the Karachi Gulf mail on Thursday or Friday is dependent upon the arrival of the inward English mail.

Local passengers for Karachi can only proceed by Thurs.-Friday sailings when accommodation is not required for passengers ex. the P. & O. Mail Steamers or through passengers to Basrah.

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage may be arranged with MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO., Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
O.S.K. Line

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN via SINGAPORE, HONGKONG & SHANGHAI.

Steamers.	Arrival.	Departure
Hamburg Maru	10th Oct.	19th Oct.
Havre Maru ..	25th Oct.	8th Nov
Borneo Maru ..	8th Nov.	20th Nov
Chunko Maru ..	24th Nov.	8th Dec

For particulars apply to:—
OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA, LIMITED
(Incorporated in Japan).
Phone Nos. 22150 and 25473
Telegrams:—"SHOSEN"
Box No. 858.

INCOME-TAX and SUPER-TAX

Statutory Statement Of Account Prepared, Audit of Books of Firms UNDERTAKEN,
B. L. THOSAR
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT
136-497, Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY.
Telephone No. 22927.

SHIPPING.

N. Y. K.
LINE.

FOR SINGAPORE, CHINA AND JAPAN.

Steamers.	Tons.	Arrive	Leave
Kaga Maru	5860	30 Sept.	12 Oct.
Hakusan Maru ..	10500	...	@21 Oct
*Malacca Maru ..	5374	16 Oct.	28 Oct.
Haruna Maru@	10500	...	4 Nov.
TangoMaru	6893	30 Oct.	13 Nov.
KamoMaru	8000	...	@19Nov
*Tottori Maru ..	5973	15 Nov.	27 Nov.
Katori Maru ..	10000	...	@2 Dec
*Yamagata Maru ..	3807	20 Nov.	2 Dec.
Iyo Maru.	5962	3 Nov.	14 Dec.
Kashima Maru ..	10000	...	@16Dec.

* Do not carry passengers.
(a) From Colombo.

FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON

Steamers	Tons	Leave Colombo	Arrive Marseilles.
Yasukuni Maru ..	12000	14 Oct.	30 Oct.
Hakone Maru ..	10500	29 Oct	15 Nov
Suwa Maru.	11 0..	13 Nov.	30 Nov.

FROM ORIENT TO SAN-FRANCISCO.

Steamers	Tons	From Hongkong	From Kobe
Tatsuta Maru ..	22000	30 Oct	5 Nov
Asama Maru ..	22000	20 Nov.	26 Nov.
Chichibu Maru ..	22000	11 Dec.	17 Dec.

Others are Orient-Seattle South-American (East and West Coast) and Japan, Australia Services.
Reduced combined through fares.
Cheapest Round the World Tour rates and other fares, full particulars on which are furnished on application to:
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,
Canada Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.
Phone No. 20279 and 20788
Telegrams: "YUSEN".

GONOKIN
CURES GONORRHOEA

Superior to Santal, Cedar, etc., over 20,000 leading Doctors attest that it is a never failing cure for:

GONORRHOEA

No matter how acute, chronic and complicated, complete cure without relapse is possible with Gonokin tablets. It carries its germ destroying effects into the finest wrinkles of the pores of the mucous membrane, attacking the Gonococci by reason of its strong power of penetration and finally destroying the millions of hidden Gonococci, until the patient is cured at last.

Dr. C. V. SUBBA RAO, Medical Officer, Bellamkonda, Guntur Dt., reports:—

"I have used Gonokin tablets on a few patients suffering from chronic Gonorrhoea and I should say that it is better than many other remedies in the market for that disease as it positively cures."

Packed in bottles of 50 tablets. Order now from Messrs. Chimanlal Vadilal and Co., Princess Street, Bombay, or through your nearest dealer.

FREE Special "Medical Booklet" and genuine certificates from doctors.

Write at once to:
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Hornby Road, P. B. 996, Bombay.

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DIARY-1931

360 pages—one day a page
Apply with Four Annas postage stamps
Rajvaidya Narayanji Keshavji,
177, Harison Road, Calcutta.

BANKING.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

BANKERS TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

Authorised Capital	Rs. 11,25,00,000
Paid-up Capital	Rs. 5,62,50,000
Reserve Fund	Rs. 5,37,50,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	Rs. 5,62,50,000

BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED ON TERMS WHICH MAY BE ASCERTAINED ON APPLICATION AT ANY OFFICE.

BRANCHES THROUGHOUT INDIA & BURMA

Bombay Local Head Office, Apollo Street.
Local Branches: Byculla, Mandvi and Sandhurst Road.

Bank of India, Ltd.

Established 7th September 1906. (Incorporated under the Indian Companys' Act VII of 1850.)
Head Office:
Oriental Buildings, Bombay.
BRANCHES: Bullion Exchange (Shaik Memon Street, Bombay), Poona, Bandra, Calcutta and Ahmedabad.
London Agents:
The Westminster Bank Ltd.

	Rs.
Capital Subscribed	2,00,00,000
Capital Paid-up	1,00,00,000
Reserved Fund	90,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
From 25th December to 25th June interest is allowed at 2-1/2 per cent. on daily balance of Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000. From 25th June to 25th December interest is allowed at 2 per cent. on daily balance. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened. Rules may be obtained on application.

A. G. GRAY,
Manager.

Bank of Baroda Ltd.

Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H. the Maharaja Gaekwar.
(Registered under the Baroda Companies' Act III of 1897.)

	Rs.
Capital Subscribed ...	60.00.000
Capital Called-up ...	30,00.000
Reserve Fund	24,15,000

HEAD OFFICE:
MANDVI, BARDOA.
BRANCHES:
Ahmedabad, Bhavnagar, Navsari Mehsana, Surat, Bombay, Dabhoi, Petlad Patan, Sidhpur, Amreli, Kallol, Dwarka, Kadi Karjan and Port Okha.
DIRECTORS:
Sir Lalubhai Samaldas, Kt., C.I.E., (Chairman),
Seth Durgaprasad Shambhuprasad Laskari (Mill Agent), Ahmedabad).
Bhaskarao V. Mehta, Esq., M.A., LL.B.
Maganlal H. Kantavala, Esq., M.A., (Agent). The Maharaja Mills Co., Ltd., Baroda.
R. B. Govindbhai Hathibhai Desai, Late Naib Dewan, Baroda.
Mr. Manilal B. Nanavati, B.A., LL.B., M.A. (Penn.), Sur Suba, Baroda State, Baroda.
Raja Ratna Bhailal Rajibhai Amin, B.A., M.S.C.I., Managing Agent, Alembic Chemical Works Ld., Baroda.
Sheth Bansukhbhai Mofatlal of the Shorock Mills Ltd., Ahmedabad.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed on daily balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of Rs. 2-1/2 per cent. per annum from 1st January to 30th June, and at 2 per cent. from 1st July to 31st December, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 3 per half year will be allowed.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.
The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.
The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon. It also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stock, at moderate charge, particulars of which may be learnt on application.
SAVINGS BANK.
Deposits received and interest allowed at 2-1/2 per cent. per annum.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Sums of Rs. 300 and over accepted at 4 per cent. by transfer from Savings Bank accounts subject to three months' notice of withdrawal. Rules on application.

C. E. RANDLE,
General Manager.

The Union Bank of India, Ltd.

HEAD OFFICE:—Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

Capital paid up	Rs. 39,90,000
Reserve Fund	Rs. 7,00,000

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 3 per cent p. a. from January to June and 2-1/2 per cent p.a. from July to Derember on daily balances.
FIXED DEPOSITS for long and short periods received on favourable terms.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened. Interest allowed at 3-1/2 per cent p.a. on daily balance Withdrawals allowed twice a week. Operations by cheques allowed.
ADVANCES MADE on approved securities.
All kinds of Banking business transacted.

Yokohama Specie Bank Limited.

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.
(ESTABLISHED 1890.)

	Yen.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	100,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	100,000,000
RESERVE FUND	111,000,000

BRANCHES.

Alexandria	Karachi	Jansie
Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	London	Seattle
Buenos Aires	Los Angeles	Singapore
Calcutta	Lyons	Shimonosar
Canton	Manila	Sourabaya
Changchun	Marunouchi (Tokio)	San Francisco
Dairen	Nagasaki	Samarang
Fengtien	Newchwang	Shanghai
Hamburg	New York	Sydney
Hankow	Nagoya	Tientsan
Harbin	Osaka	Tokyo
Hongkong	Pekin	Tsinan
Honolulu	Rangoon	Tsingtau
Kai Yuan	Rol de Janeiro	Vladivostock

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half yearly interest is not less than Rs. 6.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

K. YABUKI,
Manager.

SPECIAL CORKS

for Boot Cream Bottles, Ink Pots and other articles and Pots for Ointments etc. are now made in India, and known as

TOPALL PACKING MATERIALS

GANN BROTHERS,
Topall Works, Lucknow.

CHOICE WINTER FLOWER SEEDS

Aster, Pansy, Balsam, Dahlia, Zinnia, Carnation, Nasturtiam, Sweetpea, Salvia, Portulaca, Sunflower, Candytuft, Cosmea, Dianthus, Larkspur, etc., annas 4 per packet. 10 packets Rs. 2. Aster-comet, Carnation, Cosmea, Larkspur, Pansy and Sweetpea in separate colours. Price from annas 8 to Re. 1-4 per packet. Please book your order for Rose Grafts, Crotons and Palms. Catalogue free on request.

SHAW & CO., Nurserymen.
Post Box 7818, Calcutta.

INSURANCE.

The Nineteenth Triennial Division of Profits OF THE

ORIENTAL

INDIA'S GREATEST LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

falls to be made as at 31st December, 1930
Surplus disclosed at Three Previous Valuations.
1921 Rs. 21 1/2 Lakhs. 1924 Rs. 53 1/3 Lakhs. 1927 Rs. 78 Lakhs.
Bonuses declared on Whole Life Policies per Annum
1921 Rs. 10 per 1000. 1924 Rs. 22 1/2 per 1000

1927 Rs. 25 per 1000 per Annum.

Participating Policies effected in the current Year will be entitled to participate in the Division of Profits if in force as at 31st December, 1933.

THEREFORE IT WILL PAY YOU TO BECOME AN ORIENTAL POLICYHOLDER NOW.

REPRESENTATIVES EVERYWHERE.

FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO:—
H. EDWIN JONES, F.F.A., A.I.A.,
MANAGER, ORIENTAL BLDGS., BOMBAY.

THE INDIA PROVIDENT Co., Ltd

25% of the Premium refunded as Bonus,
Funds about Rs. 4½ Lakhs.

The Safest Office for Life Insurance for the poor. Premium Rs. 1 and As. 8 per month. Active and Honest Agents required on liberal remuneration. Apply at once to Messrs. R. M. DIVADKAR & Co. Chief Agents, Mazgaon, Bombay, 10.

Have you Tried

ULCERINE (regd.)—The greatest harmless antiseptic Ulcer healer ever manufactured in India. Without operation cures Fistula, Piles, Foul sores Senuses, Poisonous boils, all skin diseases. It also plays miracle in operated wounds. Ask for Free Booklet KEMP & CO., Charni Road, Bombay.

100% Successful

New Scientific
Electric Treatment for
GONORRHOEA
Stricture &
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No Pain. No Shocks.

Rapid improvements guaranteed. No case is too chronic to yield to this treatment. Strict Privacy Guaranteed.

VAIDYA & Co.
Original Electric
Treatment Department,
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Enclose half anna stamp for medical opinions.

BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND LTD.

(Established 1876).
23-25 Hummum Street, Fort.
Above Messrs. Warden & Co.
Funded Capital Rs. 2,87,300.
Investments in Government and Approved Securities only.

Perfect economy in management. The supervision as to Rates, Mortality, Investigations and valuation was entrusted to an experienced European Actuary.

The object is to make provisions for the widows of subscribers to a monthly pension from Rs. 5 to Rs. 50 without distinction of caste or creed. Rates of subscription are very moderate. 30 per cent. surrender value in case the wife pre-deceased. Twelve months' grace if occupation is lost.

25 per cent. Commission to Canvassers on first 12 months' subscription.

For details apply for a copy of Rules to:—
GAJANAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

A SAFE and Satisfying
A Perfect and Pleasing
Tonic

THE ATANK NIGRAH PILLS

Rupee ONE for a Tin (32 Pills).
Atank Nigrah Pharmacy,
JAMNAGAR, (Kathiawar.)

Bombay Branch:—
Kalbadevi Road.

Let your Body and Brain Be Refreshed

by using
ZANDU'S
Draksha-Asava

Aridvikarishta-Sharangdhar M. Ch. 10.

A Delicious and Remarkable Remedy

Why Remain Fatigued and Depressed? Why not try from to-day?

That Acts At Once

ZANDU'S
Draksha-Asava

The Well-known Body and Brain Refresher

Avoid Substitutes

ZANDU
Pharmaceutical Works Limited.
Sayani Road, BOMBAY 14

Selling Depot: Old Bhatia Mahajanwadi Kalbadevi, BOMBAY 2

Price list of Ayurvedic preparations on application.

REGINA
HAIR RESTORER.
For Restoring Grey or Fading Hair to its Natural Colour.
NOT A DYE
Shake the bottle thoroughly, and apply by means of a brush or sponge, rubbing well into the roots of the hair daily, until desired depth of colour is obtained. Afterwards it is only necessary to apply every few days.
REGINA TROCHIPAL HAIR RESTORER does not stain the skin or the pillow-case.
KEEPS AGE AT BAY.
M. T. MADON & Co.,
Crawford Market, — BOMBAY.

SLIMOIDS FOR OBESITY CURES SLIMOIDS

ITS DANGERS
The digestive organs of those suffering from Obesity or over stoutness do not function properly. Instead of assimilating and coverting the natural fats into nourishing and vigour producing elements, superfluous fatty tissue is permitted to accumulate. This accumulation impedes the action of the various organs, causing loss of vim and energy, quickness and shortness of breath on the least exertion, palpita and other affections of the heart, headaches, constipation, foul breath, kidney troubles, and other disorders.

ITS INCONVENIENCE
In these days of tennis, golf, and other out-door sports, the over-stout are at a grave disadvantage.
At Dances too, the stout person cannot move with that ease and grace so fully enjoyed by those less fleshy.
And in many other ways during every day life, those suffering from Obesity, through their enforced in-activity, are unable to extract the full enjoyment of life.

ITS CURE
"SLIMOIDS"
"SLIMOIDS" are a combination of harmless ingredients scientifically prepared, and possessing properties unequalled for the speedy absorption of adipose tissue.
"SLIMOIDS" are convenient in form and pleasant to take. Rs. 1-12-0 per Bottle.
One should be taken after every meal and at bedtime, and should be followed by a draught of water.
Sole Distributors :—
The Trochipal Pharmaceutical Co., England.
Sold by all well-known Chemists OR
Tel. Add. "THOUGHTS." M. T. MADON & Co., Crawford Market, Corner Shop, BOMBAY. Phone No 22628.

TUNOCITO
Vegetable Laxative Pills.
Constipation causes the poisonous germs and bacteria of the bowels to be absorbed by the blood, causing
DEPRESSION INDIGESTION
BILIOUSNESS DYSPEPSIA
SICK HEADACHE FLATULENCY, Etc.
TUNOCITO
Vegetable Laxative Pills
are a compound of rare medicinal herbs, roots, etc., which, taken as directed, produce a natural action of the bowels, remove the poisons from the system, and so create vigour and vitality.
NATURE'S TONIC.
M. T. MADON & Co.,
Crawford Market, — BOMBAY.

NERVINUS
(WITH GOLD).
AN AMAZING ELIXIR OF LIFE indicated in LASSITUDE; TROPICAL Debility; DYSPEPSIA; KIDNEY and LIVER TROUBLES, ANAEMIA; BLOOD IMPURITIES Sexual or Seminal weakness, Loss of flesh, female disorders, etc. Month's use bottle Rs. 5; Ext., Musk Liniment for Local Weakness Rs. 2-8. Both together Rs. 7. Guaranteed Harmless. V. P. charges extra. Dr. N. Massey Ahmedabad:—It did much good where other remedies failed. Mr. H. Carter, Bombay:—Your Nervinus is splendid quite a marvel. S. Lone, Esq., Rangoon:—I cannot live without Nervinus. Behar Chemical Works, Shree Gauranga Bhavan, Bhagalpur Branch, Mihijan Telegraphic Address: "CHEMISTS"—BHAGALPUR, or from:—Thomson & Taylor, Ltd. and Treacher & Co., Bombay, Konkar Bros. & Co., Poona and Pandit Shah & Co., Ahmedabad.

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GOLD, SILVER & PRECIOUS STONE JEWELS.
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A Cyclopaedia For Rs. 3
TEN BOOKS—All useful—incorporated into one handy volume—that is the Illustrated Indian Cyclopaedia. It deals with all important subjects and gives in a small compass, gist of information, such as can only be obtained, after extensive literary research. "Swarajya" calls it A Mine of Information; the Bombay "Chronicle" says: "it is a useful store-house of Information."
The "Hindustan Times" opines that no library, private or public, can be considered complete without this book.
And the "Tribune" declares that it will be welcomed by young students hungering for information about this and that. You can have this book for Rs. 3, only from Mr. P. T. CHANDRA, 10, Bharat Buildings, Lahore.

WOMEN'S MEETING AT ADYAR.

—:o:—

Appeal For Support To Swadeshi.

MADRAS, October 6.

Under the auspices of the Women's Indian Association a largely attended public meeting was held yesterday evening under the banyan tree in the Theosophical Society's headquarters, Adyar, when speeches were made by prominent ladies on the women's movement and the work before them.

Mrs. Ammu Swaminathan presided. After referring to the work of the Women's Indian Association on behalf of the women of India, the speaker made a fervent appeal to those present to support the Swadeshi movement. It might be, she said, that some persons would find it difficult to be absolutely Swadeshi in their purchases, but she appealed to them at least to wear Swadeshi clothing. They should all wear pure Khaddar and if that was not possible they should buy clothes made in India. They could buy silk, spun and woven in the country if they found khaddar coarse. It was their duty to see that no raw cotton was exported from the country. During her tour in Northern India she found that the movement had taken a stronghold on the public and she hoped that Madras would not lag behind.

Mrs. Bhagirathi Ammal next referred to the necessity of giving proper training to the children of the land so that they might become good and useful citizens of the motherland. The present educational system and the ways in which children were brought up in their homes were very defective and the speaker appealed to the educated women of the country to study this problem carefully and formulate a good scheme of education.

Miss Robertson of New Zealand who has come to India as a representative of the New Zealand-India League next conveyed to the meeting the cordial greetings of the women of New Zealand to the women of India. She said that she had come as a nominal representative of the league whose object was to study conditions in India and promote a sympathetic understanding between the two countries. She next pointed out the great contrasts between the two countries. Though New Zealand was a small dominion, she said that it had achieved many great things. They were the first in the world to give to women political rights and university degrees. They had there the best system of child welfare which other countries were adopting and they were leaders in labour legislation. New Zealand was now the richest country in the world. The people there took a keen interest in Indian affairs and had great admiration for the wonderful culture of India. The speaker, in conclusion, assured the audience that the feeling of affection and sympathy towards India would greatly increase with greater knowledge of Indian conditions.

Mrs. Alamelumangathayarammal spoke at length on the evils of drink and appealed to the women present to promote the cause of prohibition.

Mrs. M. E. Cousins appealed for more membership for the Women's Indian Association and proposed a vote of thanks to the speakers.

The gathering then dispersed.—"Hindu."

CHILD REFORM.

—:o:—

Dr. Muthulakshmi Reddi's Lecture.

MADRAS, October 6.

Under the auspices of the Georgetown Non-Brahmin Social Club, Dr. S. Muthulakshmi Reddi delivered a lecture on "Child Reform" yesterday at the Brahmo Samaj Mandir, Georgetown, with Mr. George Joseph in the chair.

She enumerated the steps taken by Governments in England, Germany, Italy, Denmark and other places in solving the problem of child reform and appealed to the youth of the country to help in passing such measures. She said that in India, people had not thought about this subject very much. The Corporation and the Red Cross Society were doing their bit towards child and maternity welfare. In all progressive countries of the world, children claimed the foremost attention of the State as well as the society because they were the future citizens. There were legislative measures there to ensure the health and safety of mothers. She referred to the benefits conferred by the Maternity and Child Welfare Act and the notification of the British Act and the Medical Inspection Act. The Madras Children's Act, the speaker said, was very inadequate. Then again, in the West, they had Provision of Meals Act by which all poor boys and girls were given meals by municipal corporations. In Germany, the State had appointed a Board of Guardians to look after all the destitute children. Such supervision over the boys, the speaker continued, would go a great way in minimising the number of juvenile offenders and raising the morale of the society.

The lecturer said that all such reforms were to be found in almost every country in the West and she exhorted the youths of this country to try and help the State to pass such legislation. There were many destitute children in Madras and most of them were beggars. This state of things ought not to be allowed to continue. They must have a properly conducted orphanage for such children. She said that if the youth of this country were to help in this direction they would be really serving their country.

The Chairman said that in European countries there was a general tendency for all social reforms to proceed on a legislative basis. There was a time in this country when the father was looking after the whole family. But under modern conditions the family had proved unequal to the task of looking after the children either through incompetence, laziness, poverty or original sin. Therefore, the only alternative they could think of was the State. The State by itself could not fulfil the task and it was up to the youths to see that the State was guided in the right direction by proper men and women being represented in the Legislatures.

With a vote of thanks, the meeting terminated.—"Hindu."

SIMON'S AMERICAN IMPRESSIONS.

—:o:—

New York's Fine Architecture.

Sir John Simon arrived at Liverpool from New York.

"During our excursions members of the English Bar managed to get four or five golf matches. I happened to be the captain of the Bar Association Golf Club this year, not because I am a good golfer but because I am an ancient. We managed to win a match and draw two out of five," said Sir John in an interview.

Sir John was high in his praise of American building methods. "The New York style of architecture," he said, "so contemptuously spoken of as skyscrapers has been developed into a most beautiful mode of construction. I consider the outlines of those immensely tall buildings to be very fine indeed, and in the sunset they look like the beautiful hills around Rio de Janeiro. I wonder when London will start to build veritcally instead of horizontally. At one lunch in New York we were on the fifty-fourth storey of a building."

After commenting on the remarkable progress of Canadian cities Sir John concluded: "After all is said and done the old country is the best."

WORLD RECOVERY OF TRADE.

—:o:—

Britain "Unlikely To Get Fair Share."

—:o:—

A probability that Britain would not fully share in the world recovery of trade due to follow the present slump was made by Professor J. H. Jones, Professor of Economics and head of the Commerce Department of Leeds University, speaking at a conference of the Industrial Copartnership Association at Leeds.

For this country, he said, the downward trend of world prices since 1924 was a more important phenomenon than the slump in trade which, in the trade cycle, would be followed in the near future by world recovery. Until wages had been adjusted to the gold standard and the requirements of existing world conditions he saw no hope that British industry would receive its full share in the coming boom.

GOLD STANDARD WAGES URGED.

Rationalisation, which was a defensive rather than an attacking movement, might prevent the further growth of continuing unemployment, but it would not make much impression upon the million who were unemployed before the present cyclical depression set in. Until wages had been adjusted to fit the transition from a paper standard to a gold standard and the world fall in prices he saw no hope of the restoration of British industry beyond the stage it had reached before the present depression.

ACTION AGAINST MR. H. G. WELLS.

—:o:—

Alleged Plagiarisation.

The Appeal Court of Ontario has reserved judgment in the long-drawn-out action of Mrs. Florence Deeks, a Canadian authoress, for $500,000 (£100,000) against Mr. H. G. Wells for alleged plagiarisation by the latter in his book "An Outline of History."

Mrs. Deeks is the authoress of an unpublished book, "The Web," and she alleged that parts of the manuscript transmitted to a firm of publishers were used by Mr. Wells in his "World History."

The defendant denied all knowledge of the plaintiff's manuscript, and the presiding Judge, in summing up, said that it was not necessary to hear an argument by the defence, thus intimating the tenor of the judgment which will be delivered a fortnight hence.

NANKING GOVERNMENT & FOREIGN LOANS.

—:o:—

Repudiation Move.

The National Government announced in Mail Week that all loan agreements or contracts between the Northern Coalition and any foreign Power, or foreign or Chinese corporation, or individual, would not be recognised by the National Government.

The announcement also declares that the sale of any valuables in the palaces of the Forbidden City at Peking would be regarded as illegal.

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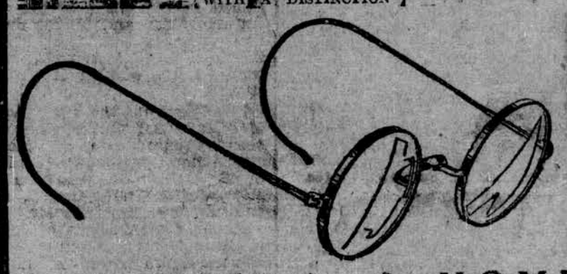

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CHOLERA CURED BY ONE DOSE.
Our Coloside cures instantly any nature of Cholera only by one dose. No. 2nd dose was necessary in 99 per cent. cases. Preserve one bottle for the future danger. Price Re. 1.
ROY BROTHERS,
11, Dhopakhola, DACCA, (Bengal).

RHEUMATISM.
The Amrita Bazar Patrika, the oldest English Daily of Calcutta, writes:—(30th January 1930).
"The Rheumatism Oil prepared by Swami Premanandaji, the famous Vedantist Yogi, is efficacious in all cases of Rheumatism, Sciatica and Lumbago old or new. The medicine is for application only, the result being instantaneous and permanent. It is extensively used for the last 12 years and can be had of Professor S. N. Bose, B.A., "Swami Premananda Ashram", (Post Box 11418), Calcutta, the price being Rs. 2-8 per phial."

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OUR C. P. LETTER.

—:o:—

Demonstration Against Mr. Tambe's Visit.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, Oct. 6.

The local Government has fixed 15th October, 1930 as the date of nomination of candidates, 16th October, 1930 for scrutiny of nomination papers and from 10th to 13 November, 1930 for recording of votes for the various constituencies of the Central Provinces Legislative Council.

COLLEGES TO RE-OPEN.

In a communique the Chief Secretary to Government, Central Provinces, states that the Agricultural College, together with other Colleges in Nagpur was closed in the first week of August, Since then a period of nearly two months has elapsed. In the case of the Arts and Science Colleges the time lost is serious, but it is possible that by overtime study, and the curtailment of recesses, sufficient of the lost ground may be made up to enable the students to be presented for their annual examinations. In response, therefore, to requests made to it, Government has decided to re-open the Arts and Science Colleges on the 6th of October, 1930. Students who wish to return to the Colleges must understand clearly that no anti-Government propoganda or political demonstration of any kind inside the College or its precincts will be permitted, nor will any union of students not authorized by the Principal be recognized. Students who violate these conditions after their return to College will be liable to such disciplinary action the Principal thinks necessary. The Kink Edward College, Amraoti and have already been opened.

PICKETING CAMPAIGN.

Picketing of liquor shops and ware houses and Satyagraha against the forest laws were continued in the whole of the Central Provinces and Berar during the last week. The most noticeable feature of last week's arrest were that a number of college students.

The arrests of the week include Mrs. Malti Bai Thatte, who has been sentenced to four months simple imprisonment and placed in "B" class. She has been removed to the Central Jail, Nagpur. Among others are Mr. M. B. Joglekar, 8th President of the C. P. Marathi "War Council", Mr. Sherlekar, 9th President and Mr. S. V. Gokhale, President of the Amraoti District Congress Committee.

Mrs. Anasuya Bai Kale, ex-M.L.C. has been appointed the 10th President of the C. P. Marathi War Council.

Mr. Sherlekar in a message to the people requests the students not to join the Colleges and the pleaders to keep the congress movement going. Nothing can be gained without self sacrifice..

SWADESHI BUREAU.

With a view to promote the cause of Swadeshi, a Swadeshi Bureau has been established in Berar, which will hold Swadeshi exhibitions all over the province.

An Unemployed Workers Union has been established in Nagpur to create a spirit of friendship and brotherhood amongst all unemployed workers, to create public sympathy for them, to organise for re-employment of all members of the Union, to exert and insist upon the Government to grant unemployment allowance to all unemployed workers.

The Prevention of intimidation Ordinance has been extended to the Saugor district.

The C. P. and Berar Provincial Olympic Meet has meen postponed this year owing to the present political situation.

Copies of Nagpur Congress Bulletins are being seized by the Nagpur Police almost daily.

Mahatma Gandhi's birth day was celebrated throughout the province with great eclat.

The Hon'ble Mr. S. B. Tambe, before leaving this province for England to attend the Round Table Conference paid a flying visit to Amraoti. He was welcomed at his native place with cries of "Shame." After attending the Conference Mr. Tambe intends to visit the Continent. Nothing is no far known about his successor.

The New English High Shool, Nagpur, has been closed until further notice, because the students observed frequent hartals.

A private College for imparting instruction in Sanskrit has been opened at the Bhonsla Vada Shastra School, Nagpur. Sakharampant Maharaj has given away a valuable Sanskrit Library of about Rs. 5000 to the College in memory of the late Rao Saheb Balwant Rao Mahajan.

The National Volunteer Corps, Nagpur, of about 500 held a military parade on the last Dasera day, which created a good impression on the people. Raja Laxman Rao Bhonsla reviewed the troop and made a donation of Rs. 250.

HAVOC OF INDUS FLOODS.

—:o:—

Loss Of Rs. 7 Lakhs In Land Revenue.

WANTED MORE FUNDS.

The Director of Information, Bombay, in the course of a report on the flood situation in Sind up to the week ending September 20 issued by the Commissioner in Sind, states:—

Since the last Press note was issued on 31st August nothing of special interest has occurred. The course of the various floods has followed the directions arranged by the Public Works Department and the waters have been rapidly subsiding.

The Sagyun flood has ceased to flow except for a tricklet near the village of Kotri. The only breach remaining to be closed is one in the right bank of the Nasrat canal, which has been left open for the present in order to prevent that canal from overtopping its banks. This breach, however, can be closed now that the level of the river has fallen. There is nothing fresh to report about the two other floods on the left bank, which are being drained away according to programme and utilised for purpose of cultivation.

RELIEF MEASURES IN SUKKUR.

In Sukkur relief measures are being conducted by the Assistant Collector in charge of the Shikarpur Sub-division with the assistance of the Shri Ramkrishna Mission, to whose valuable and devoted services the Commissioner in Sind takes this opportunity of paying a tribute. At this stage relief takes the form chiefly of free distribution of food for human beings and cattle. This mission has also rendered valuable help in the Larkana District, where similar measures are being taken by the District Flood Relief Committee, a body of non-official gentlemen under the chairmanship of the Collector. In Nawabshah District the relief camp at Pad Idan was closed early in the month. Refugees are, however, still being admitted in considerable numbers into the camp at Kandiaro. In Nawabshah, as in Larkana and Sukkur, the distribution of relief funds is being carried out by the non-official Committee with the Collector as Chairman.

ANOTHER APPEAL FOR FUNDS.

The response to the Commissioner's appeal for help from the public has been very disappointing hitherto. Even now the Fund only aggregates a little over Rs. 1 1/3 lakhs, including the balance of last year's relief fund. Government have sanctioned Rs. two lakhs grant in aid, but the total amount available for relief measures still falls very far short indeed of requirements. The public, therefore, both official and non-official, are once again appealed to for contributions to the Fund for the relief of the sick and destitute. Payments should be made in the name of the Commissioner in Sind's Flood Relief Fund and sent to the Revenue Assistant to the Commissioner in Sind, Karachi.

LOSS OF RS. 7 LAKHS LAND REVENUE.

It is not possible to give even a rough estimate of the total loss caused by these disastrous floods. Certain figures are, however, now available, which will give some idea of the damage done to the country-side in these affected areas.

The total area covered by the floods is estimated at about 350,000 acres of which some 300,000 acres consist of cultivable land,—of this cultivable land the greater portion would ordinarily be cropped. The actual loss of land revenue assessment is calculated to be roughly Rs. 7 lakhs.

A part of this will be recovered by assessment on Rabi crops, the prospects of which are generally good, although it cannot yet be estimated what the return will be.

The total number of villages and hamlets destroyed by the floods the greater number of which consist of "kacha" huts, has been estimated at over 900 and the number of persons rendered temporarily homeless at about 40,000.

The enormity of the loss of the people can be gathered from these figures, as well as the urgent necessity for large relief.

RS. 3 LAKHS NEEDED FOR RE-HOUSING.

The two directions in which relief is most required are free distribution of seed for the Rabi season and assistance towards rebuilding houses. All available money will be devoted to these two objects, after immediate relief has been given to the destitute for their temporary maintenance.

The District Collectors have estimated that over Rs. 3 lakhs will be required for re-housing, but it is obvious that unless more funds are forthcoming at an early date, nothing like this amount can be made available.

Free distribution of seed will be made next month so far as possible to meet the requirements of each affected district. The balance of the Fund will be spent in November and December on re-housing.

THROUGH LANCASHIRE EYES.

—:o:—

Bombay In "Grip Of Boycott."

The following appears in "The Textile Weekly" Manchester September 12:—

There has been little in this week's news to brighten the gloom of the Indian markets. The news received after the breakdown of the peace negotiations have only further emphasised the strength of the boycott in certain districts. Those traders who expected to see an early improvement are losing their spirit of optimism, and there is a growing opinion among members on Change that there is little room for hope until the situation there is tackled by the authorities with a much firmer attitude.

The counter-picketing against the boycott pickets has evidently done something to further ease the market in Calcutta and there is further proof that there are some dealers, at any rate, who are anxious to get their stocks into circulation and resume more normal trading. A little more business, principally light whites, has been arranged for Calcutta, but the total sales are comparatively negligible. Bombay is still in the grip of the boycott and although odd sales are recorded, trade is practically at a standstill. Karachi is very unsettled, yet negotiations persist on a fair scale and there is a slow stream of orders constantly coming through from that district.

While the sales for Madras have not been very conspicuous there is no doubt that the demand is much better from Southern India than from any other area, and this has provided business in many varieties, chiefly bleaching cloths, prints, and sarries. Further help has been given by the slow trade that is coming from Rangoon. Colombo has also taken odd lots of plains and specialities.

TRADE BOOMS TO ORDER?

A partner in a well-known firm of Northeast Lancashire manufacturers, particularly interested in the dhootie trade, inquiring on the phone the other day regarding trade prospects, upon being informed that the outlook both at present and in the immediate future was distinctly black, made the remark, "What are you going to do about it?" The answer is that everything that can be done by individual firms has been done Firms with names as good in Manchester for stability and reliability as the Bank of England have been laid under the necessity of playing off their already nucleus staffs in a manner so very familiar to the manufacturing side of the trade. From the top to the bottom everyone is paying his or her tribute to the necessity of strict economy and conservation of resources. Short of closing down entirely, some shippers are making the supreme sacrifice with the rest of the industry.

KING GEORGE SCHOOL.

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chonicle".

Sir,—I shall be thankful to you to publish the following correct statement of the school-boy incident reported in your issue of the 7th instant:—

(1) No demonstration was made by students in this high school against Mr. Gokhale:

(2) The students of this high school left the school quietly at 4-30 as usual. The students themselves are not aware of any procession starting from the school.

(3) Mr. Thange is not a student in this high school and hence his punishment cannot be imagined.

(4) No function took place in the school in the morning.

(5) The boys did not observe hartal on Saturday. All classes were attended by students and hence there was no necessity of any inquiry or explanation regarding hartal.

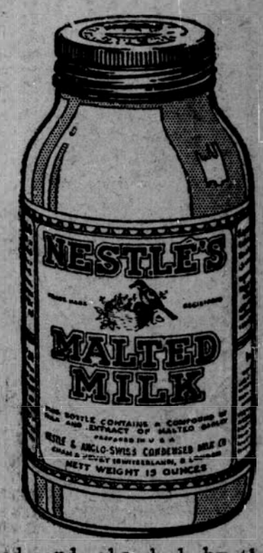
(6) No threats were given to students.

(7) Mr. Niphadkar and one more student were punished for some mischief they did in the class-room.—Yours, etc.,

M. P. KHOPKAR,
Principal.

Bombay, Oct. 8.

The Health Giver



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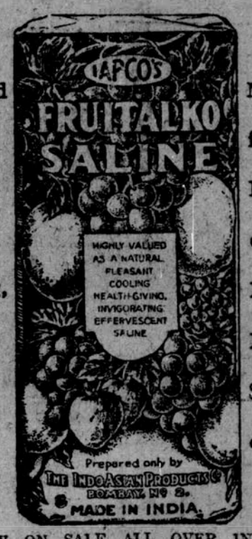

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BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS

—:o:—

TO-DAY.

The s.s. "Comorin" with homeward mails sails at 1 p.m.

SPIRITUALISM: FALSE AND TRUE.

is the subject of a free public lecture to be delivered to-morrow (Sunday) evening at 6 o'clock in the Hall of The United Lodge of Theosophists, 51, Esplanade Road.

INDIAN RADIO PROGRAMME.

8-0 a.m.—Indian Gramophone Records.

12-0 Noon.—Indian Gramophone Records.

9-20 p.m.—Patanker, Vocal Music, and Madhavlal of Mathura. (Star Solo).

7-15 p.m.—F. Rahman Children's stories and songs.

"FLAG OF FREEDOM."

The Prabhat's picture "Flag of Freedom" which is to run from to-day (Saturday) at the Majestic has been postponed owing to the Censor's objections.

ANDHERI SEVA DAL.

A weekly meeting of the Andheri Seva Dal will be held to-day (Saturday), at 9-30 p.m. in Charka Class on Versowa Road. Attendence is compulsory. Those also, who are desirous joining the Seva Dal are requested to be present there.

RELIGIOUS DISCOURSES.

Swami Viswananda of Sri Ramakrishna Mission, Khar, will conduct a public class in English on Bhagawad Gita at Shyamji Ladha Building, Matunga (G. I. P.) to-day (Saturday), at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.).

THE EUGENIC SOCIETY.

There will be a public lecture under the auspices of the Eugenic Society on the subject "Theory of Overpopulation a Myth" by Mr. C. G. Shah, at 5 p.m. to-day (Saturday), at the Society's Office, 55, Girgaum Road Ranchol Bhuvan, (opp. Opera House Tram Terminus).

MR. BRAILSFORDS AND BOMBAY STUDENTS.

A conversational meeting of the members of the Bombay Students' Brotherhood will be held at the headquarters to-day (Saturday) at 6-15 p.m. to meet Mr. H. L. Brailsford of the "New Leader."

VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT IN AID OF "VANAR SENA."

Under the auspices of the Canara Young Ameteurs, Bombay, a variety entertainment will be performed in aid of the "Vanar Sena" on Saturday, 8-30 to 11-30 p.m., Sunday, 3 to 6 and 8-30 to 11-30 p.m. at the Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge.

SANTA CRUZ CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

A public meeting will be held at "Villier Villa" to-day (Saturday), at 9 p.m. (S. T.), when Sjt. Dharmanand Kosambi, Dictator Ville Parle Camp, will preside and distribute prizes to winners of the spinning competition held on Gandhi Jayanti day.

VANARS AND FLAG HOISTING.

Under the auspices of the Vanar Sena and Students' Union there will be "National Flag Salutation" on Sunday, at 8 a.m. in the compound of the Board of Central when Sjt. K. F. Nariman will hoist the National Flag.

Latest Cotton Prices.

—:o:—

(Through the Cotton Information Bureau, 381, Ismail Building 2nd floor, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.)

NEW YORK MARKET.

JANUARY NEW 1931.

	New York, Oct. 10.
Previous Closing Rate	10.33
To-day's Opening Rate	10.32
Difference	—.06
To-day's Closing Rate	10.50
Difference	plus .12

Broach Expectations A-M Rs. 197

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

JANUARY NEW 1931.

	Liverpool, Oct. 10.
Previous Closing Rate	5.64
To-day's Opening Rate	5.59
Difference	—.05
To-day's Closing Rate	5.60
Difference	—.04

LONDON SILVER MARKET.

	London, Oct. 10.
Silver Ready	16-11-0
Higher	0-1-0
Silver Forward	16-11-0
Higher	0-1-0

Tone of Market:—Steady.

BOMBAY PRICES.

	Bombay, Oct. 10.
First Settlement	47-8-0
Second Settlement	47-7-0

KURLA TO BE INCORPORATED IN BOMBAY

Police Jurisdiction To Be Extended To Suburban District

NEW SCHEME FOR ADMINISTRATION OF GREATER BOMBAY

The co-ordination of the administration of Greater Bombay is the subject of a note issued by the Government of Bombay. The object of the Government in formulating the following proposals is to ensure that the adminstrative machinery is conducted as efficiently and economically as possible to meet present-day requirements. The question of modifying existing arrangement for the administration of the Bombay Suburban district has been raised firstly because of the inadequacy of the present police arrangements and secondly because of the lack of a central organisation to deal satisfactorily with the different branches of local administration. In order to achieve this end and get a clear view of the needs of the future, each branch of the administration both in the Bombay City and the Bombay Suburban District has been examined carefully. The proposals formulated include Revenue and general administration, judiciary, public works Department and Local Self-Government.

REFORM PROPOSALS.

The proposals of reform may be briefly summarised as under:—

(1) That the urban and rural areas of the Bombay Suburban District should be divided as nearly as possible by a line drawn roughly from east to west and north of Versova, Andheri and Ghatkopar.

(2) That the revenue and general administration of Bombay City and the urban area of the Bombay Suburban District should be in charge of a Collector, assisted by an Assistant or Deputy Collector, Superintendent, Bombay City Survey and Land Records, Land Acquisition, Officer and Land Manager.

(3) That the urban area defined above should be incorporated in Bombay City for police purposes and be in charge of the Commissioner of Police.

(4) That the jurisdiction of the High Court of Bombay should be extended to include the urban area of the Bombay Suburban District.

(5) That a City Civil Court should be established in Bombay City.

(6) That the charge of the Back Bay Reclamation Division should be transferred to the Executive Engineer, Presidency Division.

(7) That Kurla Municipality should be incorporated in the Bombay City Municipality.

(8) That two centres of municipal administration should be created in this urban area with headquarters at Bandra and Andheri respectively.

(9) That a Water Board should be created for these two municipal areas.

(10) That the remainder of the Bombay Suburban District north of the line drawn east to west and north of Versova, Andheri and Ghatkopar and including Trombay Island should be re-included in the Thana District for all purposes.

PROGRESS OF THE SUBURBS.

Whatever form of administration is introduced in the Suburban district, the increase in population and consequent extension of activities of local authorities must not be overlooked. The Suburban districts have developed considerably during the last few years and further development may be anticipated. The above proposals have been made after taking these factors into consideration.

BOMBAY YOUTHS CONDEMN LAHORE SENTENCES

Disturbance Created By A Handful of Persons

MEETING ENDS IN CONFUSION

A meeting held at Blavatsky Lodge on Friday evening in honour of Bhagat Singh and his co-accused had to be dissolved before passing the resolution because of Mr. S. V. Deshpande's insisting on addressing the meeting in defiance of the President's ruling and also of the audience. A handful of Mr. Deshpande's friends kept on shouting and disturbed the proceedings.

The meeting was convened by the Bombay Youth League and the Swatantra Bharat Sabha .Dr. G. T. Chitnis presided.

Mr. M. R. Shetti moved a resolution condemning the severe sentences passed on Bhagat Singh and his co-accused. While Mr. Shetti was speaking on the resolution he received the news that his room at the Hanuman Terrace —Lamington Road, was being raided by the police and so he left the meeting.

ADMIRE HIS SPIRIT.

Miss Maniben Kara seconded the resolution. She observed that all the condemnation of the Government's acts had not yet brought the desired change of heart and instead of condemning the Government they should admire the courage and spirit of sacrifice of youths like Bhagat Singh. She said that they should devote more attention to constructive work.

"A MERE FARCE."

Mr. Karnik supporting the resolution said that from the legal point of view the Lahore trial was a mere farce and justice was not done to the accused.

Mr. Lad and Pandit Sidhnatham further supported the resolution.

DESHPANDE ON LEGS.

Mr. S. V. Deshpande was then called upon by the President to speak on the resolution, but instead of speaking on the main resolution he wanted to move an amendment. As the President had gone through the amendment and had found it to be against the spirit of the main resolution he ruled Mr. Deshpande's amendment out and asked him to speak on the main resolution. But Mr. Deshpande insisted on moving the amendment which the President refused to do and announced that if the House allowed Mr. Deshpande to move it he would vacate the chair.

There was considerable discussion in which several members of the audience joined and it was finally decided that Mr. Deshpande should be allowed to read the amendment and the House should decide whether it should be discussed or not. When Mr. Deshpande read out his amendment the President took the sense of the meeting and as only eight or ten persons voted for the amendment and the overwhelming majority was opposed to the discussion the President ruled out the amendment and asked Mr. Deshpande to resume his seat.

DESHPANDE PERSISTS IN ADDRESSING.

Mr. Deshpande instead of abiding by the President's decision wanted to speak on the main resolution and insisted on his right to address the meeting.

The President called upon Mr. Tayab Sheikh to address the meeting. Mr. Deshpande and Mr. Sheikh started addressing the meeting at one and the same time.

MEETING ENDS IN CONFUSION.

There was great noise upon this the majority of the audience asking Mr. Deshpande to respect the President's decision and to resume to his seat. Mr. Deshpande declined to do so. The noise continued for some time more and ultimately the President declared the meeting dissolved.

The audience dispersed gradually. Mr. Deshpande's supporters continued to make demonstrations for some time and left the hall singing the "International".

DIPOTSAVI SWADESHI BAZAR.

Time 3 P.M. to 10 P.M.

To-day's Attraction. 7 P.M. Musical Entertainment and Songs, by Prabhat Pheris.

9 P.M. Garba.

Do not forget to visit.

"ART GALLERY."

RALLY OF SEVA DAL AND VANAR SENA VOLUNTEERS.

—:o:—

Mr. Sen Gupta Receives Salute.

'A Merger Of Volunteer Corps?

An impressive rally of the Hindustani Seva Dal boys and girls and the Vanar Sena was held at the Gowalia Tank Maidan on Friday morning. Sjt. Sen Gupta received the salute and inspected the volunteers.

Nearly a hundred girl volunteers of the Seva Dal, 200 boys and an equal number of girls of the Vanar Sena took part in the rally. Sjt. Nagindas Master, President of the "War" Council, Sjt. Nariman, and Sjt. Yusuf Meherally were present at the function.

At the outset the volunteers gave a salute to the guests. The Seva Dal girls then sang a song beginning with the verse "Freedom's fight has now begun".

Addressing the volunteers, Sjt. Sen Gupta observed that they were the Soldiers of Swaraj and on their courage and sacrifice depended the salvation of the country. He was pleased to note that there were so many volunteer organisations in Bombay, but suggested that they should come under the control of one body in which case work would be done in a much better way.

Sjt. Kowjalgy (of Karnatak), a member of the Working Committee, who next addressed the gathering, said that all the volunteer corps should be merged in the Seva Dal which had been officially recognised by the Congress.

Sjt Sen Gupta's Talk With Members Of B. S. Brotherhood

—:o:—

Later Sjt. Sen Gupta had an informal talk with the members of the Bombay Students' Brotherhood. In reply to a question he said that the method by which Government was realising fines and taxes would drive the people to revolt. Situated as they were they had no option but to fight their war of freedom by non-violent methods.

FLAG HOISTING.

Sjt. Sen Gupta took part in a flag-hoisting ceremony at Mandvi. The residents of the ward took him in a procession and accorded him a warm reception. The flag was hoisted by Mrs. Sen Gupta.

BOYCOTTERS OF BRITISH DRUG

—:o:—

Merchants' Greats Sacrifices

(Through B. P. C. C. Boycott Committee.)

The example set by the Piecegoods Merchants' Association has been followed by the Chemists and Druggists Association, and in their task they have been nobly aided by the Indian Medical Union. Merchants who, had been dealing in British medicines have come to the forefront of the National Fight, and have totally boycotted British Medicines. The sacrifice that they have done means a good deal of loss and ruin to atleast a few of them.

The following are the names of the firms:—

LIST OF CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS.

Messrs. U. A. Paradkar, M. R. Mody, Nectar Pharmacy, B. A. Brothers, P. Harkisondas & Co., The Imperial Chemist Co., C. Patil & Co., Madhav Agency, Lucky Pharmacy, Kantilal Prabhashankar Samant, Doshi Brothers, Motilal Tribhuvandas & Co., Kilabhai Jhaverchand, D. D. Shah Co., The Premier Chemists, Dhunsukhlal & Co., Behram & Brothers, K. Maganlal & Co., I. G. Gajjar & Co.

BOYCOTTERS OF BRITISH GOODS

—:o:—

(Through Boycott Committee.)

In the adjourned meeting held in the Congress House to-day of the Dies, Paints and Varnish Merchants at 7 P.M. completely to boycott British Manufactures the following merchants who were present have signed the pledge:—

Gulamalli Daudbhoy and Co., Akbaralli Aibji and Co., Essabhai Amiji and Co., G. Mahomedally and Co., Munverally Ahemedbhai Tyebally Daudbhai, Nomanbhai Jaffarji Bengali and Co., Gokaldas Laxmidas, Currimbhoy Naboobhai and Co., Gulamalli Shamsudinji Asgarally Tyaballi Bengali Tyebji Atapita (M. M. Baker and Co.,) Abdeallibhai Jeebhai, Yakubally and Co., T. Abdullabhai and Co., A. Tajkhanji and Co., Abdeally Ebhrahimji, Shalebhoy Mahomedally and Co., Sha Manordas Chhaganlal.

To Sevikas

—:o:—

(Through Desh Sewika Sangh.)

Picketing Sevikas are requested to come to-day (Saturday), for picketing punctually at the respective times assigned to them.

JEWELLERY FOUND.

Some jewellery has been sent to us from B. P. C. C. to be handed over to its owner The (lady) owner who has lost the same, should call at the Office of Desh Sewika Sangh, Sukhanand's Dharamshala and take it.

THOUSAND TODDY TREES CUT

—:o:—

56 Arrests Made In Belgaum.

SPECIAL POLICE STATIONED.

(From A Correspondent.)

DHARWAR, Oct. 10.

News comes from Murgod in Belgaum District of wide and organised programme of cutting to-day trees at present supplying toddy shops. About a thousand people from the neighbouring villages came equipped with the day's meal and axes and felled about a thousand trees besides breaking pots hung on many others for receiving toddy. 150 police with D. S. P., A. S. P., Magistrate and others arrived in 14 lorries and arrested 56 members whose trials are pending. Next day people went on their errand under the very nose of the Magistrate when also arrests were made after getting police reinforcements. Sjt. Iravva, a lady and Basavantappa, an old man who were dragged to the police station had to be left off later on account of demonstrations. The Magistrate invited leaders for a peace move which having failed, he arrested 5 of them. Special police are stationed at Murgod. Great sensation prevails

Congress Volunteer Corps

—:o:—

(Through the Central Board of Bombay Volunteer Corps.)

The following Public Volunteer Corps are working under the Central Board of Bombay Volunteer Corps and a report of their activities will be duly published:—

Bombay Jain Swayam Sewak Mandal, Malai Luwana Volunteer Corps, Kapal Bazar Volunteer Corps, Fort Swayam Sewak Mandal, Maharashtra Volunteers Corps, Bhawdar Swayam Sewak Dal, Kathiawad Volunteer Corps, Navdurga Volunteer Corps, Brahmakshtri Volunteer Corps, Dawa Bazar Volunteer Corps, Mangaldas Market and Shaik Memon Street Volunteer Corps, Gulalwadi Volunteer Corps, Gujrat Volunteer Corps, Mangrol Yuwak Volunteer Corps, Visa Modh Volunteer Corps, Modh Sunyukt Dal, Cutchhi Saraswot Volunteer Corps, Cutchhi Luwana Volunteer Corps, Cutchhi Vissa Oswal Volunteer Corps, Cutchhi Dassa Oswal Volunteer Corps, Dana Bunder Resident Volunteer Corps, Japanese Bazar Volunteer Corps, Bhatia Volunteer Corps, Lad Volunteer Corps, Laxmidas Kimji Market Volunteer Corps, Hind Mata Volunteer Corps, Jariwalla Volunteer Crops, Mathalia Unewal Volunteer Corps, First Bombay Battalion Corps, Mandvi Jain Volunteer Corps, Nijanlayat Volunteer Corps, The Mandvi Hindoo Kumar Sena, Bombay Yuwak Mandal Volunteer Corps and Bhawsar Shatriya Swalam Sewak Dal (Parel.)

Other Volunteer Corps are requested to get their names affiliated to the Board so that they can work in co-operation.

The Office of the Central Board at present is in the Congress House c/o Boycott Committee Office.

200 BOMBAY PRISONERS FOR VISAPUR

—:o:—

Poona Telegram Reaches Bombay In 4 Days

A telegram dated October 6 sent by the Satyagraha Mandal, Poona, to Bombay Congress Committee was received here on 9th. It reads, "Congress Bombay—Transferred two hundred Bombay prisoners Visapur to-day Satyagraha Mandal."

RECEPTION TO AFGHAN PRINCE

—:o:—

Indian Thanked

Mr. Hidayatullah, Afghan Consul-General Peshawar wires:

Wala Hazrat Prince Mohd. Zahir Khan and Sardar Mohd. Daud Khan, greatly appreciate the enthusiastic reception accorded to them by Indian brothers and I am desired by Wala Hazrat and the Afghan Government to express their thanks to all Indians.

An Expert "Blind" Flyer.

LONDON, Oct. 9.

Harbour Grace.—The "Columbia" is a machine in which Sir A. Chamberlain and Levine flew to Germany in 1927. Boyd is a Canadian. He served in the air force in wartime. Connor is the ex-United States naval pilot and is an expert "blind" flyer.—Reuter.

AKHIL KARNATAKA RASHTRIYA SABHA.

Under the auspices of the Akhil Karnataka Rashtriya Sabha a public meeting will be held in the Saraswat Co-operative Buildings, Gamdevi, to-day (Saturday), at 9 p.m. when Sjt. S. V. Kanjalji, President of the Karnataka Provincial Congress Committee will address the meeting on the "Present Situation". All are earnestly requested to attend.

The attention of the public is drawn to the fact that from the 5th October to the 18th October the products manufactured by

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Britishers As "Policemen Of Imperialism"

Stop This Self-Imposed Function

MR. BROCKWAY'S APPEAL AT LABOUR CONFERENCE

LONDON, Oct. 9.

There was a brief debate on India in the Labour Party's Conference at Llandudno.

Mr. Fenner Brockway, on behalf of the Independent Labour Party, moved a lengthy resolution extending "greetings of solidarity to the Indian people in their struggle for political and economic freedom." and urging Government to end the "function of serving as policemen of Imperialism." Mr. Brockway declared Government were responsible for the severest regime of repression in India since the Sepoy Mutiny.

Lt.-Commander Kenworthy said that Britain was obliged to act in India as policemen putting down disorder and keeping down crime. When he visited India, Mr. Gandhi and other Nationalist leaders told him that British withdrawal from India would mean chaos, bloodshed and suffering. The speaker declared that Indians must be given equality of treatment in the Empire and pleaded that Lord Irwin should be succeeded by a representative of the Labour movement.

Major Graham Pole advised that in India's interests the motion should be withdrawn, and urged Labourites to do their utmost to make the Round Table Conference a success.

The Conference thereupon called for the "previous question."

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What are ghosts?

Do the Dead Return?

What are the true Powers of the spirit?

Entrance Free No collections

ALL CORDIALLY INVITED.

LAHORE'S 16 WOMEN COLLEGE PICKETERS JAILED

—:o:—

They Sing Songs And Take No Part In Proceedings

LAHORE, Oct. 10.

After a summary trial in the female jail, four miles outside the city, sixteen ladies including the Zutshi sisters, Miss Pindidar and others (who were arrested on Wednesday for picketing at the Colleges) were sentenced by Mr. Disney, Magistrate, to-day to one month's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 50 each, in default two weeks further imprisonment. The sentences were received with revolutionary slogans.

Ganga Devi who was arrested along with other women picketers was acquitted for want of evidence against her. The Zutshi sisters, Miss Roop Kaur and Miss Shakuntala were placed in 'A' class and the rest in 'B' class.

SINGING PRISONERS.

The trial commenced at half past eleven, the accused entering th court singing revolutionary songs. Only relatives of the accused were allowed admission while a large crowd waited outside the court till the conclusion of the case. The prosecution took up the cases in two groups, one group having been arrested near the Government College and the other near the Forman Christian College.

Four prosecution witnesses including two sub-inspectors of police gave evidence. The officers stated that they found the accused standing at the gates of the respective colleges ann when asked to disperse they gave no heed to the orders. None of the accused took any part in the Court proceedings, and answered no question.—A. P.

A large number of students of th eLahore College for Women absented themselves to-day owing to the arrest of their Professor, Miss Zutshi, in connection with the picketing near Colleges. —A. P.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE
SATURDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1930.

SYMPATHY !

—:o:—

Replying to Mr. De Valera,—his letter, by the way, will cause deep disappointment to our Anglo-Indian contemporary—the Secretary of the London branch of the Indian National Congress wrote that there were hardly any British "friends" of India. The statement is broadly true. We have, of course, been overwhelmed with lip sympathy, from all quarters. Sir John Simon himself is most sympathetic and has even gone the length of pleading with Dominion statesmen for their sympathy and interest on behalf of India. But all sympathy stops short at protestations. In action, it resolves itself into a denial, very often tacit, of India's right to freedom. In this there is not much to choose between the Socialist Labourites and the Imperialist Liberals and Tories. The latest instance is the brief debate on India in the Labour Party's Conference at Llandudno. Mr. Fenner Brockway's motion urging the Government to end the "function of serving as policemen of Imperialism" was quickly and unceremoniously shelved by this Conference of anti-Imperialists. But not before Lieut.-Commander Kenworthy had offered a typically Imperial explanation of British obligations. "Britain was obliged to act in India as policemen putting down disorder and keeping down crime." This is an echo of the sanctimonious humbug indulged in by the Simon Commission and the bureaucracy notwithstanding repudiation by Indians of all shades of thought. Indian after Indian has protested against this hypocrisy. Even a Chief Justice of the Nizam's High Court—a servant of Britain's faithful ally—has exposed it. Yet it is persisted in and has now been taken up by Labour apologists.

The spirit of Imperial trusteeship has been adopted as the basis of British Socialist policy towards India regardless of what it means to this country or to socialism. We have, therefore, no complaint against Commander Kenworthy who thinks with Mr. MacDonald, and so thinking, could not but rush to the rescue of Mr. MacDonald's new or rather newly bought or borrowed conception of Labour's duty towards India. But we protest against Mr. Kenworthy misrepresenting our leaders. "When he (Mr. Kenworthy) visited India", says Reuter's report of his speech, "Mr. Gandhi and other Nationalist leaders told him that British withdrawal from India would mean chaos, bloodshed and suffering." This is an atrocious libel on Mahatma Gandhi and his associates. It has been rendered all the more heinous by the fact of having been uttered when almost all of them are in jail for the crime of definitely denying that "British withdrawal from India would mean chaos, bloodshed and suffering." Could Commander Kenworthy not find some other method of fighting Mahatma Gandhi than by this unworthy misrepresentation? What kind of sympathy is this that urges a Labour "friend" to hit below the belt?

There was another sympathiser of India at Llandudno. "Major Graham Pole", we are expected to read with gratitude, "advised that in India's interest the motion should be withdrawn and urged Labourites to do their utmost to make the Round Table Conference a success." This is sympathy for India. They know what the Round Table Conference is. They know that the so-called Indian delegates to it represent none but themselves. They know that the Conference is being deliberately held in spite of India's protest. They know that the people's representatives have nothing to do with it. They know very well—unless their democratic conscience is entirely dead—that "India will not be there." Yet they seek to make "a success" of this very Conference and that too in "India's interests"! Denying India her rights, trying to decide her fate by excluding her constitute sympathy. It would be more decent to spare her such sympathy. She does not desire nor does she need it. India may be poor in everything but "India, as "Unity" points out, "for all Britain's power, is not helpless. Or, rather, the more helpless she is, the more victorious she becomes. Deliberately she has chosen suffering as the weapon of her cause. The more she suffers, therefore, the stronger she becomes." India has made her choice between suffering and sympathy of the Llandudno type.

MISCHIEVOUS PROPAGANDA

—:o:—

Taking its cue, presumably, from the distorted version cabled to the British Press regarding the attempt of some Congress leaders to establish bodies composed of well-known public-spirited lawyers who will undertake to arbitrate between parties that are in the first instance unwilling to go to court and suffer the heavy expenses of litigation, the "Daily Herald" of London denounces this "new Congress move" as "dangerous and provocative." It has some fantastic notion that the Congress scheme of arbitration has for its object the usurpation of the work of law courts and it talks about the Government's "plain duty" of "protecting its citizens". The "News Chronicle", the organ of Liberal Imperialism, describes this move on the part of the Congress, which, if a number of lawyers support it, is sure to prove beneficial to the poor litigant and also to reduce the congestion of cases in the law courts, "the latest form of Congress defiance". Needless to say the evening gramophone of the "Times of India" makes the usual attempt to join the campaign of vilification of the Congress. But it over-reaches itself. "We refuse to believe", it remarks, "that it (Bombay Government) will tolerate for one moment this new move to set up parallel law courts." This is a grotesque and mischievous misrepresentation of the Congress scheme. The object of the scheme is clearly defined by Mr. K. F. Nariman as devoting national time and energy to constructive work. The scheme contemplates the starting of local and suburban messenger services, a national bank and educational institutions. Only a perverted mind can regard the establishment of such institutions of public benefit as an occasion for further repressive measures There is no desire on the part of Congress leaders in Bombay to set up "parallel law courts". They are making an attempt which the public as well as the law courts should welcome. The necessity for contesting parties to resort to arbitration and the sympathetic attitude of modern tribunals of justice towards this cause have been lucidly explained and emphasized by Mr. Nayan H. Pandia in the series of articles he has contributed to the "Chronicle". It is necessary to point out, in view of the mischievous propaganda started by the "Evening News of India" which talks of a Congress "plot" and "blackmail", that arbitration does not oust the jurisdiction of the courts. The accusations against the Congress are ridiculous and absurd. There is no question of "blackmail", because donations are to be voluntarily received from sympathisers with the scheme to defray its work and people who seek the help of the Congress Board of Arbitrators will do so voluntarily.

THOSE MEN OF ACTION !

—:o:—

Leaflets are being widely distributed in Bombay to inspire the cloth merchants of this city with courage and determination to break the Congress boycott of foreign textiles. We publish elsewhere a leaflet entitled "Aids To Business" issued by "A Willing Bombay Merchant". Let it be noted that the leaflet does not indicate the source of publication as required by law, but has in the bottom left-hand corner, the cryptic letters "U P". It extols the Calcutta merchants who "are not now hindered in their business by Congress pickets". It says: "They were. But being Men of Action as well as of Business, realising that their All was at Stake, they took matters into their own hands"—and, what was the result? "The Blue Badge Pickets."

So a "Willing Bombay Merchant" asks his brother dealers in foreign cloth to remember that "what has been done in Calcutta could be improved in Bombay." "With some such arrangements," as the Blue Badge Pickets, "we should be the gainers." Where, O where, he laments, "are our business abilities?"—"Is it that these are dormant?" But the question is whether "A Willing Bombay Merchant" is himself an Indian. The mysterious, subterranean propaganda was started, it is rumoured, at a meeting of certain Europeans in Bombay. We understand that it was decided at this meeting to start an anti-Congress propaganda, to give it an appearance of having been encouraged by Indian firms and to invite some European firms to subscribe handsome amounts to provide the sinews of war. We believe there is no necessity to warn the Bombay public against these secret attempts to break the boycott of foreign cloth, because the boycott has not been imposed upon it but has been willingly accepted by it out of a sense of patriotism and a desire to encourage Swadeshi. As regards the Bombay merchants they have through their responsible leaders already given the lie to th canard that their adherence to the Congress demand is weakening. We shall watch with interest the advent of the Blue Pickets. Their efforts will be futile. Bombay is not Calcutta. Let it not be forgotten that chief importers of foreign textiles in Bombay have been Indians and they stand by the Congress.

CONGRESS FREE HOSPITAL.

—:o:—

The report issued by the authorities of the Congress Free Hospital for the period "from 25th May to 31st July 1930" and the small illustrated booklet issued earlier by its Superintendent, Dr. D. D. Sathaye, are eloquent testimony to the spirit of service which animates Bombay's citizens. Its medical men and its mercantile community came to the rescue of the wounded when the Government embarked on the policy of the 'lathi'. The temporary arrangements made at Congress House when a batch of wounded volunteers arrived from Dharasana on May 23 convinced Dr. Deshmukh and his colleagues that a separate hospital was necessary for the treatment of the wounded whose number was likely to increase. With Dr. Sathaye as Superintendent, the Congress Free Hospital was immediately started, Sheth Manilal Zaveri having placed a spacious building at Khetwadi at the disposal of the Hospital Committee and Mr. Jamnadas Baxi having raised a sum of Rs. 3,500 from amongst the sharebrokers. The Hospital has not lacked financial support from the public. Dr. Sathaye's booklet which gives photographs of some of the injured shows how Mr. Benn's "minimum of force" was applied in the case of these unfortunates. Mr. Fenner Brockway has intimated that he would make use of this illustrated testimony of the application of "minimum of force," in his efforts to draw the attention of his countrymen to the manner in which the authorities in India have dealt with the "insurgence of national aspirations." We hope they have now seen the wisdom of meeting the situation with other means, means which do not involve the retention of the Congress Free Hospital for the exclusive purpose for which it was called into being.

THE ROUND TABLE CONFERENCE.

GLAMOUR OF WORDS.

(By Babu Bhagvan Das).

I.

Freeman in a review of Mommsen's "History of Rome," writes:—"The demands of the Latin allies at the outbreak of the great Latin War are a sufficient commentary on the relations between Rome and Latium. The feeling towards Rome was clearly that of excluded citizens under an oligarchy rather than that of an oppressed nation under a foreign Government. They do not ask . . . to forsake the Roman alliance: they ask instead to become wholly Roman themselves . . . Their demands are almost identical with those of the plebeians in Rome itself hardly a generation earlier . . . Terms like these Rome held it beneath her dignity to grant; but after the conquest of Latium, the mass of the Latin nation did gradually acquire Roman citizenship in one way or another. This is the constantly repeated history of Rome and her allies. . . . Men . . . wish to become Romans, and, in that character, to help to rule both themselves and others. The first recorded struggle, that between patrician and plebeian, is in its origin much more truly a struggle between distinct nations than between different orders in the same nation. But the demand of the plebeians is not to abolish the patrician government, but to obtain a share in it for themselves. "It is only in some desperate moment, when every demand is refused, that they resort to the extreme measure of a 'secession'", that is, in short, of leaving Rome, and founding a new city for themselves. . . (After) Rome's work of conquest was practically over . . . she began to show how little adapted her constitution was to administer a universal empire. . . The lesson, well set forth by Mommsen, is that a municipal government is unfitted to discharge imperial functions. . . "It governs solely in the interest of the ruling city. . . The subject states, the provinces or dependencies, "have no share in their own government, and their interest is not the object of those who rule them." This warning will apply to all States possessing colonies or dependencies. . . A "representative" or a "federal" system would have solved the problem without any sacrifice of liberty. . . But it would have been in vain to ask "Roman pride" to have allowed conquered nations to set up senates and assemblies of equal rank with those of Rome herself. . . The monarchy of the Caesars made first Rome and then Constantinople to flourish "at the cost of the provinces." . . A single city cannot govern an Empire. . The experience of the last age of Roman history. . is a warning against the claims of overgrown capitals."

HISTORY REPEATS ITSELF.

This same history is repeating itself before our eyes; not, of course, in the details, but in all the main outlines. We have only to substitute London (and England is practically London) for Rome and India for the provinces.

India's 'Moses,' Mahatma Gandhi, has had to, strive repeatedly in the past, to curb the 'desperate' vehemance of his own followers, and continue to intepret Swaraj the goal of India, as Self-Government along Colonial lines, as Dominion Status. Even our young President, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, clearly enunciatetd, at the fateful Lahore Congress of December 1929, in his presidential address itself, the sound principle, accepted, after the Great War, by the most mature and respected thinkers in political science to-day, that "Inter-dependence" is the right word and Independence a misleading myth. But "when every demand is refused. . . the extreme measure of a secession" has to be resorted to, and Swaraj interpreted as Independence, and that, even so, to be attained by "peaceful means." And, even after this, our Prophet is still willing to be content with "the 'substance' of Independence" and not haggle over the name. Indeed, the name, British-Indian or Indo-British Commonwealth, is far finer than Inde-

Continued on Page 10.)

ARBITRATION AND THE LAW COURTS.

MODERN SYMPATHETIC ATTITUDE.

(By NAYAN H. PANDIA.)

II*

The attitude of the Bombay High Court towards the subject of arbitration is illustrated by the recent decision of the Appeal Court in 'Radhakison V. Balmukund' (1930) 32 Bom. L. R. 1319. The facts of the case so far as they are relevant to our present purpose, were that the defendants, Balmukund Ramchandra, a Cawnpore firm, employed the plaintiffs, Radhakison Gopikisson, a firm carrying on business in Bombay, as commission agents for effecting forward transactions in cotton. The contracts between plaintiffs and defendants were entered into "subject to the Rules and Regulations of the East India Cotton Association Ld."

By-law 38 of the East India Cotton Association Ld., runs as follows:—"All unpaid claims whether admitted or not and all disputes (other than those relating to quality) arising out of, or in relation to (a) contracts (whether forward or 'ready' and whether between members or between a member and a non-member) made subject to these by-laws or (b) the rights and or responsibilities of commission agents, muccadums and brokers not parties to such contracts, shall be referred to the arbitration of two disinterested persons, one to be chosen by each disputant."

AGREEMENT TO ARBITRATE.

Article 96 of the Articles of Association made by the East India Cotton Association Ld., provides as follows:—"Whenever any difference arises between Members or Associate Members or Special Associate Members, touching or in more of them and another or others who are not Members or Associate Members or Special Associate Members touching or in connection with the cotton trade or any transaction therein. it shall be referred to arbitration in such manner as shall be prescribed by the by-laws. And it is hereby expressly declared that the holding of such an arbitration and the obtaining of an award thereunder shall be a condition precedent to the right of any Member or Associate Member or Special Associate Member or non-Member to commence legal proceedings against any other Member or Associate Member or Special Associate Member or non-Member in respect of any such difference as aforesaid and any Member or Associate Member or Special Associate Member or non-Member shall have no right of action against any other Member or Associate Member or Special Associate Member or non-Member except to enforce the award in any such arbitration."

The defendants were not members, but the plaintiffs were Associate Member of the Association.

Disputes arose between the plaintiffs and the defendants as to the transactions and the plaintiffs filed a suit against the defendants in the High Court of Bombay to recover the amount due. The defendants contended 'inter alia' that the suit was not maintainable inasmuch as the plaintiffs had failed to have the matters in dispute decided by arbitration under by-law 38 and Article 96.

JUSTICE KEMP'S VIEW.

The suit was heard by N. W. Kemp J. the Learned Judge after referring to *Scott v. Avery* and *Board of Trade v. Cayzer, Irvine and Co.*, (1927 A. C. 610) observed: "There can be no doubt that if the contracts in suit were subject to article 96 of the articles of association that article clearly makes an arbitration and award a condition precedent to a right of action in a Court of Law. Until the arbitration and award have been obtained, no cause of action accrues..... In my opinion the intention of the Association and of the Act which gave legal effect to the articles is to provide a remedy by arbitration and award which is to be resorted to before the parties have any recourse to a court of law. This is what the Association have been aiming at for many years past. This is not taking away the jurisdiction of the court because the court has no jurisdiction until the arbitration and award under article 96 is held." His Lordship therefore held that the suit was not maintainable as the arbitration and award required by article 96 as a condition precedent to the right to sue had not been obtained.

The plaintiffs appealed. Referring to Article 96, the Chief Jus-

Continued on Page 10.)

*First article appeared on the 10th instant.

NOTES OF THE DAY.

—:o:—

Mr. J. H. Thomas.

The British Labour Party seems to be on the brink of a tragedy. That rebel, however mild, Sir Oswald Mosley, is reported to have scored a "personal triumph" in the debate on unemployment. This, we suspect, means repudiation of the present policy of the Labour Government. The suspicion is immediately confirmed by the defeat of Mr. Thomas who was at the bottom of the poll in the ballot for the National Executive. This thoughtless repudiation of Mr. Thomas—and incidentally of, shall we say, 'capitalised' moderation—is a tragedy the terrible consequences of which the mob mind at Llandudno has not realised. As for Mr. Thomas, we are relieved to notice that those who count have every confidence in him, which he lost at Llandudno. He is still the saviour of Britain and the Empire. Apropos of the Round Table Conference, the "Daily Mail" says of Lord Reading and Mr. Thomas "the country will look anxiously to them to keep up the British end and prevent further foolish and perilous concessions". The prodigal is, at long last, within sight of the home.

Mr. Brailsford On Labour's Intentions.

In an interview given to our Anglo-Indian contemporary, Mr. H. N. Brailsford, speaks of "a perfectly sincere intention on the part of the Labour Government to see that India attained Dominion Status with the least possible delay". This language, beautifully vague and non-committal may do honour to Messrs. Lloyd George and Baldwin and the Labour Imperialists over-burdened with anxiety about their Imperial "responsibilities, They all contemplate Dominion Status for India "with the least possible delay". But one hardly dreamt of its being associated with Mr. Brailsford. Specially he gives a certificate of "a perfectly sincere intention" to the Labour Government and assures us that "Mr. Wedgwood Benn was a very sincere friend of India and a courageous fighter". All this is a very poor compensation for the boycott of India. Has Mr. Brailsford forgotten that the only expression of sincere intentions and sincere friendship is the Round Table Conference? And, to quote Mr. Brailsford himself, "India will not be there".

A Suggestion.

But we heartily welcome Mr. Brailsford to India, for we have no doubt about his own sympathy and frienship for India. We are glad that he has got an opportunity of checking first hand his conclusions regarding India. What his reactions will be on seing Labour's sincerity and friendship "in action" we have no desire to anticipate. But if he were to want further and deeper shocks we would presume to suggest the jails. We are not referring to interviews with the leaders of India who are almost all in jail. Perhaps he will not succeed in meeting them—Mr. Slocombe's visit to Gandhiji was a "mistake" to be avoided in the future. What we do suggest is that he should study the classification and treatment of pol—we mean prisoners convicted of offences involving neither violence nor moral turpitude. He will make some very interesting discoveries. But this is subject to a rather wild assumption, the assumption that he will be granted facilities for the purpose instead of the more likely facilities for taking the next boat "Home."

By The Back Door?

According to the Hyderabad Correspondent of the "Times of India", three great Sindhi intellectuals, all connected with the Hindu Maha Sabha, are shortly proceeding to London. Principal S. C. Shahani, President, All-Sind Hindu Sabha, is going "in his private capacity in connection with the Round Table Conference", while Professors Chablani and Radha Kamandar "on behalf of the All-India Hindu Maha Sabha, to assist and co-operate with Dr. B. S. Moonje in his task at the Indian Round Table Conference". We have no doubt that they will all prove of great, even invaluable, assistance to Doctor Moonje. But what about the Hindu Maha Sabha? The insinuation is obvious. Although it is not being officially "represented" by Dr. Moonje, its President, it has decided officially to advise and instruct him. If the "Times" report is true, the conclusion is irresistible that the Hindu Maha Sabha has definitely entered the Round Table Conference—only by a back door. We hope the Sabha will speak.

A Mockery Of The Round Table Tamasha.

—:o:—

INVITEES REPRESENT NONE BUT THEMSELVES.

Backbone Of India Ignored.

ANALYSIS OF CLAIMS OF DELEGATES TO REPRESENT "PUBLIC OPINION."

Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai's Retort To Critics.

Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai has issued the following statement from Agra, dated 8th inst:—

"Since my interview with your representative on the subject of the Round Table Conference and the personnel of the invitees, and since I addressed the meeting of the citizens of Bombay held at Chowpatty challenging the right of the invitees to represent India at the Conference, somebody on behalf of the invitees or some of them have addressed a "reply" to the "Indian Daily Mail," and it has become my duty to examine at. Notwithstanding that "reply" I maintain that the invitees either individually or as a body do not represent any substantial section of the Indian public opinion of to-day. Some of the invitees have already left India, and the others are due to leave by the next 2 or 3 outgoing English mails.

Among the names mentioned in the "reply" I notice that there are 3 lawyers from Bombay. It is not surprising that they were obliged to dodge the real issue, realising that they could not give any decent or effective answer to the challenge. There has arisen no question as to the qualifications of their critics but the only real question is whether the invitees have behind them the support of any substantial section of Indian opinion of to-day. They were asked to produce their credentials on this basis and face public opinion in any form or shape, and seek its support. But in plain English they have "funked" it. Their "Parthian shot" is an acknowledgement of defeat. The statement of qualifications which undoubtedly they have estimated at their highest substantially amounts to a statement that they are men of "yesterday", for they rely on some past qualifications or past services to claim to represent India of "to-day." Such of them as are at present in any of the legislatures purporting to represent certain constituencies are only there on account of the facts which they would themselves recognise if they had the courage and the decency to face the truth: that the public opinion of India to-day declines to elect or allow any one to be elected to any of the legislatures, local or Central.

The history of the elections held during the last few months is unquestioned and unquestionable. In the last election to the local Legislative Council from Bombay it had to be admitted that only 1600 voters out of 60,000 recorded their votes. How many of these 1600 were the servants of Government I have no means of ascertaining, but I have no doubt that they formed the integral part, and must have felt an obligation to go and record their votes. This is sufficient to show what their present election amounts to as regards their claim to represent public opinion.

A LANGUAGE OF DESPAIR.

It was stated, in a fit of discomfiture, that the public was coerced into boycotting the legislatures. It is a language of despair; but it is a language that fails to take note of the true meaning and effect of "public opinion." What is described by the disappointed as coercion amounts, in a truthful way to the assertion of public opinion which is the only safeguard of integrity in public life in every civilized country. What the invitees and their friends desire is that though public opinion is admittedly hostile to them, public opinion should leave them in peace to carry out their unpatriotic purposes. What is the value of public opinion unless it prevents men with any sense of decency from acting contrary to it and when public opinion asserts itself, these invitees and their comrades call it "coercion"! But the very language used amounts to an unqualified admission that the public opinion of to-day is entirely against them and their comrades, and the more successfully the public opinion asserts itself the greater the need for them to describe it as "coercion."

THE MOCKERY OF R. T. FARCE.

One can only wish that this "coercion" had evoked some sense or imagination is not sufficgrity in the invitees and their comrades to enable them to reconsider their plighted troth to join in the mockery of the Round Table Conference. However, men of "yesterday" will remain men of "yesterday." They have failed to realise that politics is a living force and those whose conscience or imafination is not sufficiently aroused to enable them to advance in a line with public opinion get left behind quickly. These invitees have lagged behind, and hence their realisation that the only thing that can be relied upon by them is not the support of public opinion of to-day but the position which they say they held in the past when India had not yet waken up to her true height and claimed its proper political status in the world. This is a true and sufficient answer to the "reply"; and no amount of dodging the issue will rehabilitate the self-appointed leaders who have been dethroned by reason of their own deficiencies for which they have to thank themselves.

MR. JAYAKAR'S "WOBBLING."

It is stated in the "reply" that Mr. Jayakar is "a prominent leader of the Hindu Maha Sabha." The only pertinent question to be asked is whether, since he got his invitation, Mr. Jayakar has had the courage of going to any section of the Hindu Community and venture to ask for its support; that being the true test he knows, as we do know, that he had not faced it. That he had the apparent decency of not standing for the election to the Legislative Assembly from Bombay is only due to the recognition that the election under the circumstances attending the last series of elections is no election at all according to the real public opinion of the country. It is well reputed indecision in public matters it is not surprising that his last wobbling has found him into the Round Table Conference.

Dr. Moonjee at least deserves credit for his last honest public declaration before he left along with Mr. M. R. Jayakar, when he (Dr. Munjee) openly said that he neither represented the Maha Sabha nor any section of the Hindu Community, and that he only represented himself, but he wanted to have his fight. Let him do so, but at all events he is clean and open in his declaration. Mr. Jayakar's last message is "silence for the present." He might well have said more appropriately "silence for ever."

SIR CHIMANLAL.

Sir Chimanlal Setalvad is represented to have the following qualifications to represent India. "He 'is' the immediate past President of the All-India National Federation and 'is' the present President of the Western India Liberal Association". I have asked before—and I ask again—what is the membership of the Liberal Federation and Western India Liberal Association of which he claims to be the head? He realises more than I can express the hollowness of a right of that body to represent any section of Indian opinion. He knows that the Liberal Federation and the Liberal Association are now bodies with no membership except the leaders and their hangers—on, and have now become a byward in Indian politics for a group of men who have lagged behind and who will do anything to gain a little publicity. Sir Chimanlal, I believe, stood for the Legislative Assemby for the City of Bombay long before public opinion advanced to its present position and was even on those occasions, I believe, defeated. He then got nominated on the Legislative Assembly and only attended its sittings at convenient intervals.

"His splendid record of public life for over a quarter of a century" I do not propose to examine; but with all that "splendid record of public life for over quarter of a century" I only wish to ask the only relevant question; whether he represents any, and if so whom, in the public life of the country of to-day? He may well rely on his past career in other places, and we do not grudge it to him and would let him chew his cud so long as he does not put forward an unfounded claim to represent Indian public opinion of to-day, or allow it to be represented that he counts in the public life of India at the present juncture.

A MOCKERY.

If only the invitees had not claimed to represent public opinion, India would have been content to leave them alone; for after such a declaration they could have hardly been invited by the British Government to the Conference to solve the joint problem of India and England. For, it is mockery to suggest that a conference between the British representatives on one side and the persons who do not represent India on the other but who have been nominated by the British "to represent India" is a free conference between the British and the Indian peoples.

MR. M. A. JINNAH.

I will only say a few words about Mr. M. A. Jinnah. Since he claims to have coined the phrase "collective hysteria" he has become so fond of it that he has failed to discover anything more in the public opinion in the country. If the growth of public opinion in the country in volume and in strength for the liberation of the country can be called "collective hysteria," one would prefer that state of mind a thousand times to a stolid backwardness which fails to recognise the present circumstances. For after all what is he going to use as the foundation of his "argument" for Swaraj for India: that "argument" is "that the country is drifting into the hands of the Congress" and that in order to prevent that "catastrophe" something must be done for India otherwise the invitees" who cannot face public opinion now will never be able to face the public opinion in future.

THE THREE ZOROASTRIAN SATLWARTS.

As to the three Parsis, the less said the better. Sir Phiroze Sethna is again another form "of Liberal Federation". As to his being in the Council of State it is a position which nobody has thought fit to seek as representing public opinion. The "public life" of Sir Cowasji Jehangir culminated in his being the employee of Government, and as regards the "respect" of the Parsi community one need only refer to the opinions expressed at the several meetings of the Parsis held in the City of Bombay which disowned him and his politics. As far Mr. H. P. Mody the disappointed member of the Bombay Bar and now a paid "President" of the Mill-owners' Association it is enough to say that his name appeared in the supplementary list after vain efforts to find a more decent representative of the business community of Bombay. That business community has expressed its opinion in no uncertain terms that none of the "invitees" represented any section of business of commercial community in the City of Bombay or in the Bombay Presidency. As for the "public life" of Mr. H. P. Mody he began a quarter of century behind and has never advanced an inch.

SIR IBRAHIM.

Sir Ibrahim Rahimtulla, it is said, is now a candidate for election to the President's char of the Legislative Assembly. His name appeared in the supplementary list. As for his election to the Legislative Assembly by a Muslim constituency, let the facts attending recent elections speak for themselves, as I have already stated enough as to the nature of the last elections to the legislatures. Whatever interest Sir Ibrahim had in business or trade, he retired from it when he became a member of the Bombay Executive Council, and he knows more than anybody else how little he represents the business or mercantile community in the city or in the Presidency.

DR. AMBEDKAR AND MR. JADHAV.

Dr. Ambedkar and Mr. Jadhav are there only to swell the number rendered possible by artificial divisions of the Hindu community to find representatives. Who is a greater representative of the depressed classes than Mahatmaji; and yet it is said that those who condemn him are the representatives of those whom it is one of the missions of Mahatmaji to uplift. No jobs and no political votes will uplift the depressed classes. It is the education of the social conscience of the community that will achieve the purpose and not the assumption of the "leadership" of Dr. Ambedkar and Mr. Jadhav.

A GENERAL REVIEW.

I should like to write a few words with reference to the general character of the personnel of the Round Table Conference. As for Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru and the public opinion which he alleges to represent it appears from the newspapers published in his province that when he started for his inglorious voyage, to use his friends expression, "not even a dog barked in the City of Allahabad". The head of them all, the School Master purposely overrated by the British, with the "freedom" of the City of London conferred upon him is said to be now engaged in a verbal controversy as to the value of the Simon Commission Report and the actual organisation of the work of the present invitees to the Round Table Conference which bids fair to perpetuate India's bondage. If he had been a real servant of India as his master was he ought to have declined to take part in this unrepresentative conclave.

BACKBONE OF INDIA IGNORED

Among the invitees there are some landlords and some who claim to be intellectuals; but there is an utter and entire absence of anybody who can claim to represent the backbone of India: the peasantry numbering 73 per cent of the total population and who can speak for them except Mahatmaji or those whom he deputes. The invitees have failed to grasp the one fundamental fact that the Indian movement is now the mass movement. It is a matter of sincere regret that these gentlemen (and I am eliminating from the present description the two ladies who are said to represent the women of the country) should not have considered it their plain duty to tell the British Government that in as much as they do not and cannot represent any section of public opinion, it is idle for them to take part in this Conference. One does not so much mind their going to the Conference in response to the "invitation", except that India has got to pay for them. But what one does mind is that they should not still discover that they do not represent any section of the public opinion in India to-day"

31 SATYAGRAHIS OF DHOLERA JAILED IN 3 DAYS

—:o:—

"Saurashtra" Editor & Other Congressmen Classed As "C" Class Prisoners

(Through Dholera Satyagraha Committee.)

RANPUR, Oct. 9.

Sjt. Hargovind Pandya, Editor "Saurashtra" and eight Sardar of the Dholera Satyagraha, who was arrested under the Ordinance some two months back and kept in Dhandhuka sub-jail, along with Kakalbhai Kothary and other undertrials was suddenly called to-day by Mr. Usufji, Magistrate and awarded six months R. I. and Rs. 100/- fine or in default six weeks more and "C" class. The whole Barwala batch of 30 volunteers of which 22 were tried by the second class Magistrate of Bukhari and the rest by Mr. Usufji was yesterday awarded six months R. I. and Rs. 100/- and Rs. 50/- fine, or in default six weeks and eight weeks respectively with "C" class for all except one. Sjt. Hargovind Pandya, Editor, "Saurashtra", Bhagvanji Mehta of Amreli, eleventh Sardar of Dholera Satyagraha who is a nephew of Doctor Jivraj Mehta, Jayantilal Acharya, tenth Sardar of Dholera Satyagraha who is a well-known Gujarati playwright enjoys high social public position in Karachi and a good number of highly cultured Collegian volunteers coming from respectable families have been given the maximum sentence and "C" Class. Mr. Kakalbhai Kothary the accused defended under the orders of the Dholera "War Council". The case of Karsondas Manek the twelth Sardar of Dholera Satyagraha will be taken up to-morrow. In these three days in all 42 men have been sentenced.

Sardar Deviben is touring in the district.

IN PRAISE OF "FAIR" PICKETERS

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Sometime back the "Leader" published the following:—

When lovely woman stoops to acts
Like picketing or lecturing,
And finds too soon her plans
With some poor persecuted being,
She washes off the last faint trace
Of beauty from her ugly face."

In appreciation of the glorious, self-sacrificing and noble work undertaken by the lady picketers, beg leave to dedicate the following lines, not to these fair picketers—as their meritorious work is beyond any dedication—but to the Editor of the "Leader."

When lovely woman soars to picket
And finds too soon her plans succeeding,
What art can call her actions wicked,
What praise can paint her charms regreshing!
The only praise her soul to offer,
To show her merits to every eye.
To give repentence to her scoffer
And wring his bosom is—to picket aye!

PHEROZE J. MISTRI.

ANTI-NATIONAL PROPAGANDA

—:o:—

The following leaflets is being distributed in Bombay:—

AIDS TO BUSINESS.

HOW BOMBAY MERCHANTS COULD HELP THEMSELVES.

Calcutta Merchants are not now being hindered in their businesses by Congress Pickets. They were. But being Men of Action as well as of Business, realising that their All was at Stake, they took matters into their own hands, hence

THE BLUE BADGE PICKETS.

It is up to US to consider this question. What has been done in Calcutta could be improved upon in Bombay. At present we are the losers. With some such arrangement as the above we should be the gainers. Are we behind the Calcutta merchants in initiative? Or, is it that we Bombay merchants lack courage to resist the ruinous and unwarranted interference in our business activities by self-interested parties with nothing at stake—CONGRESS.

Where is our initiative? Our pride? Our self-respect? Our business abilities? Is it that these are dormant???

In Calcutta Cloth is moving freely: Markets are open: New Contracts are being entered into daily. Calcutta Merchants openly laugh at the weakness of we Bombay Merchants in allowing ourselves to be so easily dominated and led astray by self-interested parties with a false sense of patriotism.

Let us awake. We have an example before us. Let us follow it.

A WILLING BOMBAY MERCHANT.

OBSCENE.

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—I always thought that the Britishers are a chivalrous race and have a great respect for women. But the filthy letter which has appeared in the columns of the "Times of India" in its issue dated the 8th instant, has come to me as a rude shock. Such a disgusting letter ought not to have disgraced a paper which has any claim to decency.

But the "Times" has been notoriously mischievous in this respect. Its columns headed "Through Indian Eyes" will remain a source of abiding shame for it. But this letter surpasses the "Times'" past achievements as regards its connotations. It has given me extra pain, for the manner in which the writer of the letter has attacked my co-religionists, the Muslim shopkeepers of the Bhendi Bazar area, is simply galling. The writer seems to be a man of perverted mentality, setting social decencies aside. He does not seem to have been gifted with any sisters or daughters or any female relative, otherwise he would not have indulged in talk like this. I fully trust the Muslim population of Bombay in general and that of Bhendi Bazar in particular will not let this slur go without a suitable reply.—Yours, etc.,

"A MUSLIM."

Oct. 9.

ANTI-BOYCOTT LEAFLETS.

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Daily, thousands and thousands of handbills are being distributed among the public of Bombay against the boycott or picketing of the foreign goods, under different "nom-de-plumes."

May I ask these courageous men to put down their names instead of some fancy words such as "A Willing Bombay Merchant," 'Bapuji" etc. We, the citizens of Bombay, at least know the power of this weapon, "Boycott," which is telling upon foreign countries, and the only weapon we have, which our so-called self-styled "Well-Wisher" advise us to drop. Can we do so? No. Let the worst come to the worse. We shall sacrifice not only our trade, but our life itself in the cause of our Mother-country.

Let me say to the "A Willing Bombay Merchant" to mind his own trade in foreign cloth, and if he can, carry on his business—but let him not try to show his patriotism to us, the game is up. Now we fully understand the true meaning of such advices. So please let him not waste his money (if it at all it comes from his pocket) and energy as well.—Yours, etc.,

HOOSEINNALLY R. JANMOHAMED.

BIG SWADESHI DRIVE IN BOMBAY

—:o:—

Swadeshi Week In November

SEVEN SWADESHI EXHIBITIONS

The Bombay Swadeshi League has by now won for itself a privileged position among those institutions in the city whose work is national service. It has organised a series of highly instructive lectures on the main economic problems of the country; it has published a Swadeshi League Information Box in the "Bombay Chronicle" daily for almost a month giving a classified list of Swadeshi manufacturers; it has trained Swadeshi propagandist workers, and published Indian Economic leaflets; and it has in the press a classified directory of Swadeshi manufacturers. It issues a weekly supplement to "The Chronicle" containing advertisements of Swadeshi goods; it has conducted an exhaustive census of the cloth shops in the city, the results of which are shortly to be published. It is conducting in addition a Census of all the shops to ascertain the extent and variety of Swadeshi articles sold in the city; and it has issued an elaborate questionaire to nearly 2000 manufacturers in India to ascertain the extent to which their articles are genuinely Swadeshi.

A BIG DRIVE.

The League now proposes to turn its attention particularly to the citizens of Bombay. Bombay has ong been notorious for its enormous import of foreign goods, a good portion of which is consumed in the city itself. The existence of such a position is inconsistent with true Swadeshism. and the League, therefore, proposes to undertake a big Swadeshi drive in the city. With a view to accomplish this object, it is proposed to inaugurate a Bombay Swadeshi Week during the second week of November. Lectures, processions, meetings, pamphets, special supplements to the local newspapers, concerts, and Swadeshi stamps—these are a few items which will meet the attention of the citizens of Bombay during the course of this eventful week. But the most important as well as the most novel feature of the week will be the opening of Seven Swadeshi Exhibitions in seven different parts of the city on the seven different days of the Week. The Exhibitions will display in most attractive form the extent and variety of Swadeshi articles available which can meet the daily needs of an average Bombay citizen. There shall also be a special section for women and children. The exhibitions will be opened by eminent public men and will be followed by an interesting programme of lectures, concerts and other variety entertainments.

It is thus hoped to provide the public of Bombay with an accurate and concrete knowledge of how they can make Swadeshism an actual part and parcel of their daily lives. And the League is confident that the completion of the Swadeshi Week will find the city of Bombay the centre of Swadeshi movement in India

The co-operation of manufacturers of Swadeshi articles is earnestly solicited for making the Week a success. Manufacturers of Swadeshi goods are requested to send seven sets of the samples of goods manufactured by them which will be returned on the completion of the Week. As the hiring of the halls, printing of handbills etc. will cost money, manufacturers will be charged a small fee for exhibiting their goods in the League's Exhibition. The fee will be only such as to enable the organisers to cover the bare costs as it is not intended to make any money out of their exhibition.

A fee of Rs. 20/- will be charged to each manufacturer for exhibiting one set of goods in all the seven exhibitions. For further details, apply to:

The Jt. Hon. Secretaries,
The Bombay Swadeshi League,
Blavatsky Lodge, BOMBAY.

Intending exhibitioners should write to the secretaries not later than the 22nd of October.

LORD IRWIN ISSUE NINTH ORDINANCE

(Continued from page 1.)

the unlawful association is connected.

SYMPATHY AGAIN.

I have further requested the Local Governments to consider with sympathy the return to third parties of property occupied or attached under the Ordinance provided that it is not required for purposes of Government and that the third party concerned gives assurances to the satisfaction of the local Government in regard to its future use.

TAKE WARNING.

I desire, however, to make it clear that these instructions primarily relate to associations which are now unlawful or are declared to be unlawful immediately after promulgation of this Ordinance and will not ordinarily extend to case of property used for the purpose of any association that may thereafter be declared unlawful. All those whom it may concern should, therefore, take due warning against the lease or other disposition of property to any association or any person connected therewith whose presence or future activities may render the association liable to be declared unlawful.

MORE TEARS.

I greatly deplore the necessity by which I have been constrained to make and promulgate this Ordinance and other cognate measures of emergency But I am persuaded that in the force of public opinion which is to an increasing extent being directed against the grave injury which the Civil Disobedience movement is causing to the country is exerted yet more effectively to resist its activities and to demand of those responsible for it that it shall be ended and if public opinion is supported in this resolution by action and conduct of individual citizens each in his respective sphere or interest, influence and responsibility there will be a speedy restoration of such conditions of order and tranquility as may enable me to regard these measures as no longer necessary.

IRWIN,
Viceroy and Governor-General.

LEGAL POSITION EXPLAINED

—:o:—

Can Viceroy Re-enact Ordinances

From Our Special Correspondent.

SIMLA, Oct. 10.

Mussoorie talks apparently have provoked Government to issue another Ordinance this being more drastic than any hitherto enacted, for it authorises Government to occupy immoveable property and forfeit moveabe property used for purposes of associations which have been declared unlawful. Thus this Ordinance is aimed at using almost to extreme powers of emergency legislation which the Viceroy possesses in order to fight the Congress Movement and what is more to arm the authorities against what the Government thinks is a possible move of setting up of parallel institutions.

FUTURE CONGRESS POLICY.

Only such property owners are to get compensation or relief as prove to the satisfaction of local Government that though their property was used by unlawful associations they have neither directly nor indirectly associated themselves with the movement itself. This Ordinance thus tries to anticipate the development of Congress policy in the future and meet it beforehand.

THOSE OLD ORDINANCES.

But the question of interest arises. What of the eight Ordinances previously enacted. Of these Sholapur one has already been cancelled, while the Conspiracy Case Ordinance lapses. Peshawar Ordinances may be replaced shortly. The Bengal Criminal Law Ordinance has already been replaced by an Act of Legislature. Of the remaining four, two relate to the Press and News Sheets and these are due to expire by the end of this month. While the other two relating to picketing and social boycott will expire by end of November.

LEGAL PANDITS.

The question of interest is what will happen to these? Can they be re-enacted the view of constitutionalists is that they cannot be re-enacted especially as during their currency Government was faced with an Assembly Session and never came up with a proposal for Legislation. But while legally re-enactment may be ruled out, the question may yet arise whether the continuance of emergency, if proved, can be met by enacting another Ordinance after a brief interval, or by summoning an emergency session of Assembly by the end of November or early in January.

MORE SPECULATIONS.

These delicate questions are still subject of discussion here and no final decisions seems to have been arrived at as to whether after the four Ordinances lapse the Assembly should be approached for proper Legislative sanction to emergency powers which the Government has used during the summer.

STOCKS AND SHARES.

"MR. & MRS. SPECULATOR" RETURN FROM LONG HONEYMOON

Normal Trading Restored.

Bombay, Oct. 10.

Several members who are reported to have done forward business in denance of the ban yesterday are required by the Board as stated in their notice to submit their names in sealed envelops. Those who will fail to send in their names voluntarily are threatened with serious consequence. To-day some members of the Board were picketing against any member who was found doing forward business. This picketing was very successful and no forward business was done to-day.

To-morrow, the market will reopen for both cash and forward business. "Mr. and Mrs. Speculator" will return from their long honeymoon as the removal of the ban on forward as well as cash business becomes effective from to-morrow!!

The general feeling is much better and recent sales of cloth by Bombay Mills have restored confidence among operators. During ensuing Divali days, sales of cloth are expected to reach a total of about 50,000 bales. A drastic decrease in the imports of foreign cloth is expected to have a lasting effect on the demand of mill cloth. Except some irregular price changes, the market is not likely to show any material change.

Following business was done to-day on cash terms:—

Indian Mfg. 1120
E. D. Sassoon 0/8
Kasturchand 13/10, 13/8
Khatau 106/14
Premier 1/2
Solapur 1490
Amritsar Patdi 116
Shialkot 86/6
Larkhana 82
Imperial Bank 1225
Central Bank 14/13
Andhra O. 625
Tata Power O. 463/12. 455/10
Tata Power Pref. 1122/8, 1125/
Tram Pref. 64/8
Tata Hydro Defd. 107/4
Katni Defds. 620
Oriental Life 1640
New India 17/14
Vulcan 5/14
Scindia 8/2, 7/14
Tata Steel 2nd P. 54/4, 53/12
Tata Oil 12/8
Telephone 42
Burma New 231/4
B. B. Petrol 3/3, 3/2/6

AMERICAN COTTON MARKETS.

Weakness In Wall-Street Influence Liquidation.

MARKET QUIET BUT STEADY.

Bombay, Oct. 10.

Yesterday the New York Cotton futures market advanced 12 points during the early part on higher Liverpool Cables. Later on prices declined 24 points from the highest level on weakness of Wall Street and long liquidation. Towards the close prices recovered and closed at a net decline of 1 to 4 points. Spot Cotton prices closed unchanged at 10.20c.

The New Orleans Cotton futures market ruled quiet but steady and closed at a decline of 2 to 4 points. Spot Cotton prices declined 3 points to 10.02c.

The Liverpool Cotton futures market opened firm at a rise of 6 points on large short covering. The firm tone was maintained throughout the day and the session ended in a rise of 6 to 7 points. Middling American Spot Cotton prices advanced 7 points to 5.63d. per lb. and sales amounted to 6,000 bales.

Empire Cotton futures advanced 6 points and Egyptian Sakels advanced 12 points.

SUPPLEMENT TO BUREAU REPORT.

Since September 1st, the crop prospects have declined by 46,000 bales in Texas, 25,000 bales in Mississippi and 17,000 bales in Tennessee. These losses have been more than compensated by an increase of 80,000 bales in Georgia, 51,000 in North Carolina, 42,000 in Alabama, 20,000 in Arkansas and 16,000 in Louisiana.

Picking and ginning have unusually advanced in Texas and Oklahoma. In Alabama and Mississippi, however, the percentage of crop ginned up to October 1st is less than the usual percentage, while the crop ginned in other sections is about average.

PROSPECTS OF PARITY IN PRICES.

Messrs. Thos. Smith and Co., state that the continued weakness in wheat and securities is reflecting in cotton despite better trade buying. By this time ginnings may have amounted to about 30 lac B/s. and further heavy ginnings during the next four weeks may hold down any advance. However, present low prices do not encourage selling "short" in view of improving textile trade even though the 10 cent level may perhaps be broken. By the end of November, the peak of crop movement in America may have been substantially reduced while the pressure of crop movement in India will commence. With the present parity between Indian and Americans or should it narrow further, we consider it advisable to buy March New York against sales of Broach, as want of holding power in India will again force local prices under American parity later on.

Hornby:—Weakness in stock market affecting Cotton and Wheat.

Reuter.—Market early advasced on higher Liverpool advices but reacted later on weakness of Wall Street and liquidation.

Bombay, Oct. 10.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cables:—

1.10 p.m.: Greenville cables: Textiles quiet during the past week awaiting Bureau, expect resumption of activity now with prices firm if Futures market remains steady. Many mills covered short hedges scale down during past fortnight. Large open orders scale down beginning slightly under present level. Rapid progress harvesting continued, heavy ginning likely throughout October. Estimate South Carolina not exceeding 950,000 running bales.

3.45 p.m.: New York: Hedge selling and Wall St. selling in sympathy with weak Stock market.

New York 9th: Prices early advanced on the constructuve view placed on the New Orleans meeting of the Government and Cotton Officials called for Monday next to formulate a cotton relief programme, and on higher Liverpool advices; later declined on weakness of Wall St. and liquidation.

PRIVATE CABLES.

New York January Highest 10.54 (10.21 a.m.)
New York lowest 10.30 (2.19 p.m.)

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, October 9.

December 10.32 minus .01
January 10.38 minus .04
December (New Contract) 10.29 minus .03
January (New Contract) 10.38 minus .04
March (New Contract) 10.60 minus .02
May (New Contract) 10.78 minus .04
July (New Contract) 10.96 minus .02
Middling Spot 10.20.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.
New York, October 9.

October 10.03 minus .02
January 10.37 minus .04
Middling Spot 10.02 minus .03

New York, 10.55 a.m.:
(As koown in Liverpool at closing time.)

October (New Contract) Unquoted.
January (New Contract) 10.50
March (New Contract) 10.68

New York 11 a.m.

October (New Contract) Unquoted.
January (New Contract) 10.49
March (New Contract) 10.69

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.
New York, October 9.

Day's receipts at all U. S. Ports 63,000 bales.
Day's exports to Great Britain 11,000 bales.
Day's exports to the Continent 47,000 bales.

INDIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, October 9.

Scinde, Fully Good 3.40 plus .05
Scinde, Fine 3.65 plus .05
Scinde, Superfine 3.75 plus .05
Bengal, Good 3.15 plus .05
Bengal Fully Good 3.40 plus .05
Bengal, Fine 3.65 plus .05
Oomra, Good 3.30 plus .05
Oomra Fully Good 3.60 plus .05
Oomra, Fine 3.90 plus .05
Brtach Fully Good 4.00 plus .05
Broach, Fine 4.20 plus .05
Broach Superfine 4.50 plus .05

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.
Bombay, Oct. 10.

F. P. Bales.	1930-31	1929-30
Receipts to date		
9-10-30	3033000	2558000
Receipts Yesterday		
9-10-30	63000	71000
Exports to date		
9-10-30	1437000	1211000
Stock at Ports		
3-10-30	2723000	1277000
Stock Interior Towns		
3-10-30	949000	727000
Stock Liverpool		
3-10-30	732000	700000
Visible Supply		
3-10-30	5151000	3106000
Quantity in Sight		
3-10-30	3359000	3499000
Quantity out of Sight		
3-10-30	1309000	2147000

EGYPTIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, October 9.

November 8.53 plus .12
December 8.58 plus .17
January 8.59 plus .12
March 8.77 plus .12
May 8.92 plus .12
July 9.05 plus .15
Sakellaridi, F. G. F. Spot 9.55 plus .10

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Oct. 10.

Following a small decline of 4 points in New York Cotton futures, the local cotton market opened at Rs. 193/8 for Broach A-M. delivery. There is marked absence of any business and prices fluctuated half a rupee on both ways from the opening level. Low level of prices dishearten bears to take an aggressive stand while sagging tendency of American Cotton prices makes it difficult to take a constructive stand. Thus in the absence of any definite trend of prices, the market is fluctuating within a narrow range on buying and selling of jobbers. Liverpool opening advices were quiet at a decline of 5 points. Prices in the local market advanced to Rs. 194/8 but again ruled easy and closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

Broach 193/8
Oomra 163
Bengal 134/12

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.
Bombay, Oct. 10.
Since 1st September.

In full-pressed Bales.

Yesterday:	This year.	
Khandesh	53	4,264
Central India	245	6,557
Barsi and Nagar	73	2,258
Hyderabad-Gaorani		1,867
Berar	307	11,459
Central Provinces		8,020
Total Oomras	678	34,455
Dholera		3,850
N.-W. Provinces	990	3,433
Raputana		1,062
Sind-Punjab	196	2.059
Broach	118	1,480
Coompta & Dharwar	27	7,326
Westerns-Northerns		3,118
Cocoanada.		
Tinnevelly Cambodia		5,617
Persian.		
American		2,194
Egyptian and African	111	13,703
Comilla, Burma & other sorts		115
Total	2,120	78.467

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.
Bombay, Oct. 10.
1st Sept. to 2nd Oct.

In full-pressed Bales.

Yesterday.	This year.	
Europe	385	50,326
Japan & China	8,943	1,42,817
Coast Ports		854
Up-country by Rail		10,051
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan		51,030
Total	9,328	2,55,078

READY COTTON SALES.
Bombay, Oct. 10.

100 Ralli Bros. Kosi 140½
52 G. G. Kesha & Co. Yeotmal 159½
200 Ralli Bros. Beawar 141
21 Damji Kalyanji Khaneval 110
200 Japan T & Co. Banusa 162½
41 Do. Malkapur 161
45 A. Damodar Pipalgaon 158
65 Arjan Khimji Vadhiar 163
54 Do. Do. 163
100 P. Crystal & Co. Hinganghat 163½
100 Do. Firozabad 128
100 Gill & Co. Dabhoi 184
70 Bussan & Co. Wun 164

SAMPIN QUOTATIONS.
Bombay, Oct. 10.

October	137.30+3.50
January	126.00+3.60
April	119.60 1.80

THE SEEDS TRADERS ASSN.
Bombay, Oct. 10.

Castorseeds Delivery May Opening Rs. 34/9 Lowest Rs. 33/11 Closing Rs. 33/12

Groundnut Seeds Delivery Feb. Opening Rs. 30/14 Lowest Rs. 30/8 Closing Rs. 30/10

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Oct. 10.

	Rs. a. p.
Mint Gold Ready	21-7-9
Mint Gold 1st Settlement	21-5-6
Mint Fold 2nd	21-6-6
Silver Ready	47-8-0
Silver 1st Settlement	47-5-0
Silver 2nd	47-6-0

WHEAT CHACAGO MARKET.

Dec. per bushel dol. 77-1/8 down 1-3/4.
Mar. per bushel dol. 80-3/4 down 2-1/8.
May per bushel dol. 83-3/4 down 1-7/8.

ARGENTINE LINSEED QUOTATIONS.

Nov. 14.40—32.
Feb. 13.37—31.

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN MARKETS.

Liverpool May (Expected) equal 5.80 difference 140 pts. equal Rs. 61.

Broach A-M. (Expected) Rs. 194 equal 4.40 dicerence 140 pts. equal Rs. 61.

New York May (Close) 10.78 equal 4.40 difference 140 pts. equal Rs. 43.

Broach A-M. (Expected) Rs. 194 equal 4.40 difference 99 pts. equal Rs. 43.

LIVERPOOL-NEW YORK.

(At Liverpool close) Jan 78, May 31 (American points).

LIVERPOOL WHEAT QUOTATIONS:

Liverpool. Oct. 9.

Oct. close at 5/11s. 1/2d.—0.
Dec. close at 5/10s. 1/2d. 0.
Mar. close at 5/10s. 1/2d. up 3/8d.

THE ROUND TABLE CONFERENCE.

(Continued from Page 8.)

pendent Britain and Independent India. After all, the two populations are branches of the same Aryan stock. But the bureaucratist and militarist "Roman pride" and the short-sighted suicidal capitalist and mammonist greed think otherwise. And the Christian and Hindu scriptures say that "pride goeth before destruction" and that "lust, hate, and greed make the triple gateway into hell."

THE 'MAYA' OF WORDS.

What do our brothers of the other political schools, especially the Liberals, say to this demand by Mahatmaji for the substance of independence and his way to achieve it? They say this, in effect. "It is very bad of the British Government not to bestow Dominion Status on India in response to our prayers; it is worse still of the Congress to resort to methods of 'direct action'; the 'indirect' action of tongue and pen is enough; no eulogy is too high for the benevolent sincerity of Mr. Benn and Lord Irwin; the opportunity should not be missed, on any account, to compel the British to confer Dominion Status on us, by sheer force or resistless 'constitutional' 'eloquence'; if this golden opportunity is missed, another will never come again; Mahatma Gandhi missed a great opportunity once, when Lord Reading invited him; he had now caused the failure of the peace negotiations; he has missed another golden opportunity; 'we' must not miss it; let us make the best of it."

Great is the maya of words. Great is the diplomacy of the Ministers of Britain; greater, the astuteness of their wire-pullers, the capitalists and militarists; greatest, the power of self-deception of our good Liberal brothers. Even as the motor-car surpasses the horse-car in locomotion, even so, in circumvention, does 'Occidental cunning' surpass 'Oriental cunning' —an expression often to be met with in English books.

WHO IS RESPONSIBLE?

How has Mahatmaji spoilt the negotiations? Do not negotiations imply mutuality, a wish to give and take? Was there any such wish even hinted at publicly on behalf of the British regime? Did not the mediators expressly declare at the very outset, that the interviews with the 'prisoners' were of the mediators' seeking and 'not' the officials? Did not Lord Irwin emphasize this same point with elegant indirectness in his letter to the mediators' for would not any advances on the part of a great Government towards small prisoners have been 'infra dignitatem' and 'contra prestigium'? (By the way, the last word according to the dictionary, means 'delusion' in Latin).

Does the last public pronouncement of Lord Irwin show 'any' advance upon, any difference from, his position on the 31st October and again on the 23rd December, 1929? What new thing' has been done since then by the British regime' to justify the Liberals in changing 'their' position as taken up by their representatives side by side with the Congress leaders and embodied in their joint reply, dated 2nd and 4th November, 1929, to the Viceregal pronouncement of the 31st October? A few well-worded utterances by Lord Irwin couched in a vein of virtuous missionary benevolence, with scriptural touches here and there—but 'never' budging an inch from the first position—is not this all the new thing done? But if so, then is this righteousness, or only self-righteousness? Great is the glamour of words! But are we not taught that by their 'deeds' shall men be judged, and not by their 'words'? What have Mr. Benn and Lord Irwin 'done,' that you, my dear Liberal brothers, are going into ecstasies of praise over their sincerity and their genuine love for India? Their policy is seen in Black Ordinances and some forty thousand imprisonings, and 'lathi charges' which even you find yourself forced by your conscience to condemn now and then; is it not? Mr. Benn was reported by the papers sometime back to have said that the methods of Dyer and O'Dwyer were not open to the Labour Government; but the real masters and wire-pullers of that Government have known and shown how to make them open to it, have they not? It is all done for the sake of law and order, of course; but what law and order? The law and order which promotes the general welfare of the people, or only that law and order which promotes the pay, power, prestige, privilege, and pleasure, of the Bureaucracy, and makes ever stronger its grip upon the People and ever greater the devitalising exploitation of them by the British Rothermeres? India did not know Mr. Benn before he became Secretary of State; but it has known his Chief, Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, for much longer; has Mr. MacDonald behaved any better to India than Mr. Lloyd George? Has he not behaved even worse? Mr. George has been called by his own countrymen an unprincipled opportunist and clap-trapper in politics; yet he never held out any such hopes to India as Mr. MacDonald has done. He, on the contrary, as Prime Minister, very plainly, very truly, very suggestively, said to an Indian deputation which 'waited on him': "Gentlemen, you say you want Swaraj; if you 'really' wanted Swaraj, you could have it 'to-day.'" (Incidentally, I invite my good Liberal brothers to interpret 'what' this means—'direct action' or endless talk). Mr. MacDonald, on the other hand, a few months before entering into power as Prime Minister, publicly expressed the hope that India would attain to Dominion Status within 'months' rather than 'years.' The second year is passing since his installation, and the hope is as much wrapped up in thick folds of diplomatic non-committal language as ever it was in the hands of Conservatives and (English) Liberals. Mr. MacDonald, Mr. Benn, Lord Irwin, are not only abstract and lofty office-holders, but also concrete human beings of flesh and blood, with intellects, consciences, personalities, and souls to keep or to lose of their own, like other human beings not in office. Why have they found themselves unable to give the 'personal assurance' that Mahatma Gandhi wanted? Such a personal assurance would have been proof to 'him,' and, through him, to the whole of India, of 'their' good faith, and, through them, of the trustworthiness of a fair proposition at least of those whom they represent and whose agents they are.

FOR SAKE OF A PRINCIPLE.

If Mahatmaji, who is, to put the world's verdict in the mildest form, 'not a smaller personality' than the three gentlemen; if Pandit Motilal, Pandit Malaviya, Mrs. Sarojini Nadu, Mr. V. J. Patel and some others, who have as distinguished abilities for Parliamentary and administrative and other public work as they; if hundreds of others who have no smaller capacities than the twelve hundred odd Lords and Commons of England and the three or four thousand I.C.S., I.M.S., I.E.S., I.P.S.'s &c. of India, if, now something like forty thousand others, who will compare not unfavourably with Englishmen or with Indian public servants of the same opportunities, rank for rank and grade for grade:—if all these can afford to go to jail for the sake of a principle, why cannot Messrs. MacDonald and Benn and Lord Irwin give a personal assurance, and 'risk' nothing more than their 'salaried posts' for the sake of that principle, if they are really so much in sympathy with it as they profess to be, and thereby at once stop all the horrors now in progress—of overcrowded jails nationalist hospitals filled with the bludgeoned and the wounded, distraints of poor men's property, and many excesses under cover of law and order by the police, and also some, here and there very rarely by the public, and the outbreak of communal riots instigated by interested third parties, and now sporadic bombing by members of the violence-against-violence school of politics?

The last Simla Review of the situation, dated 23rd September, 1930, speaks of "the intransigeance of the Congress leaders during the peace conversations." What transigeance have the Government leaders shown?

Our Liberal brothers are indeed allowing themselves to be hypnotised by mere words—their own as well as the official.

(To Be Continued).

ARBITRATION AND THE LAW COURTS.

(Continued from Page 8.)

tice agreed that the effect of the article was to make arbitration a condition precedent to any right of action, but added: "Whatever the article means, it cannot under the ordinary law bind non-members. In order to bind non-members, it will be necessary to show that it has been given some special statutory effect."

COURT'S JURISDICTI .. .... OUSTED.

As to by-law 36, the Chief Justice said: "I can see nothing in that clause to made arbitration a condition precendent to the right to bring an action. It seems to me to be an ordinary provision for referring disputes to arbitration, and such a provision does not in any way oust the jurisdiction of the court. If an action is brought in respect of a matter covered by the arbiration cause, the defendant can apply under the Indian Arbitration Act to stay the action, but it is not open to him to say that the action does not lie." The Chief Justice therefore held that the learned Judge was wrong in holding that the action would not lie and added: "It has been argued that if the Bombay Cotton Contracts Act has made arbitration compulsory under either Act, 96 or by-law 38 so as to oust the jurisdiction of the Court, it was not competent for the legislature to poss such an enactment. In the view I take of the matter, it is not necessary to consider that question, because I think that Art. 96 does not apply at all to this contract, and I think that by-law 38 is merely an ordinary provision for arbitration which does not in any way oust the jurisdiction of the Court." Baker J. said: "The question of whether the local Legislative Council have the power to pass any Act of the kind is one which does not arise." (The Appeal Court dismissed the appeal of the plaintiffs on a different ground.)

BENEVOLENT ATTITUDE.

Summarising the position, it may be stated that the Courts will not countenance any agreement which completely deprives them of jurisdiction to deal with matters of a justiciable nature; but short of that, they will look upon conciliation and arbitration with benevolence. A constructive spirit is in the air. Let us then avail ourselves of the facilities for avoiding law courts, which the Law itself allows. A good deal can be done in this directions in every city and district, if the public and the legal profession co-operate in order to avoid recourse to law courts.

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.
Bombay, Oct. 10.

Broach	183/187
Bengal	138/142
Mathia	154/161
Khandesh	158/162
Akola/Khamgaon	160/164
Nagpur/Wardha	164/171
Barsi/Kurduwadi	158/162
Jalna/Aurangabad	159/163
Nagar/Vambori	157/162
Purna/Parbani	159/164
Khandwa/Sanavad	162/166
Indore/Ujjain	162/169
Miraj/Sangli	206/220
Coompta	208/216
Tirupur/Cambodia	243/272

MANCHESTER CLOTH AND YARNS.

Cloth and Yarns:—There has apparently been more business under consideration, but buyers are at present hesitating, pending today's Bureau report.

20's Water Bundles This Week 8 3/4—9 3/4d. per lb.

30's Water Bundles This Week 10 1/2—11 1/2d. per lb.

40's Mule Bundles This Feek 11 1/8—13 3/8d. per lb.

Egyptian 60's This Week 19—21d per lb.

WHEAT CABLES.

"Opinion really guesswork. Think market would respond quickly to any "Bull" factor. Doubt much decline, "shorts" nervous, price reasonably low."

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"BEHIND THE NEWS IN INDIA."

—:o:—

"Negro World's" Analysis Of Indian Situation.

The "Negro World", a weekly journal published in New York writes in its latest issue received in India, in the course of an article under the captain "Behind the News in India":—

"The British government in India is leading an abnormal life, to put it gracefully. It has armed itself to its teeth with all kinds of laws and ordinances and still feels insecure and lives from one moment to another in perpetual alarm.

The bloodless revolution sponsored by Mahatma Gandhi has spread all over the country. All classes, communities and religions have come forward to the support of the Revolution. Even some of the princes and their premiers have openly declared their sympathy with the people.

The effect of boycott upon British goods has been very exemplary. Athough few dispatches are carried abroad discussing what the English business men in India think of the Government policy, the British newspapers in India are urging on their behalf that the Government should make peace with the Nationalists and allow them to resume their business.

And this presssure has brought the Government to the point where it has opened peace negotiations unofficially with Mahatma Gandhi and his lieutenants in jail, permitting them to have a secret council. From what little has leaked from the council of the most distinguished prisoners it seems the hopes of peace are very meagre. No assurances of a "substance of independence," nor any concessions are made by or on behalf of the British government. But Gandhi and his colleagues have proffered peace if both Government in India and Great Britain are willing to go on record and put forward as their policy Dominion Status and give amnesty to all political prisoners.

"DIABOLICALLY CLEVER."

To neutrals, it seems that the Nationalists, considering the strength they have gained, have modified their insistence upon independence beyond all expectations. But it seems the MacDonald government cannot afford to either accept or reject these terms. A labour member has already cursed Mahatma Gandhi for his astute diplomatic move and characterized his terms as "diabolically clever." Of course, the British should be prepared to meet if they can the very unexceptional statesmanship and diplomatic genius of the Indians.

We sympathize with the MacDonald government. It has spoiled its case by hesitancy and by clinging to office-holding. It has muddled things to such an extent that the Conservatives are threatening to kick it out of office. If the MacDonald Government has to fall let it at least fall on a daring issue, say, of accepting the mild peace terms of Mahatma Gandhi.

HARDSHIPS OF AN "A" CLASS PRISONER.

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chonicle".

Sir,—You have so far espoused in right earnest the just cause of civilized treatment of the political prisoners in Indian jails and raised an emphatic protest against the indignities inflicted on some Satyagraha prisoners, which are in a number of cases against the very spirit and letter of the law and the Jail rules. The ex-Speaker Mr. Patel has not even been spared. I would like to trouble you about the case of my brother Dr. Champaklal J. Ghia, a Nationalist leader of Surat, who was Chairman of the Municipal Schools Committee, was President of the City Congress Committee and of the Youth League, Surat. He is at present undergoing eight months' imprisonment in the Sabarmati Jail as an 'A' Class prisoner. About ten weeks ago, he began getting pain in his abdomen with loss of appetite and weight. The Superintendent of the Jail sent him to the Civil Hospital for diagnosis under X'Ray. The X'Ray could not be taken at the Civil Hospital, as the apparatus with the Hospital is not powerful enough for taking plates of the stomach and gall-bladder. The Civil Superintendent was requested by my brother to send him to Bombay for X'Ray diagnosis, but instead he was kept in the Civil Hospital for treatment. The treatment did him no good and he was sent back to the Prison, uncured and undiagnosed. Since the last fortnight he has been getting pains in the abdomen, low fever, and nausea, and he is gradually getting undermined in health. Another request was made for my brother's transfer to Bombay Jail, for X'Ray diagnosis. My brother even offered to go at his own expense. But for some reasons best known to the authorities, his simple request has been turned down. My brother used to get dyspeptic attacks lasting 8 or 10 days about 3 or 4 times in a year, but never was he so ill as he is now. It has been argued that since my brother chose to be in jail in spite of the knowledge of the disease and since the complaint is of long-standing, no harm would issue, if X'Ray is put off for another two and a half months, after which period he is due for release. I cannot understand the mentality and attitude of the authorities, who refuse on such untenable grounds a simple request of a transfer of an 'A' Class prisoner. Pain in the abdomen with low fever and weakness in absence of any definite diagnosis, may result in anything. Instances are on record of fatal results having occurred, in cases, where diagnosis has not been made in time. I have laid before you, Mr. Editor, the bare facts without in the least findnig fault with the authorities, but the facts are such as to warrant belief on the part of any impartial observer, that such behaviour on the part of the authorities concerned gives me, Dr. Ghia's wife and family a grave cause for anxiety and concern.—Yours, etc.,

CHHOTALAL J. GHIA.
Bombay, Oct. 6.

MISSIONARY'S BROKEN ROMANCE.

—:o:—

School Teacher Who Changed Her Mind.

With the arrival at Madras last month of Miss Evelyn Triggs, a young English school teacher, a four years' romance was shattered.

She made the journey to India with the intention of marrying the Rev. G. W. Bowker, of Stockport, at present a missionary in Madras. On landing, however, she told him that the wedding would have to be cancelled as she had changed her mind on the voyage.

The arrangements for the wedding had to be cancelled, and Mr. Bowker sent a cablegram to Mr. and Mrs. J. Bowker, his parents, who live at Stockport, informing them of his sweetheart's decision.

Mr. Bowker, (senior) interviewed said: "I refuse to believe the message is true, and I much doubt the authenticity of it." He said that he had received a cablegram from his son, but did not wish to give the actual words of the message.

It is understood that Miss Triggs is now attempting to obtain a post as a teacher in Madras.

SMALLEST PYGMIES KNOWN.

—:o:—

Discovery In The Congo.

Mr. Cornelius Bezuidenhout, a member of Lord Howard de Walden's British Museum expedition, was returned to Nairobi from Tturi Forest, on the Congo says a Capetown message.

He reports that the okapi, contrary to the general belief, is not a rare animal, but is one of the shyest. It is not usually encountetred on ordinary hunting expeditions, but by adopting extraordinary camouflages, and lying in thickets for days at a stretch, he obtained excellent photographs of it.

He also discovered the most primitive pygmies, who were much smallar than the tribes known at present. He made friends with them and learned much about their habits.

Largest Constituency In The World.

—:o:—

The new Speaker of the Canadian House of Commons (Mr. George Black), who is member for the Yukon, will have the unique distinction of representing the largest constituency in the world if the Government holds to its present intention of adding the North-west Territories to his present ground.

This will bring the grand total of the area for which Mr. Black stands up to 1,500,000 square miles, yet the electorate is exceeded by almost every constituency, being a mere handful of 11,000. It would take a really enterprising candidate who wished to visit his constituents personally in this division some four years to complete the calls.

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NO VICTIMISATION FOR POLITICAL VIEWS.

BENARES MUNICIPALITY'S PROTEST AGAINST REPRESSION.

:o:

BENARES, Oct. 4.

The following is a copy of the letter dated September 4, 1930, addressed by the Government of U. P. to the Commissioner of Benares Division and forwarded by the latter to the Chairman of the Municipal Board, Benares, asking for its explanation:—

"I am directed to reply to your endorsement No. 3341 XXIII 105 dated August 15, 1930, with which was forwarded a copy of a letter from the District Magistrate of Benares intimating that the Municipal Board of Benares had refused to accede to the recommendation of the Government that the Board should dismiss Babu Rameshwar Sahai Sinha its Educational Superintendent in view of the prominent part taken by him in political agitation directed against the Government.

"I am also to refer to proceedings No. 15 passed by the Municipal Board on Wednesday, July 9 last (copy forwarded with your letter No. 3431XXIII 13 of August 11) on the subject of arrest and imprisonment of Pandit Motilal Nehru, which was couched in disrespectful and objectionable language.

"I am to say that by passing the resolutions referred to above it appears to the Government that the Municipal Board has abused its powers within the meaning of section 30 of the Municipalities Act. I am, therefore, to ask you to call for an explanation from the Board under."

MUNICIPAL BOARD'S RESOLUTIONS.

The following is a copy of the Municipal Board's resolution passed on July 25, 1930, a reference to which is made in the Government's letter above:—

"(1) That in reply to his communication No. 242 D. M. dated July, 1930, the District Magistrate be informed that if Mr. Rameshwar Sahai Sinha, Superintendent of Education has in any manner taken part in any kind of unlawful political agitation, proceedings might be taken by the Government against him according to law, but in the opinion of the Board Mr. Sinha's summary dismissal by the Municipality for an alleged offence, punishable under the Indian Penal Code without any regular finding of a court of law against him, will not only be unjustifiable but would render the Board liable to a possible civil action.

"(2) The Board deeply regrets the tone of the letter from Government demanding the summary dismissal of the Superintendent of Education and places its deliberate opinion that it would be extremely unfair to withhold Government grants towards compulsory education if, for reasons already stated, the Board is unable to dismiss Mr. Sinha in the manner required. The Board further considers it highly iniquitous that it should be penalised for any action of its employees in any sphere outside its jurisdiction and control."

REPRESSIVE POLICY.

The following is a copy of the Board's resolution passed, on the occasion of Pandit Motilal's incarceration in July last.

"This Board is amazed at the action of the Government in incarcerating at this juncture a man like Pandit Motilal Nehruji who also would have brought about an atmosphere of goodwill and peace in the country so severely sought by the Government here in India and in England "This Board, while paying its respectful homage to this great patriot, places on record its considered opinion that the continuation of this repressive policy far from easing the situation will make matters worse.

"This Board further congratulates the venerable Pandit's coworkers. Dr. Syed Mahumd Babu Rajendra Prasad and Pandit Krishna Chandra Sharma.

"This meeting of the Board is adjourned as a protest against the incarceration of the aforesaid national workers."

BASHKIR STATE NATIONAL THEATRE.

Rapid Advance Under Soviet Regime.

(Through the Society for the Promotion of Cultural relations, Moscow).

(By G. SATTAROV.)

The Bashkirs, with fully justified pride, have called their theatre the offspring of October. The Bashkir National Theatre came to life in 1920. Its birthplace joined the ranks of the fighting forces of the Revolution from the very first day of its existence. In the years of the Civil War it put its budding, and as yet immature art at the services of the Red Army, and worked on several fronts. At the same time itinerant groups were set up, composed entirely of Bashkir worker and peasant youth, for the service of the village populations and the factories and mines of Bashkiria.

The 1921 famine for a time paralysed the activities of the theatre. In 1922, however, when the People's Commissariats of the Bashkir Republic were removed to the town of Ufa, the theatre developed wider activities and began to work out a style of its own. Until that time the Bashkir theatre had been under strong Tatar influence, actors from the Tatar theatre (Murtazin and others) having been the first cooperators in the early stage of the theatre. In 1924, Bashkir national drama having developed somewhat, the theatre began to show veritable Bashkir national characteristics. At that time it was under the direction of People's Artist Murtazin, Zaini and Ushanov. In the summer season of 1924 the Bashkir theatre established close social relations with its working class audiences, systematically making tours of working-class districts and the country-side, and thus acquiring the character of a true mass theatre.

VARIED REPERTORY.

The Bashkir theatre now possesses a large and varied repertoire of original, translated and classical plays. This repertoire includes: plays reflecting the heroic struggle of the Bashkir people for freedom from the tsarist feudal yoke—("Salavat-Klayeg" subject drawn from the history of the Pugachev rising: and "Kara-Gil", founded on police documents). Both these plays are by the Bashkir dramatist and Marxian, D. Yotayev. A play by another Bashkir dramatist—Afzali Tagirov—is entitled "16-30" and depicts the February Revolution, the Kerenski episode, Bolshevik propaganda on the fronts of the Imperialist war, the period of the Oktober Revolution, the Civil War, the revival of national economy, and the reconstruction of industry and agriculture. "Daniil-Chor" (The Great Epoch), by Ishuratov deals with questions of socialist construction, the Five Year Plan and wilful destructiveness. Translated plays include those by Russian revolutionary dramatists: "Revolt", "The Red Sowing", "Scum" and others. Classical plays from Russian and western literature include Gogol's "Inspector-General" and Lope de Vega's "Sheep Fountain".

EDUCATIONAL ASPECT.

At the present time the Bashkir theatre has carried out a great work on rationalisation and reconstruction of the method and system of its activities. It has an Artistic and Political Council and industrial conferences, at which all plays are carefully gone through. All performances dispense with the services of the prompter. The theatre carries on social work in the form of taking villages and the local Red Army under its patronage, and also takes an effective part in the instruction of amateur dramatic circles. Educational work of the theatre's system, and all theatrical workers have declared themselves industrial "shock brigades".

The theatre's workers include some who have completed special theoretical and art course.

There is an Art Technicum in Bashkiria, training up new bodies of art workers. The staff of the Technicum includes M.A. Magadeyev, G.S. Sattarov and others. The Technicum is graduating 15 students this summer, who are already members of the State Theatre's troupes. Practically the whole of the students at the Technicum are proletarians (workers collective farm members, day-labourers, middle and poor peasants) Of these 80 per cent. are members of the Young Communists' League.

The Bashkir National Theatre regards the Olympiad of Arts of the peoples in the Soviet Union as a great historical event and one of the products of the cultural revolution. The political importance of the Olympiad is the greater in that it is against a background of the industrialisation of the land of the Society and the socialist reconstruction of industry and agriculture. The Olympiad is the path to the perfection for the Cultural Five Years Plan. In the theatrical competition the Bashkir National Theatre is showing "Kara-Gil", a play reflecting the history, life and heroism of the Bashkir People and "Fuento-Ovehuna", a performance linking the young national theatre of Bashkiria with general human culture.

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"HAPPY CHICAGO"

:o:

Lady Simon's Love For Negroes

Chicago has an ardent admirer in Lady Simon.

"I love Chicago," she told a "Manchester Guardian" reporter. "It is a fine, well-built, healthy, and happy city. The people go in for lots of bathing all along the shores of the lake and for athletics and games. I saw great changes since I was last there nine years ago. There are such a number of new buildings, many of them beautiful, and very lofty. Chicago is really lovely, and it has become much more important."

"GREEN PASTURES."

Lady Simon went to see the great negro settlement in Chicago and the Howard University for negroes in Washington, and she had the pleasure of meeting Dr. Dubois, the veteran leader of negro progress in America. When in New York she attended a performance of the play "Green Pastures."

"I thought it rather wonderful," she said, "and that it represented the negroes idea of the Deity. The actor who took that part was very good. As a girl I lived in Tennessee and in Georgia," she added, "and I know the negroes very well. That is why I like them. 'Green Pastures' represented exactly what the negro feels about the Deity as a good pal who is with him in all his troubles and looks after him. It would seem natural to the negro that this friend should have a frockcoat and the 'ten-cent seegar.' That is the negro idea of great wealth."

LYNCHING.

Lady Simon did not hesitate to tell her interviewers what she thought about lynching, and she said that several people, after reading that 'Lady Simon denounces lynching," came to thank her. She thought the feeling against it was growing and would increase as Northerners drifted down to the South, where she was told that white labourers are seeking work now that the negro population, so subject to tuberculosis, has become stationary.

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A TOTAL ECLIPSE OF THE SUN.

Its Effects.

(By ZODIAC.)

There are fabulous histories -ur- the Sucura asdipog the among ancient Chaldeans, Chinese, and Hindoo mythology.

Dragons head, and tail are known as Ketu, and Rahu as an ascending, and descending nodes of Moon. At a very early date it was observed that eclipses took place only near the Moons nodes, or the points where it crosses the ecliptic path, and it was taken that the Luminary was swallowed by the above mentioned nodes.

The mythology among Hindoos, tells, that Rahu was one of the demons or Titans who aggressed upon the gods, it was personified with four arms and in the shape of a monstrous dragon with head, and tail. The Ganges, or Ganga (Water) was produced by the Gods churning the Ocean, Dragon disguised himself, and mingling with them continued to drink for having immortality, and he succeeded in his attempt, but unfortunately he was observed by the Sun, and Moon, and Veshnu. The god, cut him into two on their information but as he had possessed immortality, and his body was therefore situated among the stars, for the sake of revenge Rahu swallows the Moon, and Sun when they sufficiently approach near under the ecliptic path of the Zodiac, but as he was cut in half he cannot retain them, and they pass through his body, and emerge again, thus the attack of Rahu is still regarded with terror, and disaster, and the Hindoos satisfy with Alms-giving for the Releasement of Sun, and Moon from the jaws of the Rahu.

Now I wish to emphasise this point by the modern science. An eclipse of the Sun takes place when the Moon being new its opaque body intervenes between the Earth, and Sun, thus shutting off the light of the Sun from a portion of the Earth's surface.

TWO MAIN FACTORS.

On the other hand an eclipse of the Moon takes place when Moon being full and Earth between the Sun, and Moon. The latter becomes involved in the shadow cast by our universe. The Moon, and Earth are spherical bodies, and the Sun of much larger dimensions than either.

The true shadows of Umbra shape. This cone of reflecting shadow surrounded by a region of partial shadow, or Penumbra, from which Sol's light partly intercepts, thus we see that every Full, or New Moon is not an eclipse. It is clear that eclipses depend upon two main factors, thus the recurrence of Lunations and the movement of the Moons nodes, which move backwards at the rate of 19 deg. 15' a year, and therefore an eclipse cycle should be constructed with reference to both these periods; for the accurate results, the mean or average interval between Lunations is 29 days 12 hours 44 minutes, and 2.86 seconds also the 242 Nodiacal rotations of the Moon is nearly equal to the above mentioned revolutions, thus:

(1) 346.63 days by 19 equal 6585.970 days.

(2) 29.53 days by 223 equal 6585.324 days.

(3) 27.212 days by 242 equal 6585.304 days.

Hence to the Saros discovered by the ancient Chaldeans, seven centuries ago before Christian Era is a cycle of 18 years, and 11 1/3 days, Moon will be at the same position with respect to the nodes, and also with respect to the New, and Full Moon, and the Sun within less than one degree of the same position with respect to the node.

A total eclipse of the Sun begins on October the 21st 7 hours 3.9 mins P.M. G.M.T. in longitude 162deg. 34' E and Latitude 12 deg. 18' N. The central eclipse begins October the 21st 8 hours 4.8 minutes, and Latitude 4.17 N. The latter ends on October 21st 11 hours 21.8 minutes P.M. in longitude 72 deg. 6' W and Latitude 48 deg. 0' S.

The former ends October 22nd 0 hours 22.8 minutes A.M. Longitude 90 deg. 18' W. and Latitude 40 deg. 15' E.

The time shows of central eclipse at local apparent Noon October 21st 10 hours 3.7 minutes P.M. Longitude 154 deg. 45' W. and Latitude 36 deg. 6' S. Thus this eclipse occurs with Sun set, and ends at Sun rise on the 21st, and 22nd respectively in the 28 deg. of Libra very close to the great fixed star "Spica Virginis" whose magnitude is 6 deg. 66'. This one is invisible at Greenwich, but observed over Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney, Wellington.

This serious configuration does fall in Libra, the seventh Zodiacal sign and this sign of balance rules over the following countries, Argentina, Austria, Caspian Borders, China, Egypt, India and specially Northern portion, Japan, Livonica, Savoy, Thibet, Vienna Spires Johannasberg, Lisbon, and Leeds.

There shall be every signs in Moon, Sun, and stars for the power of heavens shall be shaken, most probably the countries, Egypt, India, China, Japan, Balkans, and Turkey will feel the effects of this ominous configuration! The effect upon India shall prevail over the Government, and the fall of Labour Government is prognosticated, as the leader of the Government (The Right Honourable James Ramsay MacDonald, Prime Minister of Great Britain) is born under Sun 19 deg. in his detriment in Zodiacal sign Libra, in square to dreadful Mars, and the serious configuration does fall in the same sign. The elevation of Mars on his ascendant, and unusual indication for him, is the elevation of Uranus in mid-heaven in Aries in Mundo square to Jupiter, and opposition to Sun, the stars of Kings, and preserver.

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(2) I have tried your pills on two patients and have been thoroughly satisfied with its marvellous effects.
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Personal interview solicited.

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LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON STATISTICS.

Liverpool, Oct. 4.

The weekly cotton statistics, as compiled by the Statistical Department of the Liverpool Cotton Exchange, are as follows:—

	Season to date	This week	CORRESPONDING Season 1929	Week 1929	
Egyptian Cotton, Visible	——	589	——	279	bales
East Indian Cotton, Visible	——	200	——	209	"
Total Afloat	——	168	——	243	"
American Afloat	——	90	——	118	"
East Indian Afloat	——	8	——	13	"
Takings of American cotton for the season to date by:					
Great Britain	138	20	263	33	"
The Continent	566	83	636	78	"
The Orient, etc.	138	19	181	19	"

All figures are in thousands.

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON STATISTICS.

Liverpool, Oct. 3.

	Season to date	This Week	CORRESPONDING Season 1929-30	Week 1929-30	
Total Imports	241	31	321	43	"
East Indian Imports	43	4	45	.	"
Total Exports	24	3	25	3	"
East Indian Exports	10	3	4	Nil	"
Total Forwarded,	301	37	431	63	"
East Indian Forwarded,	50	4	40	4	"
Total Stock	——	732	——	700	"
East Indian Stock	——	58	——	52	"
Total Sales	——	40,340*	——	42,220*	"
East Indian Sales,	——	5	——	6	"

*Given in full.

AMERICAN WEEKLY COTTON STATISTICS.

New York, Oct. 3.

	Season To date	This Week	CORRESPONDING Season 1929-30	Week 1929-30
Total in sight (excluding linters).	3,359	787	3,499	803
Forwarded to American mills including Canada and other America (excluding linters)	495	122	1,129	234
Exports from U. S. Ports	1,339	310	1,129	305
Of which to Japan	168	29	106	16
Of which to China	35	9	24	2
Of which to Great Britain	184	43	193	74
Of which to Germany	477	112	330	88
Stock at New York,	——	230	——	99
Stock at U. S. Ports	——	2,723	——	1,277
Stock at U. S. Interior towns	——	949	——	727
World's visible supply	——	6,953	——	4,269
Of which American cotton	——	5,151	——	3,106
Forwarded to world's mills (excluding linters)	1,309	238	2,147	365
Receipts at U. S. Ports	2,619	559	2,135	447

N. B.—All figures are in thousands.

AMERICAN COTTON STATISTICS.

Messrs. Patel Bros have issued the following weekly statistics of American Cotton for the week ending 3rd Oct. 1930:—
(In thousands).

	This week	This season	Last season
Brought into Sight	787	3,359	3,499
Receipts at U. S. Ports	559	2,619	2,097
EXPORTS FROM AMERICA.			
To Great Britain	43	222	194
To Continent	229	869	774
To Japan, Canada etc.	38	248	162
Total	310	1,339	1,130
World's Spinners Takings of American Cotton	238	1,309	2,157
DELIVERIES TO SPINNERS.			
Great Britain (All kinds)	37	301	430
VISIBLE SUPPLY.			
Stocks at American Ports		2,723	1,277
Stocks at American Interior Towns		949	727
Stocks in Great Britain and Continent		1,479	1,092
Total		5,151	3,096
Last week		4,600	2,662
Difference on week		plus 551	plus 434
Stock of cotton in Great Britain (All kinds)		732	700

Don't Suffer any longer from the Torture of PILES

Abscess, Fissures.

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Over 100,000 Doctors recommend Recto-Serol. It is obtainable for Rs. 2 or Rs. 11 for six boxes at all time, of all leading Chemists and Stores or from the agents. Write now for "Medical Booklet" and the numerous unsolicited testimonials.

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TO-NIGHT "Queen of the Night Clubs" THIS WEEK

Featuring THE WORLD FAMOUS NIGHT CLUB HOSTESS.

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The Programme Includes Gaumont Sound Gazette and a Two Part All-Talking, Singing, Hilarious Comedy of College Boys.

EVERY DAY AT 6-30 AND 10 P.M. SATURDAY and SUNDAY EXTRA SHOW AT 4 P.M.

WELLINGTON TALKIES DHOBI TALAO.

R. T. C. Likely To Be Adjourned Till May?

—:o:—

COLD WEATHER UNSUITABLE TO INDIAN DELEGATES.

Mr. Jadhav To Introduce Coastal Traffic Bill In Assembly.

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

SIMLA, Oct. 4.

Only 16 out of 105 elected seats for the Legislative Assembly have yet to be filled by election. These include 4 for Burma, which results will not be known till about the end of this month. There is one seat for the Indian Merchants Chamber, Bombay, and other for the Ahmedabad Millowners, Association. Both of these have declared their intention not to elect any representative in the present political temper of the country.

Private information received from Bombay shows that these two commercial bodies will adhere to the boycott policy and their seats will remain vacant in the Assembly. Of the 89 elected, only 3 have been members of the Assembly since the beginnihg of the present constitution, and they are Sir Harisingh Gour, Sjt. K. C Neogy and Sjt. Kabiruddin Ahmed. While there are several "Old-stagers" like Messrs. T. Rangachariar, Jinnah, Sir Hugh Coke, Arthur Moore. Gayaprasad Singh, and B. Das. Most of the others are comparatively new to the Assembly, while a few are absolutely new to politics.

Sir Harisingh Gour, I am informed, is keeping himself busy with his legislative weapons. He has already intimated his intention of reviving all his schemes of social reform during the first session of the New Assembly. There are at least five such Bills standing in his name, which he will reintroduce in the Delhi session during winter.

ABOLITION OF CAPITAL PUNISHMENT.

Mr. Gayaprasad Singh has notified his intention to introduce a bill for the abolition of 'capital punishment'. But the most important piece of news in the field of non-official legislation is that Mr. B. V. Jadhav a non-Brahman leader of Bombay, and a delegate to the Round Table Conference and who is a new member to the Assembly has sent intimation to the effect that he will move for leave to introduce the Coastal Reservation Bill of Mr. S. N. Haji in the form in which it was reported by the Select Committee, and which by mutual agreement was not proceeded with, at the last Delhi Session of the Assembly. Any new Bill requires sanction of the Governor-General before it is introduced, and it is not known whether Mr. Jadhav has obtained it so far. It is not unlikely that discussions at the Round Table Conference might at one stage show definite tendency on the part of those opposed to the bill to see that a bar is imposed on any legislation aimed at, what is regarded by some, as of an ex-proprietory character. However the fact that the Bombay member has intimated his move to proceed with the bill from the point where it was left by Mr. S. N. Haji shows that Indian bodies interested in the progress of the Bill are determined to see it passed.

ADJOURNMENT OF R. T. C.

I have reasons to state that if the R. T. C. does not make much headway before the middle of December, then the conference might be adjourned till about May. Most of the members of the Conference are members of Legislatures in India which commence their Budget sessions by the end of January, and so they have to leave England by the first week of January. There is a feeling in the official circles that the Conference will take a longer period than six weeks to complete the task. The Christmas holidays closely follow, and so instead of adjourning the Conference for a few days and meeting again in the grip of winter which would be unsuitable to the Indian delegates it would be better, so it is thought, to postpone the Conference to some time in May, when weather conditions for Indian Delegates would be ideal. All these are, of course, provisional thoughts and not even plans; as much depends on the nature of the proceedings of the Conference which commences in the second week of November. However the continuation of the Conference in summer is regarded as a great possibility in Simla.

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Flies, Mosquitoes Fleas, Bugs, Cockroaches & many other Household Pests.

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100 per cent. Indian Concern.

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SAMPLE FREE.

Our "Rajvaid Hair Dye" instantaneously turns the white hairs into natural deep black and makes them shining and lastingly jet-black.

This "Rajvaid Hair Dye" is the best, cheapest and easiest in use.

Price One phial Re. 1-2.

Small phial As. 10. postage 1 to 3 phials As. 6.

On remittance of As. 4, a sample phial is sent free of postage.

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Musical Comedy Success with ALAN HALE

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for nourishment and sweet nutty flavour, no imported Oats can compare with Scott's Porage Oats, the finest that even Scotland can produce. Scott's Porage Oats are splendid for strength and vigour grand for brain.

COOKS IN 5 MINUTES.

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GOWALIA TANK.

The Show with unparalleled wide reputation—Bigger, Better and Stronger than ever. Magnificently equipped, modern riding devices and Side-Shows of Every Kind.

Admission to Grounds Annas 2 Only.

BAN ON E. D. SASSOON MILLS.

—:o:—

Boycott Committee's Replies to "Malicious" Propaganda.

CHARGE OF CREATING UNEMPLOYMENT GROUNDLESS.

The Secretary, Boycott Committee, writes:—

The Boycott Committee has issued the following in reply to the leaflet purporting to have been issued by the Board of Deputation of the Clerical Staff, E. D. Sassoon Mills, dated 26th September, 1930:

Our attention has been drawn to the leaflet issued under the signature of the Board of Deputation of the Clerical Staff of the E. D. Sassoon Mills. It is significant that it bears no name of the printer and publisher, or the press at which this leaflet is printed nor have those that are responsible for its issue dared to put down their names to it. This leaflet seems to form part of the anti-Congress propaganda which is being conducted from a source not difficult to trace. Have the Board of Deputation of the E. D. Sassoon Clerks who were so eloquent about their zeal for the country's welfare allowed themselves to be used as pawns in the game or is it that the name 'Board of Deputation' with a high sounding appellation, a hoax?

UNFOUNDED STATEMENTS.

The account given in the leaflet about what took place when the representatives of the Staff met the Committee is untrue. The Clerks' Deputation wee told at great length about the various stages in the ban and they were convinced that there was no warrant in the charges made against the Congress. The statement made in the leaflet that the Sassoons were described by the Secretaries as "proud and irreconcilable" is entirely unfounded. It was only remarked that it was surprising that a man like 'Sir Victor Sassoon who so often advocated the Boycott of Foreign Cloth in his private talks and who has always shouted publicly at the top of his voice that the dumping of Foreign cloth in India is ruining the Textile Industry, should now refuse to give the undertaking not to import or to deal with foreign cloth. It was thus made clear to the Deputation that the Congress is not asking anything from the Mill Agent against the interest of the Industry. It was pointed out that on the other hand the undertaking asked for is of such a nature that the Industry is saved from the evil effects of the ruinous foreign competition. The anti-Congress attitude of the Agent is alone responsible for the refusal to give the desired undertaking. The Deputation were fully convinced of this and they even remarked that while about 400 clerks were being dismissed by he Sassoons, 12 of their European Officers drawing almost as much as the total monthly salaries of these clerks, were retained and no attempts were being made to effect reduction in that direction.

SINKING SMALLER GRIEVANCES.

The report that the Boycott Committee were prepared to lift the ban if some of the Sassoons' representatives give the Committee an oral" undertaking, is another false statement made in the leaflet. Then again there were no such questions and answers as are set out in the said leaflet. The staff at the very outset repeated what was mentioned in the letter to the Chairman that they were always prepared to sink smaller interests in the larger issues involved in the national struggle.

The said leaflet admires the Government for feeding 35,000 people who are rotting in the jail. There is no enlightened system of Government anywhere in the world which should find it necessary to deprive 35,000 citizens (who have the interests of their motherland at their hearts) of their liberty and it is churlish to talk of feeding them at Government expense. It is at the expense of the Indian Tax-payers' own money that they are fed.

In the process of economic readjustments and transference of the trade of the land from non-Indian to Indian hands there is bound to be economic disorganisation during the transitional period. The principle of the Boycott of Foreign Cloth is bound to create a permanent home market for the Indian Textile Industry and thereby enable the Industry to stabilise itself and absorb increasingly large number of hands. So far as the Sassoons are concerned the Committee have long before this repeatedly refuted the charges that the ban had the effect it is sought to be made out, it had, and showed how seventeen Bombay Mills were closed before and how some of the others were not closed on account of the ban. The charge against the Boycott Committee of creating unemployment, therefore, falls to the ground.

PERVERSION OF FACTS.

We are sure the public will judge the issues involved and treat with contempt the reckless and malicious propaganda being carried on against the Congress.

For the Dasara Season

4 Useful Gifts

Made in India by Indians

Sold at all Chemists and Stores

LITTLE'S ORIENTAL BALM

India's First and Best Relief—giver for Aches and Pains

HENRY'S JVARA-HARI

The Best Cure for: Ague, Malaria and Fevers.

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FROM THE RAYS OF THE SUN
Use OUR SUNGLASSES
SPECIALLY MADE FOR US
RESISTS THE BRIGHTEST GLARE
COOLS AND REFRESHES THE EYES
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Protect your Eyes!
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She was the only thing his money couldn't buy—so he followed her to jail to beg her forgiveness, and found the choicest things have no price! If you want to enjoy the fun and frolics, girls and gags, Jazz and dancing—come and see the grand entertainment of this week.

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All in all, here is one picture, taken from every angle—star, story, direction and production, that is bound to find a warm spot in the heart of cinema fans who see it!

RICHARD TALMADGE IN "The Poor Millionaire"

A Thriller from start to finish full of tense situations!

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A Million Laughs!

A SCORE of stars make whoopee in this comedy carnival! It's the funniest Picture and greatest attraction in years!

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WHERE TOWERING PALMS WHISPER SWEET SONGS OF LOVE,
AND BREEZY MOONLIT NIGHTS MAKE YOUNG HEARTS ROVE;

There, in that sunny land of amorous Arabia lived the fairest of the fair damsel Yasmina, with eyes that would intoxicate, and beauty that would tame even a cross rhinoceros. The tropic sun was soothed by her sweet smiles, the turbulent Arabs were tamed by her lustrous eyes. And yet for her they fought and flew at each other's throats.

Director:—PROFULLA GHOSH
Camaraman: GORDHANDAS PATEL
Cast: MISS RAMPIYARI. Pahelwan, Arab Sandow.

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Grippingly dramatic.
Breezy Romance.

Mysterious are Arabian Nights, but still more staggering are the ways of YASMINA, who yearns to unite with one man and languishes for the love of another. The loveladen soul surges like the sand-storms of Sahra and clamours for expression.

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In 12 Magnificent Reels.

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A romance of mediæval India Machiavellian Minister Court cavaliers flashing blades, daredevil deeds, woven round a theme of Love, and chivalry.

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MARY NOLAN.
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AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. MENESSE & CO. will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 15th October, 1930, at 3-30 p.m. at the premises the materials for removal of the following buildings:

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—:o:—

The BONA FIDE SALE; of furniture under instructions of Messrs. Solomon and Co. attorneys for the mortagee and at the risk and on account of the mortagor at his residence at Pully Villa, Labernum Road, New Gamdevi will take place on SUNDAY, the 12th October, 1930, at 10-30 in the morning as previously advertised.

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The above is on view and catalogues are ready.

VORA & CO.,

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—:o:—

AUCTION SALE OF GOLD AND SILVER ORNAMENTS.

Under instructions from the Court Receiver, Bombay, as the Guardian of Bai Kashibai, a minor Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on SATURDAY, the 18th instant at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.) sell by Public Auction at their Rooms Ornaments such as pearl nosering, gold chandan hars, chains with pendants, mala, sankli, hirakadi kanthi, bangles, rings, ear-rings set with ruby and diamonds, kada, etc., silver gajrajpats gajrajpats, chhadi, kandoras, anklets, etc., etc.

The above will be on view 2 days before the sale.

BENNETT & CO.

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The Bombay Chronicle

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BOMBAY SATURDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1930.

Gandhiji As A Student Of Other Religions

—:o:—

"I FOUND FUNDAMENTAL MORALITY IN ALL"

MAHATMA RECALLS EXPERIENCES OF THE PHOENIX ASHRAM

A translation of Gandhiji's discourse this week on 'Tolerance' is given below:—

This subject is so important, that I will dwell upon it a little longer. My meaning will perhaps become clearer, if I describe here some of my experiences. In Phoenix we had our daily prayers in the same way as in Sabarmati, and Musalmans as well as Christians attended them along with Hindus. The late Sheth Rustomji or his children too frequented the prayer meetings. Rustomji Sheth very much liked the Gujarati 'bhajan,' "mane vhalum, etc." "Dear, dear to me is the name of Rama."

HORMAZD INSTEAD OF RAMA.

If my memory serves me right, Maganlal or Kashi was once leading us in singing this hymn. Rustomji Sheth exclaimed in glee, "Say name of Hormazd instead of name of Rama." His suggestion was readily taken up then, and later on whenever the Sheth was present, and sometimes even when he was not, we put in the name of Hormazd in place of Ramanama.

The late Husen, son of the late Daud Sheth often lived at the Phoenix Ashram and enthusiastically joined our prayers. To the accompaniment of an organ he used to sing in a very sweet voice the song 'Aye bahare bagh, etc.'—"the garden of this world has only a momentary bloom." He taught us all this song which we also sang at prayers. Its inclusion in our "Bhajanavali" is a tribute to truth-loving Husen's memory. I have never met a young man who practised Truth more devotedly than Husen did.

A CHRISTIAN JOINS.

Joseph Royeppen often came to Phoenix. He was a Christian and his favourite hymn was "Vaishnava jana, etc."—"He is a Vaishnava (servant of the Lord), who succours people in distress." He loved music and once sang this hymn, saying "Christein" in place of "Vaishnava." The others accepted his readings with alacrity, and I observed that this filled his heart with joy.

When I was turning over the pages of the sacred books of different faiths for my own satisfaction, I became familiar sufficiently for my purpose with Christianity, Islam, Zoroastrianism, Judaism and Hinduism. In reading these texts I can say that I was equiminded towards all these faiths although perhaps I was not then conscious of it.

IN A SPIRIT REVERENCE.

Refreshing my memory of those days, I do not find I ever had the slightest desire to criticise any of those religions, but read each sacred book in a spirit of reverence and found the same fundamental morality in each. Some things I did not understand then, and do not understand even now but experience has taught me that it is a mistake hastily to imagine that any thing that we can not understand is necessarily wrong.

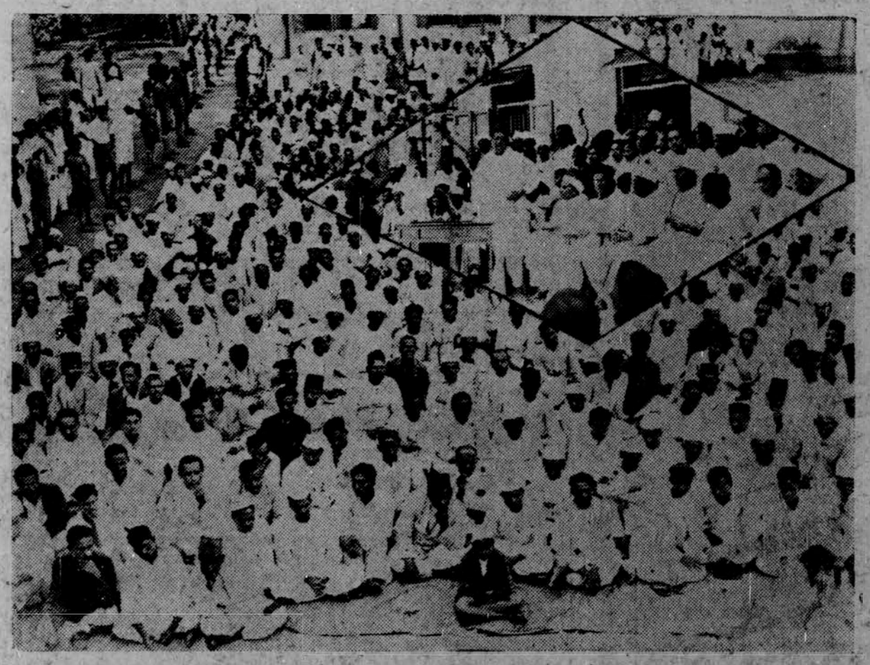
Some things which I did not understand at first have since become as clear as daylight. Equimindedness helps us to solve many difficulties, and even when we find fault with anything, we express ourselves with a humility and courtesy which leave no sting behind them.

LOVE AND HATE.

One difficulty perhaps remains there still. As I said last time, the distinction between religion and irreligion remains here undisturbed, and we do not propose to cultivate toleration for irreligion. That being so, some one might object, that there would be no room left for equimindedness if every one took his own decision as to what was religion and what was irreligion. There is a possibility of this decision being incorrect. But if we follow the law of love, we will not bear any hatred: for even when we find some one practising what we think is irreligion, we shall continue to love him, and therefore either we will bring him to see the error of his ways, or he will point out our error, or each will tolerate the other's difference of opinion.

The other party may not observe the law of love and may be violent to us, but if we cherish real love for him, there is no doubt that our sweetness will overcome his bitterness in the end. All obstacles in our path will vanish if only we observe the golden rule that even for the faults of others we must not inflict suffering upon them but must suffer in our own person.

LAHORE SENTENCES CONDEMNED.



Bombay Youth Leaguers gathered in their thousands at the Congress House to hear Mr. Sen-Gupta condemning the sentence on Sardar Bhagat Singh and Sukhdev and Rajguru (Inset) Mr. Sen-Gupta addressing.

PUBLIC HOMAGE TO R-101 VICTIMS.

—:o:—

Funeral Procession's Route.

20,000 Applications To Attend Memorial Service.

LONDON, Oct. 9.

Rugby.—To-morrow from eight in the morning until ten at night the public will pass through Westminster Hall paying silent homage to the bodies of R-101 victims lying in state there. The funeral procession that morning from Westminster to Euston station will pass through the heart of London.

For memorial service to be held at St. Paul's at noon over 20,000 applications have already been received. There are seats for only 5,000 although all possible extra accommodation is being arranged. The Prince of Wales will represent the King. He will also proceed to Cardinyton, Bedford, and walk with the Premier in the procession taking victims to their resting place.

ENQUIRY COMMISSION BUSY.

The Commission of Inquiry is continuing its researches into the causes of the R-101 disaster. All access to the wreck by the public has been prohibited. No announcement will be made until the Commission has reported to the authorities.—B. O. W.

Depressed Class Conference.

ALLAHABAD, October 10.

The Eigth Session of the All-India Depressed Classes Conference will be be held at Allahabad during the first week of November under the presidency of Mr. B. C. Mandal of Calcutta.

Mr. and Mrs. Sen-Gupta in the Bombay War Council Chamber, alongwith the President, Mrs. Munshi and Mr. Nariman.

SEVERE HUNGER STRIKE IN HYDERABAD JAIL.

—:o:—

Political Prisoners Demand Human Treatment

INTERVIEWS GIVEN BEHIND PRISON BARS?

Congress Secretary Charged With Sedition

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, Oct. 8.

Great indignation and excitement prevails in Hyderabad owing to the bad treatment of political prisoners in Hyderabad Jail, owing to which prisoners of all classes have gone on hunger-strike which commenced on the 30th September. The political prisoners number about 70, some of whom had already been reduced much in weight owing to hard work being given to them and have been admitted in the hospital. The condition of four is reported to be serious.

The Presidents of two leading Indian mercantile bodies, viz., the Karachi Indian Merchants' Association and the Karachi Buyers and Shippers' Chamber have wired to the Home Member of the Bombay Government, urging him to take immediate steps in this connection. It is alleged that the District Magistrate and Jail officials are adamant. A deputation of various communities is reported to have waited upon the District Magistrate to-day.

ALLEGED INSULTING TREATMENT.

The demands of the political prisoners are: (1) that they should be separated from ordinary prisoners, (2) that they should be given human treatment, (3) they should not be made to put off shoes at the time of the approach of the Superintendent, (4) they should be given bigger towels sufficient to cover the upper part of their legs at the time of bath, instead of small napkins as at present, (5) that no grinding work should be taken from them, (6) that they should be allowed interviews in the jail office and not through the bars of windows of the gate as at present, and lastly clean bread and vegetable be given to them. As a protest against this sort of treatment in the jail, public of Hyderabad are declaring a 'hartal' and also to observe a sympathetic fast to-morrow. A big procession with black flags will be taken to-morrow evening.

The partial hunger-strike, i.e., refusal of eating bad vegetable by 200 prisoners in the Karachi Jail, has now ended, as conditions have been improved and all rights of the 'A' and 'B' class of prisoners have been restored to them.

Sjt. Mulji V. Narsi, Secretary, Sind Foreign Cloth Boycott Committee and a big merchant in Jubbulpore and Bombay, and Sjt. Shewak B. Motwani, a student, have been shifted to the 'B' class from the 'C' class under orders from Bombay Government, to whom representations have been made by the Karachi Mercantile Associations.

It is learnt that orders for the release of Manikrai, a political prisoner who lost 58 lbs. in Hyderabad Jail have been passed.

BOYCOTTING KING'S BIRTHDAY PARADE.

Another case under section 124 A, has been filed against Parsram V. Tahilramani, Secretry, Sind Satyagrah Committee who is undergoing 6 months' imprisonment in the Karachi jail. The present case is in respect of an appeal issued by the accused to boycott the last King's Birthday Parade at Karachi which consequently was attended only by a few Indians and therefore was not a success as before. It is learnt that strong criticism in this connection was made in the London Press and the present prosecution is reported to be under instructions from Whitehall. The case was tried yesterday in the jail when charges were framed against the accused who took no part in the proceedings. The matter is postponed to 18th October.

Two volunteers, Fahilrom Bhagnani and Pumanmal Trikamji were also tried yesterday in jail under the Salt Actt and Anti-Picketing Ordinance, respectively, and sentenced to 3 months' rigorous each. The former had been auctioning contraband salt openly while the latter picketed a liquor shop in the Cantonment. He had also taken part in the raid at Dharasana, where he was badly injured and had grown unconscious for a long period.

One more arrest was made of Seth Shivandas Khilandas, supervisor of liquor picketers in the Cantonment area, last evening under the Picketing Ordinance. The accused was a wealthy local merchant, and therefore the local Grain, Seeds, and Cotton Markets, both ready and forward, were closed to-day.

LONDON PRESS ON MR. BENNETT'S "CHALLENGING PROPOSALS."

"Dominions In Favour Of Reciprocal Tariff Preference."

—"THE TIMES."

"TARIFFS NO REMEDY FOR OUR ECONOMIC ILLS."

—"DAILY HERALD."

"Stampeding Country Into A Drastic Change In Fiscal System."

—MINISTER ALEXANDER.

LONDON, Oct. 9.

Rugby.—Proceedings at yesterday's plenary session of the Imperial Conference are subject of discussion in leading articles in all newspapers.

The "Times" regrets that Mr. Thomas' speech which gave an admirable summary of the problems before the Conference, offered no contribution to their solution. The Canadian proposals and support given to them by other Dominions speakers, however, have left no doubt that every Dominion is ready and anxious for wide extension of economic co-operation within the Empire, and is convinced that the most effective, if not the only practicable method, of securing this co-operation is to be found in the system of reciprocal tariff preferences. Speeches have cleared the air and Mr Bennett's proposal put before the British Government and the British people an issue which can no longer be evaded or postponed.

The "Manchester Guardian" condemns the tariff preference proposals on Imperial and economic grounds. It believes that the scheme of the kind proposed by Mr. Bennett would not conduce to harmonious relations within the Empire; while it would involve Britain in the reversal of her whole fiscal policy by setting up a system of tariffs to which she has hitherto been opposed and imposing of a tax on food supplies of her people. It regards the proposal as impossible of acceptance.

The "Daily Telegraph" calls upon the Prime Minister to reply to Mr. Bennett's challenging proposals, and urges Government to accept his inspirting lead. There can be no further excuse for misunderstanding the Dominion policy. They are ready to dig deeper the existing channels of Imperial preference if Great Britain would adopt Imperial preference in its full implications as a permanent and established principle of fiscal policy.

The "Daily Herald" says that tariffs are no remedy for our economic ills.

The "Morning Post" says that the proposals constitute an offer so promising that Government incur very heavy responsibility if they refuse it.

The "Daily News" says that Mr. Bennett's offer in its present form seems to have no relation at all to facts of the situation.

The "Daily Mail" and the "Daily Express" consider Mr. Bennett's offer as of first-rate importance declaring that in Empire preference lies the chief hope of solving the present problems.

CO-OPERATION COMMITTEE APPOINTED.

Heads of delegations to the Imperial Conference this morning exchanged views on the proposals which were made at yesterday's plenary session on the subject of economic aspects in Inter-Imperial relations. It was proposed, later, to set up a committee on Imperial economic co-operation.—B. O. W.

Tories To Formulate Their Own Proposals.

—:o:—

LONDON, Oct. 9.

Mr. Baldwin has issued a statement in which he says that the Conservative Party, guided by the views expressed at the Imperial Conference on Wednesday, will furmulate its own proposals for carrying out the principle of Imperial Preference and submit them to the people at the next election for their final and definite assent.

MINISTER ALEXANDER'S DENUNCIATION.

Simultaneously with Mr. Baldwin's acceptance of the Imperial Preference, Minister Alexander, in a significant speech at Leicester, denounced tariffs and declared that an attempt was being made to exploit the Imperial Conference in order to stampede the country into a drastic change in the fiscal system.—Reuter.

DEVELOPMENT OF INTER-IMPERIAL TRADE.

—:o:—

LONDON, Oct. 9.

Rugby.—Heads of the delegations to the Imperial Conference began to-day exchange of views on the suggestions for the development of inter-Imperial trade. Proposals designed to this end will receive careful study. It is understood that the suggestions made during yesterday's plenary session on the Economic questions do not by any means exhaust the stock of ideas which the delegates will consider and analyse. Lord Sankey's committee which was dealing with various constitutional questions to-day, discussed the question of the Governors-General and Communications Committee examined the question of establishing in the United Kingdom a wireless station capable of broadcasting throughout the whole Empire through which, if decided upon, British Broad, casting Corporation would provide programmes and news bulletins.—B. O. W.

SIR JOHN'S GUSHING SYMPATHY FOR INDIA?

Pleads For Solicitude And Insight Before Dominion Delegates.

LONDON, October 10.

Proposing the toast of India at the Chamber of Commerce banquet to the delegates to the Imperial Conference, Sir John Simon, who received remarkable ovation, bespoke the interest and sympathy of the Dominions' statesmen to the prodigious problem of India with a population thirteen times as great as the Dominions put together, and the complication of the questions calling for the best efforts of clearest minds and the most sympathetic hearts in the Empire. It was a destiny of history that the partnership between Britain and India should not be broken. The real task was to ascertain, with sympathy and insight, how best to help the immense Indian Continent further to advance along constitutional avenues which all men of goodwill desired to see her follow.

BLUNDER OF BOTH PARTIES.

Sir Muhammad Shafi, replying, explained the reasons which had led him to co-operate with the Simon Commission. He described the grave blunder of the British Government's exclusion of Indian representatives from the Commission, but India was not justified in committing an equal blunder of not co-operating with it. Secondly, he was a lifelong believer that India's future lay within the British Commonwealth. Eulogising India's military services to Britain, Sir Muhammad declared that a contented India would still be ready to supply millions from martial races, should occasion arise. It was true that at the present day there was much unrest; but it was the unrest which every country was suffering from under post-war conditions. He appealed in the name of 320 millions of his fellow subjects that the Indian problem should be handled with courage and sympathy.—Reuter.

SCHOOLBOYS ACQUITTED OF DISORDERLY BEHAVIOUR

—:o:—

Conflicting Statements Of Police Constables

Two school boys, one from the Robert Money School and another from the Gokhale Education Society's School, together with a newspaper seller, were charged with disorderly mehaviour by the police before a bench of Hon. Presidency Magistrate consisting of Mr. B. S. Turkhad and Dr. Jadhavji Hansaraj, who acquitted the accused remarking that the prosecution evidence was conflicting in convicing and contradictory, and it would not be safe to convict the accused.

The facts of the case are that at about 4-30 p.m. on the 15th September last, a police constable arrested a hawker near Girgaon Back Road. Gajanan Shantaram, accused No. 1 who is a student of the Robert Money School asked the constable as to what business he had to arrest the hawker and seized him by the belt. Accused No. 2 Ashok Vinayak a student of the Gokhalay Education Society's school joined the first accused and a crowd collected. In the meantime Narayan Vithal, a newspaper seller who happened to be there was also arrested. Seeing a big crowd two more constables arrived on the scene and marched the accused to the Lamington Road Police Station where they alleged that the accused were shouting "Pili Paghdi Hai Hai."

The defence of the accused was that while they were going along the Girgaon Back Road, one of the constables, slapped a Congress volunteer. As they remonstrated with the constable, they were arrested. In the evidence, one of the constables said that he was surrounded by a crowd of about a thousand persons while another constable said that the crowd was hardly of fifty persons. Under the circumstances, the court acquitted the accused with the above remarks.

DR. TAGORE IN NEW YORK.

—:o:—

On Three Months' Lecture Tour.

LONDON, Oct. 9.

New York—Dr. Rabindranoth Tagore has arrived on three months' lecture tour.—Reuter.

DHOLERA LEADER JAILED AGAIN.

—:o:—

(Through Dholera Satyagraha Samiti.)

RANPUR, Oct. 7.

Mr. Popatlal Hargovindas Mehta, a Kapole Bania of Gamph and one of the leading workers of Dholera Satyagraha Samiti, was to-day sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment and Rs. 50 fine, in default 2 months for the second offence of making a speech at Barwala on the 13th ultimo.

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